SECTION 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name: Ezetimibe / Atorvastatin Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier’s details
Company: Organon & Co.
Address: 30 Hudson Street, 33nd floor
Jersey City, New Jersey, U.S.A 07302
Telephone: 551-430-6000
Emergency telephone number: 215-631-6999
E-mail address: EHSSTEWARD@organon.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use: Pharmaceutical

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Oral): Category 2 (Liver, muscle)

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms: 

Signal word: Warning

Hazard statements: H373 May cause damage to organs (Liver, muscle) through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.

Precautionary statements: Prevention:
P260 Do not breathe dust.

Response:
P314 Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

Disposal:
P501 Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards which do not result in classification
Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation.
Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of the skin.
May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.
SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance / Mixture</th>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mixture</td>
<td>Cellulose</td>
<td>9004-34-6</td>
<td>&gt;= 10 - &lt; 30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Atorvastatin</td>
<td>134523-03-8</td>
<td>&gt;= 10 - &lt; 30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Ezetimibe</td>
<td>163222-33-1</td>
<td>&lt; 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Magnesium stearate</td>
<td>557-04-0</td>
<td>&lt; 10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

**General advice**: In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

**If inhaled**: If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

**In case of skin contact**: Wash with water and soap. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

**In case of eye contact**: If in eyes, rinse well with water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

**If swallowed**: If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

**Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed. Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of the skin. Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation.

**Protection of first-aiders**: First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

**Notes to physician**: Treat symptomatically and supportively.

SECTION 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

**Suitable extinguishing media**: Water spray
Alcohol-resistant foam
Carbon dioxide (CO2)

**Unsuitable extinguishing media**: None known.

**Specific hazards during firefighting**: Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a potential dust explosion hazard. Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

**Hazardous combustion products**: Carbon oxides
Nitrogen oxides (NOx)
Fluorine compounds
Metal oxides
Specific extinguishing methods: Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so. Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment for firefighters: In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal protective equipment.

Hazchem Code: 2Z

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures: Use personal protective equipment. Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

Environmental precautions: Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up: Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal. Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces with compressed air). Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable. Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures: Static electricity may accumulate and ignite suspended dust causing an explosion. Provide adequate precautions, such as electrical grounding and bonding, or inert atmospheres.

Local/Total ventilation: Use only with adequate ventilation.

Advice on safe handling: Do not breathe dust. Do not swallow. Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment. Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Keep container closed when not in use. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.
Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

**Hygiene measures**: If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use. The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

**Conditions for safe storage**: Keep in properly labelled containers. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

**Materials to avoid**: Do not store with the following product types: Strong oxidizing agents

### SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### Components with workplace control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cellulose</td>
<td>9004-34-6</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>AU OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Atorvastatin</td>
<td>134523-03-8</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>0.05 mg/m³ (OEB 3)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Wipe limit</td>
<td>0.5 mg/100 cm²</td>
<td>Internal</td>
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<tr>
<td>Ezetimibe</td>
<td>163222-33-1</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>25 µg/m³ (OEB 3)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Wipe limit</td>
<td>250 µg/100 cm²</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Magnesium stearate</td>
<td>557-04-0</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>AU OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (Respirable particulate matter)</td>
<td>3 mg/m³</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Engineering measures**: All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment. Containment technologies suitable for controlling compounds are required to control at source and to prevent migration of the compound to uncontrolled areas (e.g., open-face containment devices). Minimize open handling.
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Ezetimibe / Atorvastatin Formulation

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection: If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

Filter type: Particulates type

Hand protection: Chemical-resistant gloves

Remarks: Consider double gloving.

Eye protection:
- Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.
- If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.
- Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

Skin and body protection:
- Work uniform or laboratory coat.
- Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces.
- Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially contaminated clothing.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance: powder

Colour: off-white

Odour: No data available

Odour Threshold: No data available

pH: No data available

Melting point/freezing point: No data available

Initial boiling point and boiling range: No data available

Flash point: Not applicable

Evaporation rate: No data available

Flammability (solid, gas): May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.

Flammability (liquids): No data available

Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit: No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit: No data available
### SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Reactivity</td>
<td>Not classified as a reactivity hazard.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chemical stability</td>
<td>Stable under normal conditions.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Possibility of hazardous reac-</td>
<td>May form explosive dust-air mixture during</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>tions</td>
<td>processing, handling or other means.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Can react with strong oxidizing agents.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Conditions to avoid</td>
<td>Heat, flames and sparks.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Avoid dust formation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Incompatible materials</td>
<td>Oxidizing agents</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hazardous decomposition products</td>
<td>No hazardous decomposition products are known.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### Exposure routes
- Inhalation
- Skin contact
- Ingestion
- Eye contact

#### Acute toxicity
Not classified based on available information.
### Components:

**Cellulose:**
- **Acute oral toxicity:** LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg  
- **Acute inhalation toxicity:** LC50 (Rat): > 5.8 mg/l  
  Exposure time: 4 h  
  Test atmosphere: dust/mist  
- **Acute dermal toxicity:** LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

**Atorvastatin:**
- **Acute oral toxicity:** LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 5,000 mg/kg  
  LD50 (Mouse, male and female): > 5,000 mg/kg

**Ezetimibe:**
- **Acute oral toxicity:** LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg  
  LD50 (Mouse): > 5,000 mg/kg  
  LD50 (Dog): > 3,000 mg/kg  
- **Acute inhalation toxicity:** Remarks: No data available  
- **Acute dermal toxicity:** Remarks: No data available  
- **Acute toxicity (other routes of administration):** LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg  
  Application Route: Intraperitoneal  
  LD50 (Mouse): > 1,000 - < 2,000 mg/kg  
  Application Route: Intraperitoneal

**Magnesium stearate:**
- **Acute oral toxicity:** LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg  
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 423  
  Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral toxicity  
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

- **Acute dermal toxicity:** LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg  
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Skin corrosion/irritation**
Not classified based on available information.

### Components:

**Atorvastatin:**
- **Species:** Rabbit  
- **Result:** No skin irritation
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Ezetimibe / Atorvastatin Formulation

Version: 4.5
Revision Date: 16.10.2020
SDS Number: 26469-00015
Date of last issue: 23.03.2020
Date of first issue: 29.10.2014

Ezetimibe:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No skin irritation

Magnesium stearate:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No skin irritation
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Atorvastatin:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation
Method: Draize Test

Ezetimibe:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation

Magnesium stearate:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation
Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitisation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Atorvastatin:
Test Type: Maximisation Test
Exposure routes: Skin contact
Species: Guinea pig
Result: negative

Ezetimibe:
Test Type: Maximisation Test
Species: Guinea pig
Result: negative

Magnesium stearate:
Test Type: Maximisation Test
Exposure routes: Skin contact
Species: Guinea pig
Method: OECD Test Guideline 406
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Chronic toxicity

Germ cell mutagenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Cellulose:
Genotoxicity in vitro:
Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative
Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo:
Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

Atorvastatin:
Genotoxicity in vitro:
Test Type: reverse mutation assay
Test system: Salmonella typhimurium
Result: negative
Test Type: reverse mutation assay
Test system: Escherichia coli
Result: negative
Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Test system: Chinese hamster lung cells
Result: negative
Test Type: sister chromatid exchange assay
Test system: Chinese hamster lung cells
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo:
Test Type: In vivo micronucleus test
Species: Mouse
Cell type: Bone marrow
Application Route: Oral
Result: negative

Ezetimibe:
Genotoxicity in vitro:
Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation
Result: negative
Test Type: Chromosomal aberration  
Test system: Human lymphocytes  
Result: negative  

Genotoxicity in vivo:  
Test Type: Micronucleus test  
Species: Mouse  
Cell type: Bone marrow  
Application Route: Oral  
Result: negative  

Magnesium stearate:  
Genotoxicity in vitro:  
Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test  
Result: negative  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials  

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 473  
Result: negative  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials  

Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)  
Result: negative  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials  

Carcinogenicity  
Not classified based on available information.  

Components:  

Cellulose:  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Exposure time: 72 weeks  
Result: negative  

Atorvastatin:  
Species: Mouse, male and female  
Application Route: oral (gavage)  
Exposure time: 2 Years  
NOAEL: 200 mg/kg body weight  
LOAEL: 400 mg/kg body weight  
Result: negative  
Target Organs: Liver  

Species: Rat, female  
Application Route: oral (gavage)  
Exposure time: 2 Years  
LOAEL: 100 mg/kg body weight  
Target Organs: Musculo-skeletal system
Ezetimibe:
Species : Rat, female
Application Route : oral (feed)
Exposure time : 104 weeks
Result : negative

Species : Rat, male
Application Route : oral (feed)
Exposure time : 104 weeks
Result : negative

Species : Mouse
Application Route : oral (feed)
Exposure time : 104 weeks
Result : negative

Reproductive toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Cellulose:
Effects on fertility : Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

Effects on foetal development : Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

Atorvastatin:
Effects on fertility : Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development
Species: Rat, female
Fertility: NOAEL: 225 mg/kg body weight
Result: No effects on fertility

Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development
Species: Rat, male
Fertility: NOAEL: 175 mg/kg body weight
Result: No effects on fertility

Effects on foetal development : Species: Rat, female
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 20 mg/kg body weight
Result: No teratogenic effects, Embryo-foetal toxicity
Remarks: Maternal toxicity observed.

Species: Rabbit, female
Application Route: Oral
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 100 mg/kg body weight
Result: No embryo-foetal toxicity
Ezetimibe:
Effects on fertility : Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development
Species: Rat, male and female
Fertility: NOAEL: > 1,000 mg/kg body weight
Result: No effects on fertility, No fetotoxicity

Effects on foetal development : Test Type: Development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: > 1,000 mg/kg body weight
Result: No adverse effects

Magnesium stearate:
Effects on fertility : Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 422
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on foetal development : Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

STOT - single exposure
Not classified based on available information.

STOT - repeated exposure
May cause damage to organs (Liver, muscle) through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.

Components:
Atorvastatin:
Exposure routes : Ingestion
Target Organs : Liver, muscle
Assessment : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Cellulose:
Species : Rat
### NOAEL

**Application Route:** Ingestion  
**Exposure time:** 90 Days

### Atorvastatin:

**Species:** Rat, male and female  
**LOAEL:** 70 mg/kg  
**Application Route:** oral (gavage)  
**Exposure time:** 52 Weeks  
**Target Organs:** Liver  
**Remarks:** No significant adverse effects were reported

**Species:** Dog  
**LOAEL:** 10 mg/kg  
**Application Route:** oral (gavage)  
**Exposure time:** 104 Weeks  
**Target Organs:** Liver  
**Remarks:** No significant adverse effects were reported

### Ezetimibe:

**Species:** Dog  
**NOAEL:** 1,000 mg/kg  
**Application Route:** Oral  
**Exposure time:** 90 d  
**Remarks:** No significant adverse effects were reported

**Species:** Rat  
**NOAEL:** 1,500 mg/kg  
**Application Route:** Oral  
**Exposure time:** 90 d  
**Remarks:** No significant adverse effects were reported

**Species:** Mouse  
**NOAEL:** 500 mg/kg  
**Application Route:** Oral  
**Exposure time:** 90 d  
**Remarks:** No significant adverse effects were reported

**Species:** Dog  
**NOAEL:** 300 mg/kg  
**Application Route:** Oral  
**Exposure time:** 1 yr  
**Remarks:** No significant adverse effects were reported

### Magnesium stearate:

**Species:** Rat  
**NOAEL:** > 100 mg/kg  
**Application Route:** Ingestion  
**Exposure time:** 90 Days  
**Remarks:** Based on data from similar materials

### Aspiration toxicity

Not classified based on available information.
Components:

Ezetimibe: Not applicable

Experience with human exposure

Components:

Atorvastatin:
Ingestion: Symptoms: muscle pain, Fatigue, stomach discomfort, Abdominal pain, constipation, flatulence, liver function change

Ezetimibe:
Ingestion: Symptoms: Headache, Nausea, Vomiting, Diarrhoea, flatulence, muscle pain, upper respiratory tract infection, Back pain, joint pain

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

Cellulose:
Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:
EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 200 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:
EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 108 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 14 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity):
NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 0.49 mg/l
Exposure time: 33 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 210

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity):
NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.2 mg/l
Exposure time: 21 d
ic toxicity) Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Toxicity to microorganisms: EC50: > 1,000 mg/l Exposure time: 3 h Test Type: Respiration inhibition

Ezetimibe:

Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 0.125 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 203 Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 4 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 202 Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants: EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 0.317 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.317 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity): NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 0.051 mg/l Exposure time: 33 d Method: OECD Test Guideline 210

NOEC (Cyprinodon variegatus (sheepshead minnow)): 4 mg/l Exposure time: 7 d Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity): NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.282 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility

Toxicity to microorganisms: EC50: > 4.4 mg/l Exposure time: 3 h Test Type: Respiration inhibition Method: OECD Test Guideline 209 Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility

NOEC: 4.4 mg/l Exposure time: 3 h Test Type: Respiration inhibition Method: OECD Test Guideline 209 Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility

Magnesium stearate:
Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe)): > 100 mg/l  
Exposure time: 48 h  
Method: DIN 38412  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1 mg/l  
Exposure time: 47 h  
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials  
No toxicity at the limit of solubility

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants: EL50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 1 mg/l  
Exposure time: 72 h  
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials  
No toxicity at the limit of solubility  
NOELR (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 1 mg/l  
Exposure time: 72 h  
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to microorganisms: EC10 (Pseudomonas putida): > 100 mg/l  
Exposure time: 16 h  
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Persistence and degradability

Components:

Cellulose:
Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable.

Atorvastatin:
Biodegradability: Result: Not readily biodegradable.  
Biodegradation: 7.7 %  
Exposure time: 28 d  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 314

Ezetimibe:
Biodegradability: Result: Not readily biodegradable.  
Biodegradation: 6.8 %  
Exposure time: 28 d

Stability in water: Hydrolysis: 50 % (4.5 d)  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 111
Magnesium stearate:
Biodegradability: Result: Not biodegradable
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Atorvastatin:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 1.62

Ezetimibe:
Bioaccumulation:
Species: Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)
Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 173
Exposure time: 97 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 305
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 4.36

Magnesium stearate:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: > 4

Mobility in soil

Components:

Atorvastatin:
Distribution among environmental compartments: log Koc: 2.84

Ezetimibe:
Distribution among environmental compartments: log Koc: 4.35
Method: OECD Test Guideline 106

Other adverse effects
No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods
Waste from residues: Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated packaging:
Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.
If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG
UN number: UN 3077
## Proper shipping name
ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Ezetimibe, Atorvastatin)

### Class
9

### Packing group
III

### Labels
9

### IATA-DGR

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<th>Proper shipping name</th>
<th>Class</th>
<th>Packing group</th>
<th>Labels</th>
<th>Packing instruction (cargo aircraft)</th>
<th>Packing instruction (passenger aircraft)</th>
<th>Environmentally hazardous</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>UN 3077</td>
<td>Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (Ezetimibe, Atorvastatin)</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>III</td>
<td>Miscellaneous</td>
<td>956</td>
<td>956</td>
<td>yes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### IMDG-Code

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>UN number</th>
<th>Proper shipping name</th>
<th>Class</th>
<th>Packing group</th>
<th>Labels</th>
<th>EmS Code</th>
<th>Marine pollutant</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>UN 3077</td>
<td>Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, N.O.S. (Ezetimibe, Atorvastatin)</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>III</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>F-A, S-F</td>
<td>yes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Not applicable for product as supplied.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### National Regulations

**ADG**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>UN number</th>
<th>Proper shipping name</th>
<th>Class</th>
<th>Packing group</th>
<th>Labels</th>
<th>Hazchem Code</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>UN 3077</td>
<td>Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, N.O.S. (Ezetimibe, Atorvastatin)</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>III</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>2Z</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

## SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
Prohibition/Licensing Requirements: There is no applicable prohibition, authorisation and restricted use requirements, including for carcinogens referred to in Schedule 10 of the model WHS Act and Regulations.

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

- **AICS**: not determined
- **DSL**: not determined
- **IECSC**: not determined

**SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION**

Further information

- **Revision Date**: 16.10.2020
- **Date format**: dd.mm.yyyy

Full text of other abbreviations

- **ACGIH**: USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
- **AU OEL**: Australia. Workplace Exposure Standards for Airborne Contaminants.
- **ACGIH / TWA**: 8-hour, time-weighted average
- **AU OEL / TWA**: Exposure standard - time weighted average

Abbreviations:

- AICL - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals
- ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil
- ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials
- bw - Body weight
- CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant
- DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation
- DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada)
- ECx - Concentration associated with x% response
- ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response
- EmS - Emergency Schedule
- ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan)
- ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response
- ERG - Emergency Response Guide
- GHS - Globally Harmonized System
- GLP - Good Laboratory Practice
- IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer
- IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization
- IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk
- ICD - International Classification of Diseases
- IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration
- ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization
- IECS - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances
- IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods
- IMO - International Maritime Organization
- ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan)
- ISO - International Organisation for Standardization
- KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory
- LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50% of a test population
- LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population
- MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships
- n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified
- Nch - Chilean Norm
- NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration
- NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level
- NTP - National Toxicology Program
- NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
- OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development
- NAG - No Adverse (Adverse) Effect Level
- n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified
- Nch - Chilean Norm
- NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration
- NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level
- NTP - National Toxicology Program
- NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
- OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Ezetimibe / Atorvastatin Formulation

Version 4.5  Revision Date: 16.10.2020  SDS Number: 26469-00015  Date of last issue: 23.03.2020

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user’s end product, if applicable.

AU / EN