1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Chemical product name: Betamethasone / Salicylic Acid Ointment Formulation

Supplier’s company name, address and phone number
Company name of supplier: Organon & Co.
Address: 30 Hudson Street, 33nd floor
Jersey City, New Jersey, U.S.A 07302
Telephone: 551-430-6000
E-mail address: EHSSTEWARD@organon.com
Emergency telephone number: 215-631-6999

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use: Pharmaceutical

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification of chemical product
Serious eye damage/eye irritation: Category 1
Reproductive toxicity: Category 1B
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure: Category 1 (Pituitary gland, Immune system, muscle, thymus gland, Blood, Adrenal gland)
Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard: Category 1

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms: ♂️ ⚠️ ☣️
Signal word: Danger
Hazard statements: H318 Causes serious eye damage.
H360D May damage the unborn child.
H372 Causes damage to organs (Pituitary gland, Immune system, muscle, thymus gland, Blood, Adrenal gland) through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements: Prevention:
P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P260 Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P273 Avoid release to the environment.
P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

Response:
P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.
P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
P391 Collect spillage.

Storage:
P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:
P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards which do not result in classification
None known.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Components

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
<th>ENCS No.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Petrolatum</td>
<td>8009-03-8</td>
<td>86.93</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Paraffin oil</td>
<td>8012-95-1</td>
<td>10</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Salicylic acid</td>
<td>69-72-7</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>3-1640</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Betamethasone</td>
<td>378-44-9</td>
<td>0.064</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention.
Wash clothing before reuse.
Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact:
In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes.
If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn.
Get medical attention immediately.

If swallowed:
If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.
Get medical attention.
Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:
Causes serious eye damage.
May damage the unborn child.
Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Protection of first-aiders:
First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician:
Treat symptomatically and supportively.

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media:
Water spray
Alcohol-resistant foam
Carbon dioxide (CO2)
Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media:
None known.

Specific hazards during firefighting:
Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion products:
Carbon oxides

Specific extinguishing methods:
Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
Use water spray to cool unopened containers.
Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.
Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment for firefighters:
In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
Use personal protective equipment.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:
Use personal protective equipment.
Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

Environmental precautions:
Avoid release to the environment.
Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.
Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:
Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal.
Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable. Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling
Technical measures: See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.
Local/Total ventilation: If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation.
Advice on safe handling: Do not get on skin or clothing. Do not breathe dust, fume, gas, mist, vapours or spray. Do not swallow. Do not get in eyes. Wash skin thoroughly after handling. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment. Keep container tightly closed. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Avoidance of contact: Oxidizing agents
Hygiene measures: If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use. The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

Storage
Conditions for safe storage: Keep in properly labelled containers. Store locked up. Keep tightly closed. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.
Materials to avoid: Do not store with the following product types: Strong oxidizing agents

Packaging material: Unsuitable material: None known.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Threshold limit value and permissible exposure limits for each component in the work environment
Components | CAS-No. | Value type (Form of exposure) | Control parameters / Permissible concentration | Basis |
--- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
Petrolatum | 8009-03-8 | OEL-M (Mist) | 3 mg/m³ | JP OEL JSOH |

Further information: Substance whose OEL is set based on non-carcinogenic health effects. See III, Group 1: carcinogenic to humans

| Value type (Form of exposure) | Control parameters / Permissible concentration | Basis |
--- | --- | --- |
TWA (Inhalable particulate matter) | 5 mg/m³ | ACGIH |

Paraffin oil | 8012-95-1 | OEL-M (Mist) | 3 mg/m³ | JP OEL JSOH |

Further information: Group 1: carcinogenic to humans

| Value type (Form of exposure) | Control parameters / Permissible concentration | Basis |
--- | --- | --- |
TWA (Inhalable particulate matter) | 5 mg/m³ | ACGIH |

Salicylic acid | 69-72-7 | TWA | 100 µg/m³ (OEB 2) | Internal |

Further information: DSEN

| Value type (Form of exposure) | Control parameters / Permissible concentration | Basis |
--- | --- | --- |
Wipe limit | 100 µg/100 cm² | Internal |

Betamethasone | 378-44-9 | TWA | 1 µg/m³ (OEB 4) | Internal |

Further information: Skin

| Value type (Form of exposure) | Control parameters / Permissible concentration | Basis |
--- | --- | --- |
Wipe limit | 10 µg/100 cm² | Internal |

**Engineering measures**

Containment technologies suitable for controlling compounds are required to control at source and to prevent migration of the compound to uncontrolled areas (e.g., vacuum conveying from a closed system, packout head with inflatable seal from stationary container, ventilated enclosure, etc.).

All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment. Essentially no open handling permitted.

Use closed processing systems or containment technologies.

**Personal protective equipment**

**Respiratory protection**

If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

Filter type: Combined particulates and organic vapour type

**Hand protection**

Material: Chemical-resistant gloves

**Remarks**

Consider double gloving.

**Eye protection**

Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.

If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.

Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

**Skin and body protection**

Work uniform or laboratory coat.
Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces. Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially contaminated clothing.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Physical state</td>
<td>ointment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Colour</td>
<td>white, translucent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odour</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odour Threshold</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melting point/freezing point</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boiling point, initial boiling point and boiling range</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability (solid, gas)</td>
<td>Not classified as a flammability hazard</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability (liquids)</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lower explosion limit and upper explosion limit / flammability limit</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash point</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Decomposition temperature</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH</td>
<td>4.6 - 5.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evaporation rate</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Auto-ignition temperature</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viscosity</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viscosity, kinematic</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solubility(ies)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water solubility</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapour pressure</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Density and / or relative density</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Betamethasone / Salicylic Acid Ointment Formulation

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Relative density : No data available
Density : No data available
Relative vapour density : No data available
Explosive properties : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.
Molecular weight : No data available
Particle characteristics
Particle size : No data available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions : Can react with strong oxidizing agents.
Conditions to avoid : None known.
Incompatible materials : Oxidizing agents
Hazardous decomposition products : No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure : Skin contact
Ingestion
Eye contact

Acute toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Product:
Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: Calculation method

Acute inhalation toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 5 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: Calculation method

Acute dermal toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: Calculation method

Components:

Petrolatum:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
### Method

**Acute dermal toxicity**  
LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg  
**Remarks:** Based on data from similar materials

**Paraffin oil:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Acute oral toxicity</th>
<th>Acute dermal toxicity</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Acute oral toxicity</strong></td>
<td>LD50 (Rat): &gt; 5,000 mg/kg</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| **Acute dermal toxicity** | LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg  
**Assessment:** The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity  
**Remarks:** Based on data from similar materials |

**salicylic acid:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Acute oral toxicity</th>
<th>Acute dermal toxicity</th>
<th>Acute inhalation toxicity</th>
<th>Acute dermal toxicity</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| **Acute oral toxicity** | LD50 (Mouse): 480 mg/kg  
LD50 (Rat): 891 mg/kg  
LD50 (Rabbit): 1,300 mg/kg |
| **Acute inhalation toxicity** | LC50 (Rat): 0.9 mg/l  
Exposure time: 1 h |
| **Acute dermal toxicity** | LD50 (Rat): 2,000 mg/kg  
LD50 (Rabbit): 10,000 mg/kg |

**betamethasone:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Acute oral toxicity</th>
<th>Acute inhalation toxicity</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| **Acute oral toxicity** | LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg  
LD50 (Mouse): > 4,500 mg/kg |
| **Acute inhalation toxicity** | LC50 (Rat): 0.4 mg/l  
Exposure time: 4 h |

### Skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified based on available information.

### Components:

#### Petrolatum:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 404</td>
<td>No skin irritation</td>
<td>Based on data from similar materials</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Paraffin oil:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No skin irritation

**salicylic acid:**
Species: Rabbit
Result: Skin irritation

**betamethasone:**
Species: Rabbit
Result: Mild skin irritation

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**
Causes serious eye damage.

**Components:**

**Petrolatum:**
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation
Method: OECD Test Guideline 405
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Paraffin oil:**
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation

**salicylic acid:**
Species: Rabbit
Remarks: Severe eye irritation

**betamethasone:**
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation

**Respiratory or skin sensitisation**

**Skin sensitisation**
Not classified based on available information.

**Respiratory sensitisation**
Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**Petrolatum:**
Test Type: Buehler Test
Exposure routes: Skin contact
Species: Guinea pig
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Betamethasone / Salicylic Acid Ointment Formulation

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**salicylic acid:**

| Test Type | Local lymph node assay (LLNA) |
| Species | Mouse |
| Result | negative |

**betamethasone:**

| Exposure routes | Dermal |
| Species | Guinea pig |
| Result | Weak sensitizer |

**Germ cell mutagenicity**

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**Petrolatum:**

| Genotoxicity in vitro | Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro  
Result: negative  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials |
| Genotoxicity in vivo | Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)  
Species: Mouse  
Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 474  
Result: negative  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials |

**salicylic acid:**

| Genotoxicity in vitro | Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)  
Result: negative |
| Genotoxicity in vivo | Test Type: Mammalian bone marrow sister chromatid exchange  
Species: Mouse  
Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection  
Result: negative  
Test Type: Sister chromatid exchange analysis in spermatogonia  
Species: Mouse  
Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection  
Result: negative |

**betamethasone:**

| Genotoxicity in vitro | Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)  
Result: negative  
Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test  
Result: negative |
SAFETY DATA SHEET
Betamethasone / Salicylic Acid Ointment Formulation

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Result: positive

Genotoxicity in vivo
Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Oral
Result: equivocal

Germ cell mutagenicity - Assessment
Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ cell mutagen.

Carcinogenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Petrolatum:
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 2 Years
Result: negative

Salicylic acid:
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Skin contact
Exposure time: 1 Years
NOAEL: 2 mg/cm²
Result: negative

Reproductive toxicity
May damage the unborn child.

Components:

Petrolatum:
Effects on fertility
Test Type: Reproduction/Developmental toxicity screening test
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on foetal development
Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Skin contact
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Salicylic acid:
Effects on foetal development
Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Subcutaneous
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 380 mg/kg body weight
Result: Maternal toxicity observed., Embryo-foetal toxicity

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 80 mg/kg body weight
Result: No effects on foetal development

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment: Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

**betamethasone:**
Effects on foetal development:
Species: Rabbit
Application Route: Intramuscular
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 0.05 mg/kg body weight
Result: Fetotoxicity, Malformations were observed.

Species: Rat
Application Route: Subcutaneous
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 0.42 mg/kg body weight
Result: Malformations were observed.

Species: Mouse
Application Route: Intramuscular
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 1 mg/kg body weight
Result: Malformations were observed.

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment: Clear evidence of adverse effects on development, based on animal experiments.

**STOT - single exposure**
Not classified based on available information.

**STOT - repeated exposure**
Causes damage to organs (Pituitary gland, Immune system, muscle, thymus gland, Blood, Adrenal gland) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

**Components:**

**betamethasone:**
Target Organs: Pituitary gland, Immune system, muscle, thymus gland, Blood, Adrenal gland
Assessment: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

**Repeated dose toxicity**

**Components:**

**Petrolatum:**
Species: Rat
NOAEL: 5,000 mg/kg
### SAFETY DATA SHEET

**Betamethasone / Salicylic Acid Ointment Formulation**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Version</th>
<th>Revision Date</th>
<th>SDS Number</th>
<th>Date of last issue</th>
<th>Date of first issue</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>6.0</td>
<td>2021/04/09</td>
<td>1841142-00012</td>
<td>2020/10/10</td>
<td>2017/08/21</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Application Route**: Ingestion

**Exposure time**: 2 yr

**Paraffin oil**:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Application Route</th>
<th>LOAEL</th>
<th>Exposure time</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rat, female</td>
<td>Ingestion</td>
<td>161 mg/kg</td>
<td>90 Days</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Salicylic acid**:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Application Route</th>
<th>LOAEL</th>
<th>Exposure time</th>
<th>Target Organs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>Ingestion</td>
<td>50 mg/kg</td>
<td>2 yr</td>
<td>Liver</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Betamethasone**:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Application Route</th>
<th>LOAEL</th>
<th>Exposure time</th>
<th>Target Organs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>Skin contact</td>
<td>0.05 %</td>
<td>10 - 30 d</td>
<td>Pituitary gland, Immune system, muscle</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>Skin contact</td>
<td>0.05 %</td>
<td>8 Weeks</td>
<td>thymus gland</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mouse</td>
<td>Skin contact</td>
<td>0.1 %</td>
<td>8 Weeks</td>
<td>thymus gland</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dog</td>
<td>Oral</td>
<td>0.05 mg/kg</td>
<td>28 d</td>
<td>Blood, thymus gland, Adrenal gland</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Aspiration toxicity**

Not classified based on available information.
Components:

Paraffin oil:
The substance or mixture is known to cause human aspiration toxicity hazards or has to be regarded as if it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.

Experience with human exposure

Components:
salicylic acid:
- Skin contact: Symptoms: Skin irritation
- Eye contact: Symptoms: Severe irritation
- Ingestion: Symptoms: Gastrointestinal discomfort, hearing loss, Dizziness, electrolyte imbalance

betamethasone:
- Inhalation: Target Organs: Adrenal gland
- Skin contact: Symptoms: Redness, pruritis, Irritation

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

Petrolatum:
- Toxicity to fish: LL50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 100 mg/l
  Exposure time: 96 h
  Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

- Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 10,000 mg/l
  Exposure time: 48 h
  Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

- Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants: NOEL (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): >= 100 mg/l
  Exposure time: 72 h
  Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

- Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity): NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 10 mg/l
  Exposure time: 21 d
  Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
Paraflin oil:

Toxicity to fish: LL50 (Scophthalmus maximus (turbot)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EL50 (Acartia tonsa): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants: EL50 (Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

NOELR (Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom)): > 1 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Salicylic acid:

Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 1,380 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 870 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants: EC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity): NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 10 mg/l
Exposure time: 21 d

Betamethasone:

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 (Americamysis): > 50 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants: EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 34 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 34 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
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Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity):
- NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 0.052 mg/l
  Exposure time: 32 d
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 210
- NOEC (Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka)): 0.07 µg/l
  Exposure time: 219 d
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 229

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity):
- NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 8 mg/l
  Exposure time: 21 d
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity):
- 1,000

Persistence and degradability

Components:

Petrolatum:
- Biodegradability: Result: Not readily biodegradable.
  Biodegradation: 31 %
  Exposure time: 28 d
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Paraffin oil:
- Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: > 4
  Remarks: Calculation

Salicylic acid:
- Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 2.25

Betamethasone:
- Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 2.11

Mobility in soil
- No data available

Hazardous to the ozone layer
- Not applicable

Other adverse effects
- No data available
13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods
Waste from residues: Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated packaging: Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG
UN number: UN 3077
Proper shipping name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S.
(betamethasone)
Class: 9
Packing group: III
Labels: 9

IATA-DGR
UN/ID No.: UN 3077
Proper shipping name: Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s.
(betamethasone)
Class: 9
Packing group: III
Labels: Miscellaneous
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft): 956
Packing instruction (passenger aircraft): 956
Environmentally hazardous: yes

IMDG-Code
UN number: UN 3077
Proper shipping name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S.
(betamethasone)
Class: 9
Packing group: III
Labels: 9
EmS Code: F-A, S-F
Marine pollutant: yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable for product as supplied.

National Regulations
Refer to section 15 for specific national regulation.

Special precautions for user
The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet.
15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Related Regulations

Fire Service Law
Not applicable to dangerous materials / designated flammables.

Chemical Substance Control Law
Not applicable for Specified Chemical Substance, Monitoring Chemical Substance and Priority Assessment Chemical Substance.

Industrial Safety and Health Law

Harmful Substances Prohibited from Manufacture
Not applicable

Harmful Substances Required Permission for Manufacture
Not applicable

Substances Prevented From Impairment of Health
Not applicable

Circular concerning Information on Chemicals having Mutagenicity - Annex 2: Information on Existing Chemicals having Mutagenicity
Not applicable

Circular concerning Information on Chemicals having Mutagenicity - Annex 1: Information on Notified Substances having Mutagenicity
Not applicable

Substances Subject to be Notified Names
Article 57-2 (Enforcement Order Table 9)

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<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>Number</th>
<th>Concentration (%)</th>
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<td>Mineral oil</td>
<td>168</td>
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Substances Subject to be Indicated Names
Article 57 (Enforcement Order Article 18)

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<th>Number</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mineral oil</td>
<td>168</td>
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Ordinance on Prevention of Hazards Due to Specified Chemical Substances
Not applicable

Ordinance on Prevention of Lead Poisoning
Not applicable

Ordinance on Prevention of Tetraalkyl Lead Poisoning
Not applicable

Ordinance on Prevention of Organic Solvent Poisoning
Not applicable
SAFETY DATA SHEET

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Enforcement Order of the Industrial Safety and Health Law - Attached table 1 (Dangerous Substances)
Not applicable

Poisonous and Deleterious Substances Control Law
Not applicable

Act on Confirmation, etc. of Release Amounts of Specific Chemical Substances in the Environment and Promotion of Improvements to the Management Thereof
Not applicable

High Pressure Gas Safety Act
Not applicable

Explosive Control Law
Not applicable

Vessel Safety Law
Miscellaneous dangerous substances and articles (Article 2 and 3 of rules on shipping and storage of dangerous goods and its Attached Table 1)

Aviation Law
Miscellaneous dangerous substances and articles (Article 194 of The Enforcement Rules of Aviation Law and its Attached Table 1)

Marine Pollution and Sea Disaster Prevention etc Law
Bulk transportation : Noxious liquid substance (Category Y)
Pack transportation : Classified as marine pollutant

Narcotics and Psychotropics Control Act
Narcotic or Psychotropics Raw Material (Export / Import Permission)
Not applicable

Specific Narcotic or Psychotropic Raw Material (Export / Import permission)
Not applicable

Waste Disposal and Public Cleansing Law
Industrial waste

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:
AICS : not determined
DSL : not determined
IECSC : not determined

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information
## SAFETY DATA SHEET

**Betamethasone / Salicylic Acid Ointment Formulation**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Version</th>
<th>Revision Date</th>
<th>SDS Number</th>
<th>Date of last issue: 2020/10/10</th>
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<tr>
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<td>2021/04/09</td>
<td>1841142-00012</td>
<td>Date of first issue: 2017/08/21</td>
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Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.

**Date format**: yyyy/mm/dd

**Full text of other abbreviations**

- ACGIH: USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

**ACGIH / TWA**: 8-hour, time-weighted average

**JP OEL JSOH / OEL-M**: Occupational Exposure Limit-Mean

**AIIC** - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; **ANTT** - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; **ASTM** - American Society for the Testing of Materials; **bw** - Body weight; **CMR** - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; **DIN** - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; **DSL** - Domestic Substances List (Canada); **ECx** - Concentration associated with x% response; **EmS** - Emergency Schedule; **ENCS** - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); **ErCx** - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; **ERG** - Emergency Response Guide; **GHS** - Globally Harmonized System; **GLP** - Good Laboratory Practice; **IARC** - International Agency for Research on Cancer; **IATA** - International Air Transport Association; **IECSC** - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; **IMDG** - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; **IMO** - International Maritime Organization; **ISHL** - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); **ISO** - International Organisation for Standardization; **KECI** - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; **LC50** - Lethal Concentration to 50% of a test population; **LD50** - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); **MARPOL** - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; **Nch** - Chilean Norm; **NO(A)EC** - Not Otherwise Specified; **NO(A)EL** - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; **NO(A)ELx** - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; **NOELR** - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; **NOM** - Official Mexican Norm; **NTP** - National Toxicology Program; **NZIoC** - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; **OECD** - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development; **OPPTS** - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; **PBT** - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; **PICCS** - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; **(Q)SAR** - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; **REACH** - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; **SADT** - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; **SDS** - Safety Data Sheet; **TCSI** - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; **TDG** - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; **TSCA** - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); **UN** - United Nations; **UNRTDG** - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; **vPvB** - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; **WHMIS** - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user’s end product, if applicable.