SECTION 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name: Alendronate / Vitamin D Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier’s details
Company: Organon & Co.
Address: 30 Hudson Street, 33nd floor
          Jersey City, New Jersey, U.S.A 07302
Telephone: 551-430-6000
Emergency telephone: 215-631-6999
E-mail address: EHSSTEWARD@organon.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use: Pharmaceutical

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification
Acute toxicity (Oral): Category 4
Skin irritation: Category 2
Serious eye damage: Category 1
Reproductive toxicity: Category 2
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure: Category 3
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure: Category 2 (Bone, Stomach, Kidney)
Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard: Category 3

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms:
Signal Word: Danger
Hazard Statements: H302 Harmful if swallowed.
                  H315 Causes skin irritation.
                  H318 Causes serious eye damage.
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Alendronate / Vitamin D Formulation

Precautionary Statements:

**Prevention:**
- P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
- P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
- P260 Do not breathe dust.
- P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
- P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
- P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
- P273 Avoid release to the environment.
- P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

**Response:**
- P301 + P312 + P330 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth.
- P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
- P304 + P340 + P312 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor if you feel unwell.
- P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.
- P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
- P332 + P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
- P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

**Storage:**
- P405 Store locked up.

**Disposal:**
- P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards which do not result in classification:
May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.

**SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance / Mixture</th>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cellulose</td>
<td>≥ 30 - &lt; 50</td>
<td>9004-34-6</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alendronate</td>
<td>≥ 25 - &lt; 30</td>
<td>121268-17-5</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice: In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

If inhaled: If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact: In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn. Get medical attention immediately.

If swallowed: If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed: Harmful if swallowed. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye damage. May cause respiratory irritation. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Protection of first-aiders: First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician: Treat symptomatically and supportively.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media: Water spray
Alcohol-resistant foam
Carbon dioxide (CO2)
Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media: None known.

Specific hazards during firefighting: Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a potential dust explosion hazard. Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion products: Carbon oxides
Nitrogen oxides (NOx)
Phosphorus compounds
Metal oxides
Specific extinguishing methods:
Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so. Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters:
In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal protective equipment.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:
Use personal protective equipment. Follow safe handling advice and personal protective equipment recommendations.

Environmental precautions:
Discharge into the environment must be avoided. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:
Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal. Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces with compressed air). Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable. Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures:
Static electricity may accumulate and ignite suspended dust causing an explosion. Provide adequate precautions, such as electrical grounding and bonding, or inert atmospheres.

Local/Total ventilation:
If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation.

Advice on safe handling:
Do not get on skin or clothing. Do not breathe dust. Do not swallow. Do not get in eyes. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment. Keep container tightly closed. Already sensitized individuals should consult their physician regarding working with respiratory irritants or sensitizers.
Minimize dust generation and accumulation.
Keep container closed when not in use.
Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.
Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Conditions for safe storage:
- Keep in properly labeled containers.
- Store locked up.
- Keep tightly closed.
- Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place.
- Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid:
- Do not store with the following product types:
  - Strong oxidizing agents

### SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### Ingredients with workplace control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cellulose</td>
<td>9004-34-6</td>
<td>CMP</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>AR OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Further information: Irritation</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alendronate</td>
<td>121268-17-5</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>20 µg/m³ (OEB 3)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Wipe limit</td>
<td>200 µg/100 cm²</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Colecalciferol</td>
<td>67-97-0</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>5 µg/m³ (OEB 4)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Wipe limit</td>
<td>50 µg/100 cm²</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Engineering measures:
All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment. Containment technologies suitable for controlling compounds are required to control at source and to prevent migration of the compound to uncontrolled areas (e.g., open-face containment devices). Minimize open handling.

#### Personal protective equipment

**Respiratory protection:** If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.
- **Filter type:** Particulates type

**Hand protection:** Chemical-resistant gloves

**Eye protection:**
- **Material:** Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.
- **Remarks:** Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.
Skin and body protection: Work uniform or laboratory coat. Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces. Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially contaminated clothing.

Hygiene measures: If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

**SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

- **Appearance**: powder
- **Color**: off-white
- **Odor**: odorless
- **Odor Threshold**: No data available
- **pH**: No data available
- **Melting point/freezing point**: No data available
- **Initial boiling point and boiling range**: No data available
- **Flash point**: Not applicable
- **Evaporation rate**: Not applicable
- **Flammability (solid, gas)**: May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.
- **Flammability (liquids)**: No data available
- **Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit**: No data available
- **Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit**: No data available
- **Vapor pressure**: Not applicable
- **Relative vapor density**: Not applicable
- **Relative density**: No data available
SAFETY DATA SHEET
Alendronate / Vitamin D Formulation

Density
Solubility(ies)
- Water solubility
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water
Autoignition temperature
Decomposition temperature
Viscosity
- Viscosity, kinematic
Explosive properties
Oxidizing properties
Particle size

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY
Reactivity
Chemical stability
Possibility of hazardous reactions
Conditions to avoid
Incompatible materials
Hazardous decomposition products

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION
Information on likely routes of exposure
Acute toxicity
Harmful if swallowed.
Product:
Acute oral toxicity
Method: Calculation method

Components:
Cellulose:
Acute oral toxicity
LD50 (Rat): > 5.000 mg/kg
Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): > 5.8 mg/l  
Exposure time: 4 h  
Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rabbit): > 2.000 mg/kg  

**Alendronate:**
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 552 - 626 mg/kg  
LD50 (Mouse): 966 - 1.280 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity: Remarks: No data available

Acute dermal toxicity: Remarks: No data available

**Colecalciferol:**
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat, male): 35 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity: Acute toxicity estimate: 0,05 mg/l  
Exposure time: 4 h  
Test atmosphere: dust/mist  
Method: Expert judgment

Acute dermal toxicity: Acute toxicity estimate: 50 mg/kg  
Method: Expert judgment

**Skin corrosion/irritation**
Causes skin irritation.

**Components:**

**Alendronate:**
Species: Rabbit  
Remarks: Severe skin irritation

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**
Causes serious eye damage.

**Components:**

**Alendronate:**
Species: Rabbit  
Result: Severe irritation

**Colecalciferol:**
Species: Rabbit  
Result: No eye irritation

**Respiratory or skin sensitization**

**Skin sensitization**
Not classified based on available information.
Respiratory sensitization
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Alendronate:
Remarks: No data available

Colecalciferol:
Test Type: Maurer optimisation test
Routes of exposure: Skin contact
Species: Guinea pig
Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Cellulose:
Genotoxicity in vitro:
- Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  Result: negative
- Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
  Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo:
- Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
  Species: Mouse
  Application Route: Ingestion
  Result: negative

Alendronate:
Genotoxicity in vitro:
- Test Type: Alkaline elution assay
  Test system: rat hepatocytes
  Result: negative
- Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation
  Result: negative
- Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
  Result: negative
- Test Type: Chromosomal aberration
  Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells
  Result: equivocal

Genotoxicity in vivo:
- Test Type: Chromosomal aberration
  Species: Mouse
  Result: negative

Colecalciferol:
SAFETY DATA SHEET
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Genotoxicity in vitro:
- Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
  Result: equivocal
- Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 476
  Result: negative
- Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 473
  Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo:
- Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
  Species: Rat
  Application Route: Ingestion
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 474
  Result: negative
- Test Type: In vivo mammalian alkaline comet assay
  Species: Rat
  Application Route: Ingestion
  Result: positive

Germ cell mutagenicity assessment:
- Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ cell mutagen.

Carcinogenicity:
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Cellulose:
- Species: Rat
- Application Route: Ingestion
- Exposure time: 72 weeks
- Result: negative

Alendronate:
- Species: Rat, male
- Application Route: Oral
- Exposure time: 2 Years
  - 1 mg/kg body weight
  - 3,75 mg/kg body weight
- Target Organs: Thyroid
- Remarks: The mechanism or mode of action may not be relevant in humans.

Reproductive toxicity:
Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Components:
Cellulose:
Effects on fertility:
Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

Effects on fetal development:
Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

Alendronate:
Effects on fertility:
Test Type: Fertility
Species: Rat, male and female
Application Route: Oral
Fertility: NOAEL: 5 mg/kg body weight
Result: Animal testing did not show any effects on fertility.

Effects on fetal development:
Test Type: Development
Species: Rat, female
Application Route: Oral
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 1 - 15 mg/kg body weight
Symptoms: Reduced number of viable fetuses., Reduced body weight, Skeletal malformations.
Result: Embryotoxic effects and adverse effects on the offspring were detected.

Test Type: Development
Species: Rabbit, female
Application Route: Oral
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 40 mg/kg body weight
Result: No adverse effects.

Reproductive toxicity assessment:
Some evidence of adverse effects on development, based on animal experiments.

STOT-single exposure
May cause respiratory irritation.

Components:
Alendronate:
Assessment: May cause respiratory irritation.

STOT-repeated exposure
May cause damage to organs (Bone, Stomach, Kidney) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Components:
Alendronate:
Target Organs: Bone, Stomach, Kidney
Assessment: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
## Components:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Application Route</th>
<th>Exposure time</th>
<th>NOAEL</th>
<th>LOAEL</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>Intravenous</td>
<td>53 Weeks</td>
<td>2.5 mg/kg</td>
<td>&gt; 2.5 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dog</td>
<td>Oral</td>
<td>53 Weeks</td>
<td>0.01 mg/kg</td>
<td>4 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>90 Days</td>
<td>2 mg/kg</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Colecalciferol**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Application Route</th>
<th>Exposure time</th>
<th>NOAEL</th>
<th>LOAEL</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>Ingestion</td>
<td>90 Days</td>
<td>0.06 mg/kg</td>
<td>0.3 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Cellulose**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Application Route</th>
<th>Exposure time</th>
<th>NOAEL</th>
<th>LOAEL</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>Ingestion</td>
<td>90 Days</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Aspiration toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

### Repeated dose toxicity

**Alendronate**

- **Rat**
  - Application Route: Intravenous
  - Exposure time: 53 Weeks
  - NOAEL: 2.5 mg/kg
  - LOAEL: > 2.5 mg/kg

- **Dog**
  - Application Route: Oral
  - Exposure time: 53 Weeks
  - NOAEL: 0.01 mg/kg
  - LOAEL: 4 mg/kg

**Colecalciferol**

- **Rat**
  - Application Route: Ingestion
  - Exposure time: 90 Days
  - NOAEL: 0.06 mg/kg
  - LOAEL: 0.3 mg/kg

**Cellulose**

- **Rat**
  - Application Route: Ingestion
  - Exposure time: 90 Days
  - NOAEL: 0.06 mg/kg
  - LOAEL: 0.3 mg/kg

**Method**

OECD Test Guideline 408
Experience with human exposure

**Components:**

**Alendronate:**

- **Inhalation**: Symptoms: respiratory tract irritation
- **Skin contact**: Symptoms: Severe irritation, skin blistering
- **Eye contact**: Symptoms: Severe irritation
- **Ingestion**: Symptoms: Gastrointestinal disturbance, musculoskeletal pain

### SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### Ecotoxicity

**Components:**

**Cellulose:**

- **Toxicity to fish**: LC50 (Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka)): > 100 mg/l
  Exposure time: 48 h
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Alendronate:**

- **Toxicity to fish**: LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 27 mg/l
  Exposure time: 96 h
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

- **LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 1.000 mg/l**
  Exposure time: 96 h
  Method: FDA 4.11

- **Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates**: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 170 mg/l
  Exposure time: 48 h
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

- **Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants**: ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 10 mg/l
  Exposure time: 72 h
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

  NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 4 mg/l
  Exposure time: 72 h
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

- **Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)**: NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 1,1 mg/l
  Exposure time: 32 d
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 210

  LOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 1,9 mg/l
  Exposure time: 32 d
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 210

- **Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)**: NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 4,7 mg/l
  Exposure time: 21 d
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 211
Colecalciferol:
Toxicity to fish: LL50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants: EL50 (Scenedesmus capricornutum (fresh water algae)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Persistence and degradability

Components:

Cellulose:
Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable.

Alendronate:
Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 70,3 %
Exposure time: 7 d

Stability in water: Degradation half life (DT50): 375 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 111

Colecalciferol:
Biodegradability: Result: Not readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: <= 7 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301C

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Alendronate:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: -1,73

Colecalciferol:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: > 6,2
Method: OECD Test Guideline 107

Mobility in soil
No data available
OTHER ADVERSE EFFECTS
No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods
- Waste from residues: Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
- Contaminated packaging: Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations
- UNRTDG: Not regulated as a dangerous good
- IATA-DGR: Not regulated as a dangerous good
- IMDG-Code: Not regulated as a dangerous good

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable for product as supplied.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
- Argentina. Carcinogenic Substances and Agents Registry: Not applicable
- Control of precursors and essential chemicals for the preparation of drugs: Not applicable

International Regulations
The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:
- AICS: not determined
- DSL: not determined
- IECSC: not determined

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information
Sources of key data used to compile the Material Safety Data Sheet: Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agency...
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Alendronate / Vitamin D Formulation

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
AR OEL : Argentina. Occupational Exposure Limits

ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average
AR OEL / CMP : TLV (Threshold Limit Value)

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user’s end product, if applicable.

AR / Z8