1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Chemical product name : Betamethasone (0.05%) Lotion Formulation

Supplier’s company name, address and phone number
Company name of supplier : Organon & Co.
Address : 30 Hudson Street, 33nd floor
Jersey City, New Jersey, U.S.A 07302
Telephone : 551-430-6000
E-mail address : EHSSTEWARD@organon.com
Emergency telephone number : 215-631-6999

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use : Pharmaceutical

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification of chemical product
Flammable liquids : Category 2
Serious eye damage/eye irritation : Category 2A
Reproductive toxicity : Category 1B
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure : Category 3
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure : Category 1 (Pituitary gland, Immune system, muscle, thymus gland, Blood, Adrenal gland)
Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard : Category 1

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms : 
Signal word : Danger
Hazard statements : H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H360D May damage the unborn child.
H372 Causes damage to organs (Pituitary gland, Immune sys-
Betamethasone (0.05%) Lotion Formulation

Precautionary statements:

**Prevention:**
- P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
- P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
- P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
- P233 Keep container tightly closed.
- P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.
- P242 Use non-sparking tools.
- P243 Take action to prevent static discharges.
- P260 Do not breathe mist or vapours.
- P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
- P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
- P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
- P273 Avoid release to the environment.
- P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

**Response:**
- P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.
- P304 + P340 + P312 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.
- P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
- P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
- P337 + P313 IF eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
- P391 Collect spillage.

**Storage:**
- P403 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
- P405 Store locked up.

**Disposal:**
- P501 Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards which do not result in classification:

Important symptoms and outlines of the emergency assumed:

- Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Betamethasone (0.05%) Lotion Formulation

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance / Mixture</th>
<th>Mixture</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

### Components

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
<th>ENCS No.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Propan-2-ol</td>
<td>67-63-0</td>
<td>&gt;= 30 - &lt; 40</td>
<td>2-207</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Polyacrylic acid</td>
<td>9003-01-4</td>
<td>&gt;= 0.1 - &lt; 1</td>
<td>6-898</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>betamethasone</td>
<td>378-44-9</td>
<td>&gt;= 0.025 - &lt; 0.1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

**General advice**: In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

**If inhaled**: If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention.

**In case of skin contact**: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

**In case of eye contact**: In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn. Get medical attention.

**If swallowed**: If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

**Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**: Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May damage the unborn child. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

**Protection of first-aiders**: First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

**Notes to physician**: Treat symptomatically and supportively.

### 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

**Suitable extinguishing media**: Water spray
- Alcohol-resistant foam
- Carbon dioxide (CO2)
- Dry chemical

**Unsuitable extinguishing media**: High volume water jet

**Specific hazards during firefighting**: Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire. Flash back possible over considerable distance. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.
Hazardous combustion products: Carbon oxides

Specific extinguishing methods:
- Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
- Use water spray to cool unopened containers.
- Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.
- Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment for firefighters:
- In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
- Use personal protective equipment.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:
- Remove all sources of ignition.
- Ventilate the area.
- Use personal protective equipment.
- Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

Environmental precautions:
- Avoid release to the environment.
- Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
- Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers).
- Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.
- Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:
- Non-sparking tools should be used.
- Soak up with inert absorbent material.
- Suppress (knock down) gases/vapours/mists with a water spray jet.
- For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container.
- Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent.
- Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable.
- Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling
- Technical measures: See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.
- Local/Total ventilation: If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation.
  - Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating and lighting equipment.
Advice on safe handling:
- Do not get on skin or clothing.
- Do not breathe mist or vapours.
- Do not swallow.
- Do not get in eyes.
- Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
- Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment.
- Non-sparking tools should be used.
- Keep container tightly closed.
- Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
- Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
- Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
- Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Avoidance of contact:
- Oxidizing agents

Hygiene measures:
- If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place.
- When using do not eat, drink or smoke.
- Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.
- The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

**Storage**

Conditions for safe storage:
- Keep in properly labelled containers.
- Store locked up.
- Keep tightly closed.
- Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place.
- Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.
- Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Materials to avoid:
- Do not store with the following product types:
  - Oxidizing solids
  - Oxidizing liquids

Packaging material:
- Unsuitable material: None known.

**8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

**Threshold limit value and permissible exposure limits for each component in the work environment**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Propan-2-ol</td>
<td>67-63-0</td>
<td>ACL</td>
<td>200 ppm</td>
<td>JP OEL ISHL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>OEL-C</td>
<td>400 ppm 980 mg/m3</td>
<td>JP OEL JSOH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>200 ppm</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>400 ppm</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>betamethasone</td>
<td>378-44-9</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>1 µg/m3 (OEB 4)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Further information: Skin

| Wipe limit | 10 µg/100 cm² | Internal |

### Biological occupational exposure limits

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Target substance</th>
<th>Biological specimen</th>
<th>Sampling time</th>
<th>Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Propan-2-ol</td>
<td>67-63-0</td>
<td>Acetone</td>
<td>Urine</td>
<td>End of shift at end of work-week</td>
<td>40 mg/l</td>
<td>ACGIH BEI</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Engineering measures

All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment. Essentially no open handling permitted. Use closed processing systems or containment technologies. If handled in a laboratory, use a properly designed biosafety cabinet, fume hood, or other containment device if the potential exists for aerosolization. If this potential does not exist, handle over lined trays or benchtops.

Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating and lighting equipment.

### Personal protective equipment

**Respiratory protection**

If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

**Filter type**

Organic vapour type

**Hand protection**

Chemical-resistant gloves

**Remarks**

Consider double gloving. Take note that the product is flammable, which may impact the selection of hand protection.

**Eye protection**

Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.

If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.

Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

**Skin and body protection**

Work uniform or laboratory coat.

Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces.

Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially contaminated clothing.

### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

**Physical state**

Lotion

**Colour**

No data available
Odour : No data available
Odour Threshold : No data available
Melting point/freezing point : No data available
Boiling point, initial boiling point and boiling range : No data available
Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable
Flammability (liquids) : No data available

Lower explosion limit and upper explosion limit / flammability limit
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit : No data available
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit : No data available

Flash point : 21.4 °C

Decomposition temperature : No data available
pH : No data available
Evaporation rate : No data available
Auto-ignition temperature : No data available
Viscosity
Viscosity, kinematic : No data available

Solubility(ies)
Water solubility : No data available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : Not applicable

Vapour pressure : No data available
Density and/or relative density
Relative density : No data available

Density : No data available
Relative vapour density : No data available

Explosive properties : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.
8 / 18

Molecular weight  : No data available

Particle characteristics
Particle size  : Not applicable

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity  : Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
Chemical stability  : Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions  : Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
                                   Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.
                                   Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

Conditions to avoid  : Heat, flames and sparks.
Incompatible materials  : Oxidizing agents
Hazardous decomposition products  : No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure  : Inhalation
                                           Skin contact
                                           Ingestion
                                           Eye contact

Acute toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Propan-2-ol:
Acute oral toxicity  : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
Acute inhalation toxicity  : LC50 (Rat): > 25 mg/l
                          Exposure time: 6 h
                          Test atmosphere: vapour
Acute dermal toxicity  : LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg

Polyacrylic acid:
Acute oral toxicity  : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
Acute dermal toxicity  : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Betamethasone:
Acute oral toxicity  : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
                      LD50 (Mouse): > 4,500 mg/kg
Acute inhalation toxicity  : LC50 (Rat): 0.4 mg/l
                          Exposure time: 4 h
Skin corrosion/irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Propan-2-ol:
- Species: Rabbit
- Result: No skin irritation

Polyacrylic acid:
- Species: Rabbit
- Result: No skin irritation

Betamethasone:
- Species: Rabbit
- Result: Mild skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Causes serious eye irritation.

Components:

Propan-2-ol:
- Species: Rabbit
- Result: Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

Polyacrylic acid:
- Species: Rabbit
- Result: No eye irritation

Betamethasone:
- Species: Rabbit
- Result: No eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation
Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitisation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Propan-2-ol:
- Test Type: Buehler Test
- Exposure routes: Skin contact
- Species: Guinea pig
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 406
- Result: negative
betamethasone:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Exposure routes</th>
<th>Dermal</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Species</td>
<td>Guinea pig</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Result</td>
<td>Weak sensitizer</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Germ cell mutagenicity**

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**Propan-2-ol:**

**Genotoxicity in vitro**

- Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  Result: negative
- Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
  Result: negative

**Genotoxicity in vivo**

- Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
  Species: Mouse
  Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
  Result: negative

**betamethasone:**

**Genotoxicity in vitro**

- Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  Result: negative
- Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
  Result: negative
- Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
  Result: positive

**Genotoxicity in vivo**

- Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
  Species: Mouse
  Application Route: Oral
  Result: equivocal

**Germ cell mutagenicity - Assessment**

Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ cell mutagen.

**Carcinogenicity**

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**Propan-2-ol:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Rat</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Application Route</td>
<td>inhalation (vapour)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time</td>
<td>104 weeks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Method</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 451</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Result</td>
<td>negative</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Reproductive toxicity
May damage the unborn child.

Components:

Propan-2-ol:
Effects on fertility: Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

Effects on foetal development: Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

betamethasone:
Effects on foetal development: Species: Rabbit
Application Route: Intramuscular
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 0.05 mg/kg body weight
Result: Fetotoxicity, Malformations were observed.

Species: Rat
Application Route: Subcutaneous
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 0.42 mg/kg body weight
Result: Malformations were observed.

Species: Mouse
Application Route: Intramuscular
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 1 mg/kg body weight
Result: Malformations were observed.

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment: Clear evidence of adverse effects on development, based on animal experiments.

STOT - single exposure
May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Components:

Propan-2-ol:
Assessment: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

STOT - repeated exposure
Causes damage to organs (Pituitary gland, Immune system, muscle, thymus gland, Blood, Adrenal gland) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Components:

betamethasone:
Target Organs: Pituitary gland, Immune system, muscle, thymus gland, Blood, Adrenal gland
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Betamethasone (0.05%) Lotion Formulation

Assessment: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

**Components:**

**Propan-2-ol:**

- **Species:** Rat
- **NOAEL:** 12.5 mg/l
- **Application Route:** inhalation (vapour)
- **Exposure time:** 104 Weeks

**betamethasone:**

- **Species:** Rabbit
- **LOAEL:** 0.05%
- **Application Route:** Skin contact
- **Exposure time:** 10 - 30 d
- **Target Organs:** Pituitary gland, Immune system, muscle

- **Species:** Rat
- **LOAEL:** 0.05%
- **Application Route:** Skin contact
- **Exposure time:** 8 Weeks
- **Target Organs:** thymus gland

- **Species:** Mouse
- **LOAEL:** 0.1%
- **Application Route:** Skin contact
- **Exposure time:** 8 Weeks
- **Target Organs:** thymus gland

- **Species:** Dog
- **LOAEL:** 0.05 mg/kg
- **Application Route:** Oral
- **Exposure time:** 28 d
- **Target Organs:** Blood, thymus gland, Adrenal gland

**Aspiration toxicity**

Not classified based on available information.

**Experience with human exposure**

**Components:**

**betamethasone:**

- **Inhalation**
  - Target Organs: Adrenal gland

- **Skin contact**
  - Symptoms: Redness, pruritis, Irritation
### 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Ecotoxicity**

**Components:**

**Propan-2-ol:**
- Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 9,640 mg/l  
  Exposure time: 96 h
- Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 10,000 mg/l  
  Exposure time: 24 h
- Toxicity to microorganisms: EC50 (Pseudomonas putida): > 1,050 mg/l  
  Exposure time: 16 h

**Polyacrylic acid:**
- Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 580 mg/l  
  Exposure time: 96 h
- Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50: > 100 mg/l  
  Exposure time: 96 h

**Betamethasone:**
- Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants: EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 34 mg/l  
  Exposure time: 72 h
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
  Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility

  NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 34 mg/l  
  Exposure time: 72 h
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
  Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility

- Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity): NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 0.052 mg/l  
  Exposure time: 32 d
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 210

  NOEC (Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka)): 0.07 µg/l  
  Exposure time: 219 d
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 229

- Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity): NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 8 mg/l  
  Exposure time: 21 d
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

- M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity): 1,000
Persistence and degradability

Components:

Propan-2-ol:
- Biodegradability: Result: rapidly degradable
- BOD/COD: BOD: 1.19 (BOD5)COD: 2.23 BOD/COD: 53 %

Polyacrylic acid:
- Biodegradability: Result: Not readily biodegradable. Method: OECD Test Guideline 301

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Propan-2-ol:
- Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 0.05

Betamethasone:
- Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 2.11

Mobility in soil
No data available

Hazardous to the ozone layer
Not applicable

Other adverse effects
No data available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods
- Waste from residues: Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
- Contaminated packaging: Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Empty containers retain residue and can be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury and/or death. If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG
- UN number: UN 1219
- Proper shipping name: ISOPROPANOL SOLUTION
- Class: 3
Packing group : II
Labels : 3

IATA-DGR
UN/ID No. : UN 1219
Proper shipping name : Isopropanol solution
Class : 3
Packing group : II
Labels : Flammable Liquids
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft) : 364
Packing instruction (passenger aircraft) : 353

IMDG-Code
UN number : UN 1219
Proper shipping name : ISOPROANOL SOLUTION (betamethasone)
Class : 3
Packing group : II
Labels : 3
EmS Code : F-E, S-D
Marine pollutant : yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable for product as supplied.

National Regulations
Refer to section 15 for specific national regulation.

Special precautions for user
The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Related Regulations

Fire Service Law
Group 4, Alcohols, (400 litre), Hazardous rank II

Chemical Substance Control Law
Priority Assessment Chemical Substance

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Isopropyl alcohol</td>
<td>102</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acrylic acid polymer</td>
<td>234</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Industrial Safety and Health Law

Harmful Substances Prohibited from Manufacture
Not applicable

Harmful Substances Required Permission for Manufacture
Not applicable
Substances Prevented From Impairment of Health
Not applicable

Circular concerning Information on Chemicals having Mutagenicity - Annex 2: Information on Existing Chemicals having Mutagenicity
Not applicable

Circular concerning Information on Chemicals having Mutagenicity - Annex 1: Information on Notified Substances having Mutagenicity
Not applicable

Substances Subject to be Notified Names
Article 57-2 (Enforcement Order Table 9)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>Number</th>
<th>Concentration (%)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Propyl alcohol</td>
<td>494</td>
<td>&gt;=30 - &lt;40</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Substances Subject to be Indicated Names
Article 57 (Enforcement Order Article 18)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Propyl alcohol</td>
<td>494</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Ordinance on Prevention of Hazards Due to Specified Chemical Substances
Not applicable

Ordinance on Prevention of Lead Poisoning
Not applicable

Ordinance on Prevention of Tetraalkyl Lead Poisoning
Not applicable

Ordinance on Prevention of Organic Solvent Poisoning
Organic Solvents Class 2

Enforcement Order of the Industrial Safety and Health Law - Attached table 1 (Dangerous Substances)
Inflammable Substance

Poisonous and Deleterious Substances Control Law
Not applicable

Act on Confirmation, etc. of Release Amounts of Specific Chemical Substances in the Environment and Promotion of Improvements to the Management Thereof
Not applicable

High Pressure Gas Safety Act
Not applicable

Explosive Control Law
Not applicable

Vessel Safety Law
Flammable liquids (Article 2 and 3 of rules on shipping and storage of dangerous goods and its Attached Table 1)

Aviation Law
Flammable liquid (Article 194 of The Enforcement Rules of Aviation Law and its Attached Table 1)
Marine Pollution and Sea Disaster Prevention etc Law

Bulk transportation : Noxious liquid substance (Category Z)
Pack transportation : Classified as marine pollutant

Narcotics and Psychotropics Control Act
Narcotic or Psychotropic Raw Material (Export / Import Permission)
Not applicable
Specific Narcotic or Psychotropic Raw Material (Export / Import permission)
Not applicable

Waste Disposal and Public Cleansing Law
Specially Controlled Industrial Waste

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Inventory</th>
<th>Status</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AICS</td>
<td>not determined</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DSL</td>
<td>not determined</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IECSC</td>
<td>not determined</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information


Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.

Date format : yyyy/mm/dd

Full text of other abbreviations

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Abbreviation</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ACGIH</td>
<td>USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ACGIH BEI</td>
<td>ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JP OEL ISHL</td>
<td>Japan. Administrative Control Levels</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ACGIH / TWA</td>
<td>8-hour, time-weighted average</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ACGIH / STEL</td>
<td>Short-term exposure limit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JP OEL ISHL / ACL</td>
<td>Administrative Control level</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JP OEL JSOH / OEL-C</td>
<td>Occupational Exposure Limit-Ceiling</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA
The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user’s end product, if applicable.