SECTON 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier
   Trade name : Betamethasone Cream Formulation

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
   Use of the Substance/Mixture : Pharmaceutical

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet
   Company : Organon & Co.
              30 Hudson Street, 33nd floor
              07302 Jersey City, New Jersey, U.S.A
   Telephone : 551-430-6000
   E-mail address of person responsible for the SDS : EHSSTEWARD@organon.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number
   215-631-6999

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture
   Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)
   Reproductive toxicity, Category 1B
   Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, Category 1
   Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard, Category 1
   H360D: May damage the unborn child.
   H372: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
   H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2.2 Label elements
   Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)
   Hazard pictograms : ♂ ♂
   Signal word : Danger
   Hazard statements : H360D May damage the unborn child.
                      H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
                      H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
   Precautionary statements : Prevention:
Betamethasone Cream Formulation

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:
betamethasone

Additional Labelling
EUH208 Contains 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol. May produce an allergic reaction.

2.3 Other hazards
- This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Ecological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Toxicological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>EC-No.</th>
<th>Index-No.</th>
<th>Classification</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Paraffin oil</td>
<td>8012-95-1</td>
<td>232-384-2</td>
<td></td>
<td>Asp. Tox. 1; H304 Aquatic Chronic 4; H413</td>
<td>&gt;= 2.5 - &lt; 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hexadecan-1-ol. Ethoxylated</td>
<td>9004-95-9</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Eye Irrit. 2; H319</td>
<td>&gt;= 1 - &lt; 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4-Chloro-3-methylphenol</td>
<td>59-50-7</td>
<td>200-431-6</td>
<td>604-014-00-3</td>
<td>Acute Tox. 4; H302 Acute Tox. 4; H312 Skin Corr. 1C; H314 Eye Dam. 1; H318 Skin Sens. 1B; H317 STOT SE 3; H335 Aquatic Acute 1;</td>
<td>&gt;= 0.1 - &lt; 0.25</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice: In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

Protection of first-aiders: First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

If inhaled: If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention.
In case of skin contact: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact: Flush eyes with water as a precaution. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

If swallowed: If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Risks: May damage the unborn child. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. May produce an allergic reaction.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment: Treat symptomatically and supportively.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Water spray
Alcohol-resistant foam
Carbon dioxide (CO2)
Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media: None known.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during firefighting: Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion products: Carbon oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for firefighters: In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal protective equipment.

Specific extinguishing methods: Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers.
Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so. Evacuate area.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions:
- Use personal protective equipment.
- Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions:
- Avoid release to the environment.
- Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
- Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers).
- Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.
- Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up:
- Soak up with inert absorbent material.
- For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container.
- Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent.
- Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable.
- Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See sections: 7, 8, 11, 12 and 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Technical measures:
- See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Local/Total ventilation:
- If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation.

Advice on safe handling:
- Do not get on skin or clothing.
- Do not breathe vapours.
- Do not swallow.
- Avoid contact with eyes.
- Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
- Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety
Betamethasone Cream Formulation

Hygiene measures:
- If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.
- The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers:
- Keep in properly labelled containers. Store locked up. Keep tightly closed. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Advice on common storage:
- Do not store with the following product types:
  - Strong oxidizing agents
  - Organic peroxides
  - Explosives
  - Gases

7.3 Specific end use(s)
Specific use(s):
- No data available

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

### Occupational Exposure Limits

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Petrolatum</td>
<td>8009-03-8</td>
<td>OELV - 8 hrs (TWA) (inhalable fraction)</td>
<td>5 mg/m³</td>
<td>IE OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Paraffin oil</td>
<td>8012-95-1</td>
<td>OELV - 8 hrs (TWA) (inhalable fraction)</td>
<td>5 mg/m³</td>
<td>IE OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>betamethasone</td>
<td>378-44-9</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>1 µg/m³ (OEB 4)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Further information: Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposure limit value should be used.

### Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

- **Wipe limit**: 10 µg/100 cm²
- **Internal**
## Betamethasone Cream Formulation

**SAFETY DATA SHEET**

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

**Betamethasone Cream Formulation**

**Version 6.0**

**Revision Date:** 09.04.2021

**SDS Number:** 1842137-00010

**Date of last issue:** 10.10.2020

**Date of first issue:** 19.07.2017

### Substance name | End Use | Exposure routes | Potential health effects | Value
--- | --- | --- | --- | ---
Alcohols, C16-18 | Workers | Inhalation | Long-term systemic effects | 237.76 mg/m³
| Workers | Inhalation | Acute systemic effects | 237.76 mg/m³
| Workers | Inhalation | Long-term local effects | 6.52 mg/m³
| Workers | Inhalation | Acute local effects | 6.52 mg/m³
| Workers | Skin contact | Long-term systemic effects | 200 mg/kg bw/day
| Workers | Skin contact | Acute systemic effects | 400 mg/kg bw/day
| Workers | Skin contact | Long-term local effects | 1.124 mg/cm²
| Workers | Skin contact | Acute local effects | 1.124 mg/cm²
| Consumers | Inhalation | Long-term systemic effects | 118.88 mg/m³
| Consumers | Inhalation | Acute systemic effects | 118.9 mg/m³
| Consumers | Inhalation | Long-term local effects | 0.652 mg/m³
| Consumers | Skin contact | Long-term systemic effects | 100 mg/kg bw/day
| Consumers | Skin contact | Acute systemic effects | 200 mg/kg bw/day
| Consumers | Skin contact | Long-term local effects | 0.562 mg/cm²
| Consumers | Skin contact | Acute local effects | 0.562 mg/cm²
| Consumers | Ingestion | Long-term systemic effects | 75 mg/kg bw/day
| Consumers | Ingestion | Acute systemic effects | 75 mg/kg bw/day
| Paraffin oil | Workers | Inhalation | Long-term systemic effects | 5 mg/m³
| Workers | Inhalation | Short-term exposure | 5 mg/m³
| Workers | Inhalation | Long-term local effects | 5 mg/m³
| Workers | Inhalation | Acute local effects | 5 mg/m³
| 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol | Workers | Inhalation | Long-term systemic effects | 6.289 mg/m³
| Workers | Skin contact | Long-term systemic effects | 3.567 mg/kg bw/day
| Consumers | Inhalation | Long-term systemic effects | 1.551 mg/m³
| Consumers | Skin contact | Long-term systemic effects | 1.783 mg/kg bw/day
| Consumers | Ingestion | Long-term systemic effects | 0.892 mg/kg bw/day

**Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:**

| Substance name | Environmental Compartment | Value |
--- | --- | ---

---

7 / 23
8.2 Exposure controls

**Engineering measures**

All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment.

Essentially no open handling permitted.

Use closed processing systems or containment technologies.

If handled in a laboratory, use a properly designed biosafety cabinet, fume hood, or other containment device if the potential exists for aerosolization. If this potential does not exist, handle over lined trays or benchtops.

**Personal protective equipment**

**Eye protection**: Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.

If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.

Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

**Hand protection**

**Material**: Chemical-resistant gloves

**Remarks**: Consider double gloving.

**Skin and body protection**

**Material**: Work uniform or laboratory coat.

Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelents, apron, gauntlets, disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces.

Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially contaminated clothing.

**Respiratory protection**: If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.
SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Physical state</td>
<td>cream</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Colour</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odour</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odour Threshold</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melting point/freezing point</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Initial boiling point and boiling range</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability (solid, gas)</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability (liquids)</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash point</td>
<td>&gt; 93.3 °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Auto-ignition temperature</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Decomposition temperature</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Decomposition temperature</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viscosity</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viscosity, kinematic</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solubility(ies)</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water solubility</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapour pressure</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relative density</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Density</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relative vapour density</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Particle characteristics</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Particle size</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
9.2 Other information

Explosives : Not explosive
Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.
Evaporation rate : No data available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity
Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

10.2 Chemical stability
Stable under normal conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions
Hazardous reactions : Vapours may form explosive mixture with air. Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

10.4 Conditions to avoid
Conditions to avoid : None known.

10.5 Incompatible materials
Materials to avoid : Oxidizing agents

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products
No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
Information on likely routes of exposure : Inhalation, Skin contact, Ingestion, Eye contact

Acute toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Paraffin oil:
Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

Hexadecan-1-ol. Ethoxylated:
Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 2,500 mg/kg
# Betamethasone Cream Formulation

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Version</th>
<th>Revision Date</th>
<th>SDS Number</th>
<th>Date of last issue</th>
<th>Date of first issue</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

## 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol:

| | Acute oral toxicity | LD50 (Mouse): 600 mg/kg |
| | Acute inhalation toxicity | LC50 (Rat): > 2.871 mg/l  
| | | Exposure time: 4 h  
| | | Test atmosphere: dust/mist |
| | Acute dermal toxicity | Acute toxicity estimate: 1,100 mg/kg  
| | | Method: Expert judgement  
| | | Remarks: Based on harmonised classification in EU regulation 1272/2008, Annex VI |

## betamethasone:

| | Acute oral toxicity | LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg  
| | | LD50 (Mouse): > 4,500 mg/kg |
| | Acute inhalation toxicity | LC50 (Rat): 0.4 mg/l  
| | | Exposure time: 4 h |

### Skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified based on available information.

## Components:

### Paraffin oil:

| Species | Rabbit |
| Result | No skin irritation |

### 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol:

| Species | Rabbit |
| Method | OECD Test Guideline 404 |
| Result | Corrosive after 1 to 4 hours of exposure |

### betamethasone:

| Species | Rabbit |
| Result | Mild skin irritation |

### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified based on available information.

## Components:

### Paraffin oil:

| Species | Rabbit |
| Result | No eye irritation |

### Hexadecan-1-ol. Ethoxylated:

| Result | Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days |
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

4-Chloro-3-methylphenol:
Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 405
Result: Irreversible effects on the eye

Betamethasone:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation
Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitisation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

4-Chloro-3-methylphenol:
Test Type: Maximisation Test
Exposure routes: Skin contact
Species: Guinea pig
Assessment: Probability or evidence of low to moderate skin sensitisation rate in humans

Betamethasone:
Exposure routes: Dermal
Species: Guinea pig
Result: Weak sensitizer

Germ cell mutagenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

4-Chloro-3-methylphenol:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Betamethasone:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
### Genotoxicity in vivo
- **Test Type:** Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
- **Species:** Mouse
- **Application Route:** Oral
- **Result:** equivocal

### Germ cell mutagenicity - Assessment
- **Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ cell mutagen.**

### Carcinogenicity
Not classified based on available information.

### Reproductive toxicity
May damage the unborn child.

### Components:

#### 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol:
- **Effects on fertility**
  - **Test Type:** One-generation reproduction toxicity study
  - **Species:** Rat
  - **Application Route:** Ingestion
  - **Result:** negative

### betamethasone:
- **Effects on foetal development**
  - **Species:** Rabbit
  - **Application Route:** Intramuscular
  - **Developmental Toxicity:** LOAEL: 0.05 mg/kg body weight
  - **Result:** Fetotoxicity, Malformations were observed.

  **Species:** Rat
  - **Application Route:** Subcutaneous
  - **Developmental Toxicity:** LOAEL: 0.42 mg/kg body weight
  - **Result:** Malformations were observed.

  **Species:** Mouse
  - **Application Route:** Intramuscular
  - **Developmental Toxicity:** LOAEL: 1 mg/kg body weight
  - **Result:** Malformations were observed.

### Reproductive toxicity - Assessment
- **Clear evidence of adverse effects on development, based on animal experiments.**

### STOT - single exposure
Not classified based on available information.
Components:

4-Chloro-3-methylphenol:
Assessment: May cause respiratory irritation.

STOT - repeated exposure
Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Components:

betamethasone:
Target Organs: Pituitary gland, Immune system, muscle, thymus gland, Blood, Adrenal gland
Assessment: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Paraffin oil:
Species: Rat, female
LOAEL: 161 mg/kg
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 90 Days

4-Chloro-3-methylphenol:
Species: Rat
NOAEL: 200 mg/kg
LOAEL: 400 mg/kg
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 28 Days

betamethasone:
Species: Rabbit
LOAEL: 0.05 %
Application Route: Skin contact
Exposure time: 10 - 30 d
Target Organs: Pituitary gland, Immune system, muscle

Species: Rat
LOAEL: 0.05 %
Application Route: Skin contact
Exposure time: 8 Weeks
Target Organs: thymus gland

Species: Mouse
LOAEL: 0.1 %
Application Route: Skin contact
Exposure time: 8 Weeks
Target Organs: thymus gland
Species: Dog
LOAEL: 0.05 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 28 d
Target Organs: Blood, thymus gland, Adrenal gland

Aspiration toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:
Paraffin oil:
The substance or mixture is known to cause human aspiration toxicity hazards or has to be regarded as if it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.

11.2 Information on other hazards
Endocrine disrupting properties

Product:
Assessment: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Experience with human exposure
Components:

betamethasone:
Inhalation: Target Organs: Adrenal gland
Skin contact: Symptoms: Redness, pruritis, Irritation

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity
Components:
Paraffin oil:
Toxicity to fish: LL50 (Scophthalmus maximus (turbot)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EL50 (Acartia tonsa): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants: EL50 (Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

NOELR (Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom)): > 1 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Hexadecan-1-ol. Ethoxylated:**

**Toxicity to fish**
- LC50: > 1 - 10 mg/l
- Exposure time: 96 h
- Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates**
- EC50: > 1 - 10 mg/l
- Exposure time: 48 h
- Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants**
- EC50: > 10 - 100 mg/l
- Exposure time: 72 h
- Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**4-Chloro-3-methylphenol:**

**Toxicity to fish**
- LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 917 μg/l
- Exposure time: 96 h

**Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates**
- EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 1.5 mg/l
- Exposure time: 48 h
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

**Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants**
- ErC50 (Chlorella pyrenoidosa (algae)): 15 mg/l
- Exposure time: 72 h
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
  - EC10 (Chlorella pyrenoidosa (algae)): 2.3 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 72 h
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

**M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity)**
- 1

**Toxicity to microorganisms**
- EC50: 22.86 mg/l
- Exposure time: 60 h

**Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)**
- NOEC: 0.15 mg/l
- Exposure time: 28 d
- Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 204

**Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)**
- NOEC: 0.32 mg/l
- Exposure time: 21 d
- Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 211
### betamethasone:

**Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates**
- EC50 (Americamysis): > 50 mg/l
- Exposure time: 96 h

---

**Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants**
- EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 34 mg/l
- Exposure time: 72 h
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
- Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility

**NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)):**
- 34 mg/l
- Exposure time: 72 h
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
- Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility

---

**Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)**
- NOEC: 0.052 mg/l
- Exposure time: 32 d
- Species: Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 210

- NOEC: 0.07 µg/l
- Exposure time: 219 d
- Species: Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka)
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 229

---

**Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)**
- NOEC: 8 mg/l
- Exposure time: 21 d
- Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

**M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity):**
- 1,000

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

**Components:**

#### Hexadecan-1-ol. Ethoxylated:
- Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable.
- Biodegradation: > 99 %
- Exposure time: 19 d

#### 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol:
- Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable.
- Biodegradation: 78 %
- Exposure time: 15 d
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 301

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

**Components:**

#### Paraffin oil:
SAFETY DATA SHEET
according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

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Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol:
Bioaccumulation: Species: Cyprinus carpio (Carp)
Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 5.5 - 13
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water
Betamethasone:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

12.4 Mobility in soil
No data available

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product:
Assessment: This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Product:
Assessment: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

12.7 Other adverse effects
No data available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods
Product: Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. According to the European Waste Catalogue, Waste Codes are not product specific, but application specific. Waste codes should be assigned by the user, preferably in discussion with the waste disposal authorities.
Contaminated packaging: Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number or ID number
SAFETY DATA SHEET
according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

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ADN : UN 3082
ADR : UN 3082
RID : UN 3082
IMDG : UN 3082
IATA : UN 3082

14.2 UN proper shipping name
ADN : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (betamethasone)
ADR : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (betamethasone)
RID : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (betamethasone)
IMDG : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (betamethasone)
IATA : Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (betamethasone)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)
ADN : 9
ADR : 9
RID : 9
IMDG : 9
IATA : 9

14.4 Packing group
ADN
Packing group : III
Classification Code : M6
Hazard Identification Number : 90
Labels : 9

ADR
Packing group : III
Classification Code : M6
Hazard Identification Number : 90
Labels : 9
Tunnel restriction code : (-)

RID
Packing group : III
Classification Code : M6
Hazard Identification Number : 90
### 14.5 Environmental hazards

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Label</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Status</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ADN</td>
<td>Environmentally hazardous</td>
<td>yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ADR</td>
<td>Environmentally hazardous</td>
<td>yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RID</td>
<td>Environmentally hazardous</td>
<td>yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IMDG</td>
<td>Marine pollutant</td>
<td>yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IATA (Cargo)</td>
<td>Environmentally hazardous</td>
<td>yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IATA (Passenger)</td>
<td>Environmentally hazardous</td>
<td>yes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 14.6 Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

### 14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Remarks: Not applicable for product as supplied.

### SECTION 15: Regulatory information

#### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Regulation</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Status</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>REACH</td>
<td>Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, preparations and articles (Annex XVII)</td>
<td>Conditions of restriction for the following entries should be considered: Number on list 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>REACH</td>
<td>Candidate List of Substances of Very High</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
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Concern for Authorisation (Article 59).
REACH - List of substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV) : Not applicable
Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer : Not applicable
Regulation (EU) 2019/1021 on persistent organic pollutants (recast) : Not applicable
Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and the Council concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals : Not applicable

Other regulations:
Take note of Directive 92/85/EEC regarding maternity protection or stricter national regulations, where applicable.
Take note of Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work or stricter national regulations, where applicable.

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:
AICS : not determined
DSL : not determined
IECSC : not determined

15.2 Chemical safety assessment
A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Other information : Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.

Full text of H-Statements
H302 : Harmful if swallowed.
H304 : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312 : Harmful in contact with skin.
H314 : Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H317 : May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318 : Causes serious eye damage.
H319 : Causes serious eye irritation.
H330 : Fatal if inhaled.
H335 : May cause respiratory irritation.
H360D : May damage the unborn child.
H372 : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400 : Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410 : Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
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SDS Number: 1842137-00010
Date of last issue: 10.10.2020
Date of first issue: 19.07.2017

H412 : Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H413 : May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.

Full text of other abbreviations
Acute Tox. : Acute toxicity
Aquatic Acute : Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard
Aquatic Chronic : Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard
Asp. Tox. : Aspiration hazard
Eye Dam. : Serious eye damage
Eye Irrit. : Eye irritation
Repr. : Reproductive toxicity
Skin Corr. : Skin corrosion
Skin Sens. : Skin sensitisation
STOT RE : Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure
STOT SE : Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure
IE OEL : Ireland. List of Chemical Agents and Occupational Exposure Limit Values - Schedule 1
IE OEL / OELV - 8 hrs (TWA) : Occupational exposure limit value (8-hour reference period)

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AIIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA - European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; SVHC - Substance of Very High Concern; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TRGS - Technical Rule for Hazardous Substances; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Further information
Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data : Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agen-
### Classification of the mixture:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Classification procedure:</th>
<th>Class</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Repr. 1B</td>
<td>H360D</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STOT RE 1</td>
<td>H372</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aquatic Chronic 1</td>
<td>H410</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user’s end product, if applicable.