according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



Desogestrel Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09/26/2023 8.2 04/06/2024 21987-00026 Date of first issue: 10/15/2014

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name : Desogestrel Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company name of supplier : Organon & Co.

Address : 30 Hudson Street, 33nd floor

Jersey City, New Jersey, U.S.A 07302

Telephone : 1-551-430-6000 Emergency telephone : 1-215-631-6999

E-mail address : EHSSTEWARD@organon.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Pharmaceutical Restrictions on use : Not applicable

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Combustible dust

Carcinogenicity (Inhalation) : Category 2

Reproductive toxicity : Category 1B

Specific target organ toxicity

- repeated exposure

Category 1 (Pituitary gland, Uterus (including cervix), Ovary,

Mammary gland, Prostate)

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal Word : Danger

Hazard Statements : If small particles are generated during further processing, han-

dling or by other means, may form combustible dust concentra-

tions in air.

H351 Suspected of causing cancer if inhaled.

H360Fd May damage fertility. Suspected of damaging the un-

born child.

H372 Causes damage to organs (Pituitary gland, Uterus (including cervix), Ovary, Mammary gland, Prostate) through prolonged

or repeated exposure.

Precautionary Statements : Prevention:

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



Desogestrel Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09/26/2023 04/06/2024 21987-00026 Date of first issue: 10/15/2014 8.2

and understood.

P260 Do not breathe dust.

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. P280 Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection

and face protection.

Response:

P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention.

Storage:

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents and container to an approved waste

disposal plant.

Other hazards

Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation.

Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of the skin.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture Mixture

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Starch, oxidized	65996-62-5	>= 5 - < 10
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	>= 0.1 - < 1
Desogestrel	54024-22-5	>= 0.1 - < 1

Actual concentration is withheld as a trade secret

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical

advice immediately.

When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical

advice.

If inhaled If inhaled, remove to fresh air.

Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty

of water.

Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.

Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse.

Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact If in eyes, rinse well with water.

Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

If swallowed If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.

Get medical attention.

Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Suspected of causing cancer if inhaled. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and

May damage fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



Desogestrel Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09/26/2023 8.2 04/06/2024 21987-00026 Date of first issue: 10/15/2014

delayed child.

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of

the skin.

Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation.

Protection of first-aiders : First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection,

and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically and supportively.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray

Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

None known.

Specific hazards during fire

fighting

Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient

concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a

potential dust explosion hazard.

Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion prod-

ucts

Carbon oxides

Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir-

cumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do

SO.

Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment:

for fire-fighters

In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Use personal protective equipment.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment.

Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

Environmental precautions : Avoid release to the environment.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable

container for disposal.

Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces

with compressed air).

Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



Desogestrel Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09/26/2023 8.2 04/06/2024 21987-00026 Date of first issue: 10/15/2014

surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to

determine which regulations are applicable.

Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding

certain local or national requirements.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures : Static electricity may accumulate and ignite suspended dust

causing an explosion.

Provide adequate precautions, such as electrical grounding

and bonding, or inert atmospheres.

Local/Total ventilation : If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust

ventilation.

Advice on safe handling : Do not get on skin or clothing.

Do not breathe dust. Do not swallow.

Avoid contact with eyes.

Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure

assessment

Keep container tightly closed.

Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Keep container closed when not in use. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the

environment.

Conditions for safe storage : Keep in properly labeled containers.

Store locked up. Keep tightly closed.

Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid : Do not store with the following product types:

Strong oxidizing agents

Self-reactive substances and mixtures

Organic peroxides

Explosives Gases

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

inert or nuisance dust 50 Million particles per cubic foot

Value type (Form of exposure): TWA (total dust)

Basis: OSHA Z-3

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



Desogestrel Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09/26/2023 8.2 04/06/2024 21987-00026 Date of first issue: 10/15/2014

15 mg/m³

Value type (Form of exposure): TWA (total dust)

Basis: OSHA Z-3

5 mg/m³

Value type (Form of exposure): TWA (respirable fraction)

Basis: OSHA Z-3

15 Million particles per cubic foot

Value type (Form of exposure): TWA (respirable fraction)

Basis: OSHA Z-3

Dust, nuisance dust and par-

ticulates

10 mg/m³

Value type (Form of exposure): PEL (Total dust)

Basis: CAL PEL

5 mg/m³

Value type (Form of exposure): PEL (respirable dust fraction)

Basis: CAL PEL

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Starch, oxidized	65996-62-5	TWA (inhal- able dust)	0.5 mg/m ³	ACGIH
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	TWA (total dust)	15 mg/m³	OSHA Z-1
Desogestrel	54024-22-5	TWA	0.04 μg/m3 (OEB 5)	Internal
		Wipe limit	0.4 µg/100 cm ²	Internal

Engineering measures

Use closed processing systems or containment technologies to control at source (e.g., glove boxes/isolators) and to prevent leakage of compounds into the workplace.

All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to

protect products, workers, and the environment.

No open handling permitted.

Totally enclosed processes and materials transport systems

are required.

Operations require the use of appropriate containment technology designed to prevent leakage of compounds into the workplace.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection

General and local exhaust ventilation is recommended to maintain vapor exposures below recommended limits. Where

concentrations are above recommended limits or are unknown, appropriate respiratory protection should be worn. Follow OSHA respirator regulations (29 CFR 1910.134) and use NIOSH/MSHA approved respirators. Protection provided

by air purifying respirators against exposure to any

hazardous chemical is limited. Use a positive pressure air

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



Desogestrel Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09/26/2023 8.2 04/06/2024 21987-00026 Date of first issue: 10/15/2014

supplied respirator if there is any potential for uncontrolled

release, exposure levels are unknown, or any other

circumstance where air purifying respirators may not provide

adequate protection.

Hand protection

Material : Chemical-resistant gloves

Remarks : Consider double gloving.

Eye protection : Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.

If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions,

mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.

Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or

aerosols.

Skin and body protection : Work uniform or laboratory coat.

Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets,

disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces.

Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially

contaminated clothing.

Hygiene measures : If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide

eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the

working place.

When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the

use of administrative controls.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : powder

Color : white

Odor : No data available

Odor Threshold : No data available

pH : No data available

Melting point/freezing point : No data available

Initial boiling point and boiling

range

No data available

Flash point : Not applicable

Evaporation rate : Not applicable

Flammability (solid, gas) : May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing,

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



Desogestrel Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09/26/2023 8.2 04/06/2024 21987-00026 Date of first issue: 10/15/2014

handling or other means.

Flammability (liquids) : No data available

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower

flammability limit

No data available

Vapor pressure : Not applicable

Relative vapor density : Not applicable

Relative density : No data available

Density : No data available

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : No data available

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

Not applicable

Autoignition temperature : No data available

Decomposition temperature : No data available

Viscosity

Viscosity, kinematic : Not applicable

Explosive properties : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

Particle characteristics

Particle size : No data available

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard. Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reac-

tions

May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing,

handling or other means.

Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames and sparks.

Avoid dust formation. Oxidizing agents

Incompatible materials

Hazardous decomposition

products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



Desogestrel Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09/26/2023 8.2 04/06/2024 21987-00026 Date of first issue: 10/15/2014

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation Skin contact Ingestion Eye contact

Acute toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Titanium dioxide:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 6.82 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Desogestrel:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 2,000 mg/kg

LD50 (Mouse, male and female): > 2,000 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Titanium dioxide:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Titanium dioxide:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization

Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitization

Not classified based on available information.

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



Desogestrel Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09/26/2023 8.2 04/06/2024 21987-00026 Date of first issue: 10/15/2014

Components:

Titanium dioxide:

Test Type : Local lymph node assay (LLNA)

Routes of exposure : Skin contact
Species : Mouse
Result : negative

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Titanium dioxide:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: In vivo micronucleus test

Species: Mouse Result: negative

Desogestrel:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Micronucleus test

Species: Rat

Application Route: Intraperitoneal

Result: negative

Carcinogenicity

Suspected of causing cancer if inhaled.

Components:

Titanium dioxide:

Species : Rat

Application Route : inhalation (dust/mist/fume)

Exposure time : 2 Years

Method : OECD Test Guideline 453

Result : positive

Remarks : The mechanism or mode of action may not be relevant in hu-

mans.

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

: Limited evidence of carcinogenicity in inhalation studies with

animals.

Desogestrel:

ment

Species : Rat
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 104 weeks
Result : negative

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



Desogestrel Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09/26/2023 8.2 04/06/2024 21987-00026 Date of first issue: 10/15/2014

Species : Mouse
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 81 weeks
Result : negative

IARC Group 2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans

Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7

OSHANo component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is

on OSHA's list of regulated carcinogens.

NTP No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is

identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

Reproductive toxicity

May damage fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Components:

Desogestrel:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development

Species: Rabbit, female

Fertility: LOAEL Parent: 2 mg/kg body weight

Result: Effects on fertility.

Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development

Species: Rat, female

Fertility: NOAEL Parent: 0.5 mg/kg body weight

Result: No effects on fertility.

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rabbit, female Application Route: Oral

Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL F1: 1 mg/kg body weight Result: Embryotoxic effects and adverse effects on the offenting were detected. No terratogenic effects

offspring were detected., No teratogenic effects.

Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rat, female Application Route: Oral

Embryo-fetal toxicity.: LOAEC Parent: 0.125 mg/kg body

weight

Result: No teratogenic effects.

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

Clear evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility, based on animal experiments., Some evidence of

adverse effects on development, based on animal

experiments.

STOT-single exposure

Not classified based on available information.

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



Desogestrel Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09/26/2023 8.2 04/06/2024 21987-00026 Date of first issue: 10/15/2014

STOT-repeated exposure

Causes damage to organs (Pituitary gland, Uterus (including cervix), Ovary, Mammary gland, Prostate) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Components:

Desogestrel:

Target Organs : Pituitary gland, Uterus (including cervix), Ovary, Mammary

gland, Prostate

Assessment : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Starch, oxidized:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : 22,500 mg/kg Application Route : Ingestion Exposure time : 90 Days

Titanium dioxide:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : 24,000 mg/kg Application Route : Ingestion Exposure time : 28 Days

Species : Rat NOAEL : 10 mg/m³

Application Route : inhalation (dust/mist/fume)

Exposure time : 2 y

Desogestrel:

Species : Rat, female LOAEL : 0.00625 mg/kg

Application Route : Oral Exposure time : 26 Weeks

Target Organs : Pituitary gland, Uterus (including cervix), Ovary, Mammary

gland

Species : Rat

LOAEL : 0.005 mg/kg

Application Route : Oral Exposure time : 52 Weeks

Target Organs : Pituitary gland, Uterus (including cervix), Ovary, Mammary

gland

Species : Dog

LOAEL : 0.005 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 52 Weeks

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



Desogestrel Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09/26/2023 8.2 04/06/2024 21987-00026 Date of first issue: 10/15/2014

Target Organs : Pituitary gland, Uterus (including cervix), Ovary, Mammary

gland, Prostate

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Experience with human exposure

Components:

Desogestrel:

Ingestion : Symptoms: Headache, changes in libido, Dizziness, Nausea,

Vomiting, Diarrhea, water retention, sodium retention, Gastrointestinal discomfort, mental depression, amenorhea, insomnia, impaired glucose tolerance, pulmonary embolism

Target Organs: Uterus (including cervix)

Target Organs: Mammary gland

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

Titanium dioxide:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom)): > 10,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50: > 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Desogestrel:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 4 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Method: FDA 4.11

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 1.3 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 3.9 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



Desogestrel Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09/26/2023 8.2 04/06/2024 21987-00026 Date of first issue: 10/15/2014

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 0.059 mg/l

Exposure time: 32 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 210

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

NOEC (Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka)): 0.0000027 mg/l

Exposure time: 183 d

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 1.2 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50: > 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Test Type: Respiration inhibition Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

NOEC: 70.8 mg/l Exposure time: 3 h

Test Type: Respiration inhibition

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Persistence and degradability

Components:

Desogestrel:

Stability in water : Hydrolysis: < 10 %(5 d)

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Desogestrel:

Bioaccumulation : Species: Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 128

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 3.5

Mobility in soil

Components:

Desogestrel:

Distribution among environ: log Koc: 2.84

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



Desogestrel Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09/26/2023 8.2 04/06/2024 21987-00026 Date of first issue: 10/15/2014

mental compartments

Other adverse effects

No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues : Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Do not dispose of waste into sewer.

Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste

handling site for recycling or disposal.

If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG

UN number : UN 3077

Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID,

N.O.S.

(Desogestrel)

Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9
Environmentally hazardous : yes

IATA-DGR

UN/ID No. : UN 3077

Proper shipping name : Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s.

(Desogestrel)

Class : 9 Packing group : III

Labels : Miscellaneous

Packing instruction (cargo

aircraft)

Packing instruction (passen- : 956

ger aircraft)

Environmentally hazardous : yes

IMDG-Code

UN number : UN 3077

Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID,

N.O.S.

956

(Desogestrel)

Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9
EmS Code : F-A, S-F
Marine pollutant : yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



Desogestrel Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09/26/2023 8.2 04/06/2024 21987-00026 Date of first issue: 10/15/2014

Domestic regulation

49 CFR

UN/ID/NA number : UN 3077

Proper shipping name : Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s.

(Desogestrel)

Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : CLASS 9
ERG Code : 171

Marine pollutant : yes(Desogestrel)

Remarks : Above applies only to containers over 119 gallons or 450

liters

Shipment by ground under DOT is non-regulated; however it may be shipped per the applicable hazard classification to facilitate multi-modal transport involving ICAO (IATA) or IMO.

Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

CERCLA Reportable Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a CERCLA RQ.

SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Threshold Planning Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 302 EHS TPQ.

SARA 311/312 Hazards : Combustible dust

Carcinogenicity
Reproductive toxicity

Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)

SARA 313 : This material does not contain any chemical components with

known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

US State Regulations

Pennsylvania Right To Know

D-Glucose, 4-O-β-D-galactopyranosyl-, monohydrate 64044-51-5 Starch, oxidized 65996-62-5

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Titanium dioxide, which is/are known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



Desogestrel Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09/26/2023 8.2 04/06/2024 21987-00026 Date of first issue: 10/15/2014

California List of Hazardous Substances

Polyvinyl pyrrolidone 9003-39-8

California Permissible Exposure Limits for Chemical Contaminants

Starch, oxidized 65996-62-5

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:

AICS : not determined

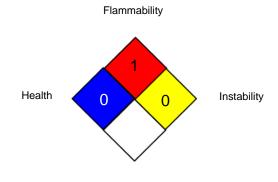
DSL : not determined

IECSC : not determined

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

NFPA 704:



Special hazard

HMIS® IV:



HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. The "*" represents a chronic hazard, while the "/" represents the absence of a chronic hazard.

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

CAL PEL : California permissible exposure limits for chemical contami-

nants (Title 8, Article 107)

OSHA Z-1 : USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Lim-

its for Air Contaminants

OSHA Z-3 : USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-3 Min-

eral Dusts

ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average CAL PEL / PEL : Permissible exposure limit OSHA Z-1 / TWA : 8-hour time weighted average OSHA Z-3 / TWA : 8-hour time weighted average

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



Desogestrel Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09/26/2023 8.2 04/06/2024 21987-00026 Date of first issue: 10/15/2014

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DOT - Department of Transportation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; EHS - Extremely Hazardous Substance; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; HMIS - Hazardous Materials Identification System; IARC -International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; MSHA - Mine Safety and Health Administration; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NFPA - National Fire Protection Association; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship: RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RQ - Reportable Quantity; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Sources of key data used to compile the Material Safety

Data Sheet

Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agen-

cy, http://echa.europa.eu/

Revision Date : 04/06/2024

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.

US / Z8