1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name : Betamethasone Liquid Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier’s details
Company : Organon & Co.
Address : 30 Hudson Street, 33nd floor
          Jersey City, New Jersey, U.S.A 07302
Telephone : 551-430-6000
Emergency telephone number : 215-631-6999
E-mail address : EHSSTEWARD@organon.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use : Pharmaceutical

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Manufacture, Storage and Import of Hazardous Chemicals Rules 1989

Classification
Not classified as hazardous according to criteria laid down in Part I of Schedule-1.

GHS Classification
Reproductive toxicity : Category 1B
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure : Category 1 (Pituitary gland, Immune system, muscle, thymus gland, Blood, Adrenal gland)
Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard : Category 3
Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard : Category 1

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms : 
Signal word : Danger
Hazard statements : H360D May damage the unborn child.
H372 Causes damage to organs (Pituitary gland, Immune system, muscle, thymus gland, Blood, Adrenal gland) through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H402 Harmful to aquatic life.
**Precautionary statements:**

**Prevention:**
- P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
- P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
- P260 Do not breathe mist or vapours.
- P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
- P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
- P273 Avoid release to the environment.
- P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

**Response:**
- P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
- P391 Collect spillage.

**Storage:**
- P405 Store locked up.

**Disposal:**
- P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

**Other hazards which do not result in classification**
None known.

### 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance / Mixture</th>
<th>Mixture</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

**Components**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>betamethasone</td>
<td>378-44-9</td>
<td>&gt;= 0.3 - &lt; 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Benzalkonium chloride</td>
<td>8001-54-5</td>
<td>&gt;= 0.0025 - &lt; 0.025</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

**General advice:**
In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

**If inhaled:**
If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention.

**In case of skin contact:**
In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

**In case of eye contact:**
Flush eyes with water as a precaution.
If swallowed: If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed: May damage the unborn child. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Protection of first-aiders: First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician: Treat symptomatically and supportively.

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media: Water spray
Alcohol-resistant foam
Carbon dioxide (CO2)
Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media: None known.

Specific hazards during firefighting: Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion products: No hazardous combustion products are known.

Specific extinguishing methods: Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
Use water spray to cool unopened containers.
Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.
Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment for firefighters: In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal protective equipment.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures: Use personal protective equipment.
Follow safe handling advice and personal protective equipment recommendations.

Environmental precautions: Discharge into the environment must be avoided.
Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers).
Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.
Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up: Soak up with inert absorbent material.
For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container.
Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent.
Local or national regulations may apply to releases and dis-
posal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable. Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures: See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Local/Total ventilation: If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation.

Advice on safe handling: Do not get on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Do not swallow. Avoid contact with eyes. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment. Keep container tightly closed. Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Conditions for safe storage: Keep in properly labelled containers. Store locked up. Keep tightly closed. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid: Do not store with the following product types: Strong oxidizing agents

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>betamethasone</td>
<td>378-44-9</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>1 µg/m³ (OEB 4)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Wipe limit</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Further information: Skin

Engineering measures: All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment. Essentially no open handling permitted. Use closed processing systems or containment technologies. If handled in a laboratory, use a properly designed biosafety cabinet, fume hood, or other containment device if the potential exists for aerosolization. If this potential does not exist, handle over lined trays or benchtops.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection: If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the rec-
Filter type: Recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

Hand protection: Particulates type

Material: Chemical-resistant gloves

Remarks: Consider double gloving.

Eye protection:
- Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.
- If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.
- Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

Skin and body protection:
- Work uniform or laboratory coat.
- Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces.
- Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially contaminated clothing.

Hygiene measures:
- If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place.
- When using do not eat, drink or smoke.
- Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.
- The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance: liquid

Colour: colourless

Odour: No data available

Odour Threshold: No data available

pH: 6.8 - 7.2

Melting point/freezing point: No data available

Initial boiling point and boiling range: No data available

Flash point: No data available

Evaporation rate: No data available

Flammability (solid, gas): Not applicable

Flammability (liquids): No data available
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit: No data available
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit: No data available
Vapour pressure: No data available
Relative vapour density: No data available
Relative density: No data available
Density: No data available
Solubility(ies)
   Water solubility: No data available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: Not applicable
Auto-ignition temperature: No data available
Decomposition temperature: No data available
Viscosity
   Viscosity, kinematic: No data available
Explosive properties: Not explosive
Oxidizing properties: The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.
Particle size: Not applicable

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY
Reactivity: Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
Chemical stability: Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions: Can react with strong oxidizing agents.
Conditions to avoid: None known.
Incompatible materials: Oxidizing agents
Hazardous decomposition products: No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION
Information on likely routes of exposure:
   Inhalation
   Skin contact
   Ingestion
   Eye contact

Acute toxicity
Not classified based on available information.
Product:
Acute inhalation toxicity: Acute toxicity estimate: > 10 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: Calculation method

Components:

Betamethasone:
- Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
- LD50 (Mouse): > 4,500 mg/kg
- Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): 0.4 mg/l
  Exposure time: 4 h

Benzalkonium chloride:
- Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 240 mg/kg
- Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat, male): > 0.05 - 0.5 mg/l
  Exposure time: 4 h
  Test atmosphere: dust/mist
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 403
  Assessment: Corrosive to the respiratory tract.
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
- Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rat, female): 704 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Betamethasone:
- Species: Rabbit
  Result: Mild skin irritation

Benzalkonium chloride:
- Species: Human
  Result: Corrosive after 4 hours or less of exposure

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Betamethasone:
- Species: Rabbit
  Result: No eye irritation

Benzalkonium chloride:
- Species: Rabbit
  Result: Irreversible effects on the eye
Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation
Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitisation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

betamethasone:
- Exposure routes: Dermal
- Species: Guinea pig
- Result: Weak sensitizer

Benzalkonium chloride:
- Test Type: Human repeat insult patch test (HRIPT)
- Exposure routes: Skin contact
- Species: Humans
- Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

betamethasone:
- Genotoxicity in vitro:
  - Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  - Result: negative

  - Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
  - Result: negative

  - Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
  - Result: positive

- Genotoxicity in vivo:
  - Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
  - Species: Mouse
  - Application Route: Oral
  - Result: equivocal

  - Germ cell mutagenicity - Assessment: Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ cell mutagen.

Benzalkonium chloride:
- Genotoxicity in vitro:
  - Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  - Result: negative

  - Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 476
  - Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Method: OECD Test Guideline 473
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Genotoxicity in vivo:
Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 474
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Carcinogenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

**Benzalkonium chloride:**

- **Species**: Rat
- **Application Route**: Ingestion
- **Exposure time**: 2 Years
- **Method**: OECD Test Guideline 453
- **Result**: negative
- **Remarks**: Based on data from similar materials

- **Species**: Mouse
- **Application Route**: Skin contact
- **Exposure time**: 80 weeks
- **Result**: negative

- **Species**: Rabbit
- **Application Route**: Skin contact
- **Exposure time**: 90 weeks
- **Result**: negative

Reproductive toxicity
May damage the unborn child.

Components:

**Betamethasone:**

- **Effects on foetal development**: Species: Rabbit
  Application Route: Intramuscular
  Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 0.05 mg/kg body weight
  Result: Fetotoxicity, Malformations were observed.

- **Species**: Rat
  Application Route: Subcutaneous
  Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 0.42 mg/kg body weight
  Result: Malformations were observed.
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Intramuscular
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 1 mg/kg body weight
Result: Malformations were observed.

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment
: Clear evidence of adverse effects on development, based on animal experiments.

Benzalkonium chloride:
Effects on fertility
: Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 416
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on foetal development
: Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Rabbit
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 414
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

STOT - single exposure
Not classified based on available information.

STOT - repeated exposure
Causes damage to organs (Pituitary gland, Immune system, muscle, thymus gland, Blood, Adrenal gland) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Components:

betamethasone:
Target Organs
: Pituitary gland, Immune system, muscle, thymus gland, Blood, Adrenal gland
Assessment
: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Benzalkonium chloride:
Assessment
: No significant health effects observed in animals at concentrations of 100 mg/kg bw or less.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

betamethasone:
Species
: Rabbit
LOAEL
: 0.05 %
Application Route
: Skin contact
Exposure time
: 10 - 30 d
Target Organs
: Pituitary gland, Immune system, muscle
Species: Rat  
LOAEL: 0.05 %  
Application Route: Skin contact  
Exposure time: 8 Weeks  
Target Organs: thymus gland

Species: Mouse  
LOAEL: 0.1 %  
Application Route: Skin contact  
Exposure time: 8 Weeks  
Target Organs: thymus gland

Species: Dog  
LOAEL: 0.05 mg/kg  
Application Route: Oral  
Exposure time: 28 d  
Target Organs: Blood, thymus gland, Adrenal gland

Benzalkonium chloride:  
Species: Rat  
NOAEL: >= 100 mg/kg  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Exposure time: 12 Weeks

Aspiration toxicity  
Not classified based on available information.

Experience with human exposure

Components:

**betamethasone:**

Inhalation: Target Organs: Adrenal gland  
Skin contact: Symptoms: Redness, pruritis, Irritation

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

**betamethasone:**

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 (Americamysis): > 50 mg/l  
Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants: EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 34 mg/l  
Exposure time: 72 h  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201  
Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility  

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 34 mg/l
### Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)

- **Exposure time:** 72 h  
  **Method:** OECD Test Guideline 201  
  **Remarks:** No toxicity at the limit of solubility

- **Species:** Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)  
  **Method:** OECD Test Guideline 210

- **NOEC:** 0.052 mg/l  
  **Exposure time:** 32 d

- **Species:** Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka)  
  **Method:** OECD Test Guideline 229

- **NOEC:** 0.07 µg/l  
  **Exposure time:** 219 d

### Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)

- **NOEC:** 8 mg/l  
  **Exposure time:** 21 d  
  **Species:** Daphnia magna (Water flea)  
  **Method:** OECD Test Guideline 211

### M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity)

- **M-Factor:** 1,000

### Benzalkonium chloride:

#### Toxicity to fish

- **EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)):** 0.0056 mg/l  
  **Exposure time:** 48 h

#### Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates

- **EC50 (Chlorella pyrenoidosa (algae)):** 0.09 mg/l  
  **Exposure time:** 72 h

#### Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants

- **ErC50 (Chlorella pyrenoidosa (algae)):** 0.09 mg/l  
  **Exposure time:** 72 h

#### M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity)

- **M-Factor:** 100

#### Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)

- **NOEC:** 0.032 mg/l  
  **Exposure time:** 34 d  
  **Species:** Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)

### Persistence and degradability

#### Components:

**Benzalkonium chloride:**

- **Biodegradability:** Readily biodegradable  
  **Method:** OECD Test Guideline 301D  
  **Remarks:** Based on data from similar materials

**Bioaccumulative potential**

#### Components:

**Benzalkonium chloride:**

- **Partition coefficient:** n-
  
  **log Pow:** 2.11
SAFETY DATA SHEET
Betamethasone Liquid Formulation

Version 5.0  Revision Date: 23.03.2020  SDS Number: 809713-00012  Date of last issue: 13.09.2019
Date of first issue: 15.07.2016

11. octanol/water

Benzalkonium chloride:

Bioaccumulation: Species: Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)
Bioconcentration factor (BCF): < 500
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 1.692
Remarks: Calculation

Mobility in soil
No data available

Other adverse effects
No data available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods
Waste from residues: Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated packaging: Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.
If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG
UN number: UN 3082
Proper shipping name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (betamethasone)

Class: 9
Packing group: III
Labels: 9

IATA-DGR
UN/ID No.: UN 3082
Proper shipping name: Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (betamethasone)

Class: 9
Packing group: III
Labels: Miscellaneous
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft): 964
Packing instruction (passenger aircraft): 964
Environmentally hazardous: yes

IMDG-Code
UN number: UN 3082
Proper shipping name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.
SAFETY DATA SHEET
Betamethasone Liquid Formulation

Version 5.0       Revision Date: 23.03.2020       SDS Number: 809713-00012       Date of last issue: 13.09.2019
Date of first issue: 15.07.2016

Class (betamethasone)   :  9
Packing group           :  III
Labels                  :  9
EmS Code                :  F-A, S-F
Marine pollutant        :  yes

Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments
Not applicable for product as supplied.

Special precautions for user
The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:
AICS                     :  not determined
DSL                      :  not determined
IECSC                    :  not determined

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.

Date format               :  dd.mm.yyyy

Full text of other abbreviations

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory con-
The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user’s end product, if applicable.