

# Ezetimibe / Rosuvastatin Formulation



Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 23.03.2020 10.10.2020 3177572-00007 Date of first issue: 18.09.2018 2.1

### **SECTION 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION**

Product name : Ezetimibe / Rosuvastatin Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company : Organon & Co.

Address Rua Treze de Maio, 1161

Campinas, São Paulo, Brazil B-2220

Telephone 551-430-6000

215-631-6999 Emergency telephone

E-mail address EHSSTEWARD@organon.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use Pharmaceutical

### **SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

GHS Classification in accordance with ABNT NBR 14725 Standard

Skin irritation Category 3

Carcinogenicity Category 1B

Reproductive toxicity Category 1B

single exposure (Oral)

Specific target organ toxicity - : Category 2 (Liver, Kidney, muscle)

Specific target organ toxicity - : Category 2 (Eye)

repeated exposure (Oral)

Long-term (chronic) aquatic

hazard

Category 2

GHS label elements in accordance with ABNT NBR 14725 Standard

Hazard pictograms





Signal Word Danger

**Hazard Statements** H316 Causes mild skin irritation.

H350 May cause cancer.

H360FD May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child. H371 May cause damage to organs (Liver, Kidney, muscle) if

swallowed.



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H373 May cause damage to organs (Eye) through prolonged or

repeated exposure if swallowed.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statements : Prevention:

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P260 Do not breathe dust.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protec-

tion/ face protection.

Response:

P308 + P311 IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON

CENTER/ doctor. P391 Collect spillage.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation.

May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.

## **SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

### Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)
Cellulose	9004-34-6		>= 10 -< 20
Ezetimibe	163222-33-1	Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard, Category 1	>= 5 -< 10
Rosuvastatin	147098-20-2	Acute toxicity (Oral), Category 5 Carcinogenicity, Category 1B Reproductive toxicity, Category 1B Specific target organ toxicity - single expo- sure (Oral) (Liver, Kidney, muscle), Cat- egory 1 Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Oral) (Eye), Category 1 Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard, Category 3 Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard, Category 1	>= 2,5 -< 5
Sodium n-dodecyl sulfate	151-21-3	Acute toxicity (Oral),	>= 1 -< 2,5



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#### **SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES**

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical

advice immediately.

When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical

advice.

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air.

Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water.

Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.

Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse.

Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact : If in eyes, rinse well with water.

Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.

Get medical attention.

Causes mild skin irritation.

Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and

May cause cancer.

delayed

May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.

May cause damage to organs if swallowed.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure if swallowed.

Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation.

Protection of first-aiders : First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection,

and use the recommended personal protective equipment

when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically and supportively.

# **SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray

Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

None known.



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Specific hazards during fire

fighting

: Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a

potential dust explosion hazard.

Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion prod-

ucts

Carbon oxides

Fluorine compounds Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

Sulfur oxides Metal oxides

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir-

cumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do

SO.

Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment :

for fire-fighters

In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Use personal protective equipment.

### **SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emer-

gency procedures

Use personal protective equipment.

Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

Environmental precautions : Avoid release to the environment.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable

container for disposal.

Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces

with compressed air).

Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items

employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to

determine which regulations are applicable.

Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding

certain local or national requirements.

#### **SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**

Technical measures : Static electricity may accumulate and ignite suspended dust

causing an explosion.

Provide adequate precautions, such as electrical grounding

and bonding, or inert atmospheres.

Local/Total ventilation : If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust

ventilation.



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Advice on safe handling : Do not get on skin or clothing.

Do not breathe dust. Do not swallow.

Avoid contact with eyes.

Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure

assessment

Keep container tightly closed.

Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Keep container closed when not in use. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the

environment.

Hygiene measures : If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye

flushing systems and safety showers close to the working

place.

When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the

use of administrative controls.

Conditions for safe storage : Keep in properly labeled containers.

Store locked up. Keep tightly closed.

Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid : Do not store with the following product types:

Strong oxidizing agents Organic peroxides

Explosives

Gases

## **SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

## Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Cellulose	9004-34-6	TWA	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	ACGIH
Ezetimibe	163222-33-1	TWA	25 μg/m3 (OEB 3)	Internal
		Wipe limit	250 µg/100 cm <sup>2</sup>	Internal
Rosuvastatin	147098-20-2	TWA	20 μg/m3 (OEB 3)	Internal
		Wipe limit	200 μg/100 cm <sup>2</sup>	Internal
Magnesium stearate	557-04-0	TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)	10 mg/m³	ACGIH
		TWA (Respirable	3 mg/m³	ACGIH



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particulate matter)

**Engineering measures** : All engineering controls should be implemented by facility

design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to

protect products, workers, and the environment.

Containment technologies suitable for controlling compounds are required to control at source and to prevent migration of the compound to uncontrolled areas (e.g., open-face

containment devices).

Minimize open handling.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or

exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the

recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

Filter type Hand protection Particulates type

Material : Chemical-resistant gloves

Remarks : Consider double gloving.

Eye protection : Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.

If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions,

mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.

Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or

aerosols.

Skin and body protection : Work uniform or laboratory coat.

Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets,

disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces.

Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially

contaminated clothing.

### **SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

Appearance : powder

Color : white to off-white

Odor : No data available

Odor Threshold : No data available

pH : No data available

Melting point/freezing point : No data available

Initial boiling point and boiling

range

No data available

Flash point : Not applicable

Evaporation rate : Not applicable



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Flammability (solid, gas) : May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing,

handling or other means.

Flammability (liquids) : No data available

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower

flammability limit

No data available

Vapor pressure : Not applicable

Relative vapor density : Not applicable

Relative density : No data available

Density : No data available

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : No data available

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

Not applicable

Autoignition temperature : No data available

Decomposition temperature : No data available

Viscosity

Viscosity, kinematic : Not applicable

Explosive properties : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

Molecular weight : No data available

Particle size : No data available

### **SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard. Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reac-

tions

May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing,

handling or other means.

Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames and sparks.

Avoid dust formation.

Incompatible materials

Hazardous decomposition

products

Oxidizing agents

No hazardous decomposition products are known.



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**SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION** 

Information on likely routes of:

exposure

Inhalation Skin contact Ingestion

Eye contact

**Acute toxicity** 

Not classified based on available information.

Product:

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 5.000 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

Components:

Cellulose:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5.000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5,8 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2.000 mg/kg

Ezetimibe:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5.000 mg/kg

LD50 (Mouse): > 5.000 mg/kg

LD50 (Dog): > 3.000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : Remarks: No data available

Acute dermal toxicity : Remarks: No data available

Acute toxicity (other routes of :

administration)

LD50 (Rat): > 2.000 mg/kg

Application Route: Intraperitoneal

LD50 (Mouse): > 1.000 - < 2.000 mg/kg Application Route: Intraperitoneal

Rosuvastatin:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2.000 mg/kg

Target Organs: Liver, Stomach, muscle, Kidney

Sodium n-dodecyl sulfate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 1.200 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2.000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402



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Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Magnesium stearate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2.000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 423

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral tox-

icity

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2.000 mg/kg

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes mild skin irritation.

**Components:** 

**Ezetimibe:** 

Species : Rabbit

Result : No skin irritation

Sodium n-dodecyl sulfate:

Species : Rabbit Result : Skin irritation

Magnesium stearate:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No skin irritation

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:** 

Ezetimibe:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Sodium n-dodecyl sulfate:

Species : Rabbit

Result : Irreversible effects on the eye Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Magnesium stearate:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials



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### Respiratory or skin sensitization

#### Skin sensitization

Not classified based on available information.

### Respiratory sensitization

Not classified based on available information.

#### Components:

**Ezetimibe:** 

Test Type : Maximization Test

Species : Guinea pig Result : negative

Sodium n-dodecyl sulfate:

Test Type : Maximization Test
Routes of exposure : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig
Result : negative

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Magnesium stearate:

Test Type : Maximization Test
Routes of exposure : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406

Result : negative

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

### Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

### **Components:**

Cellulose:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

**Ezetimibe:** 

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Result: negative



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Test Type: Chromosomal aberration Test system: Human lymphocytes

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Micronucleus test

Species: Mouse Cell type: Bone marrow Application Route: Oral

Result: negative

Rosuvastatin:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Test system: Escherichia coli

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosomal aberration
Test system: Chinese hamster lung cells

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Micronucleus test

Species: Mouse

Cell type: Bone marrow Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Sodium n-dodecyl sulfate:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Rodent dominant lethal test (germ cell) (in vivo)

Species: Mouse

**Application Route: Ingestion** 

Result: negative

Magnesium stearate:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Method: OECD Test Guideline 473

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials



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## Carcinogenicity

May cause cancer.

### **Components:**

### Cellulose:

Species : Rat
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 72 weeks
Result : negative

#### **Ezetimibe:**

Species : Rat, female
Application Route : oral (feed)
Exposure time : 104 weeks
Result : negative

Species : Rat, male
Application Route : oral (feed)
Exposure time : 104 weeks
Result : negative

Species : Mouse
Application Route : oral (feed)
Exposure time : 104 weeks
Result : negative

#### Rosuvastatin:

Species : Rat
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 104 weeks

LOAEL : 80 mg/kg body weight

Result : positive Symptoms : Tumor

Target Organs : Uterus (including cervix)

Species : Mouse
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 107 weeks

LOAEL : 200 mg/kg body weight

Result : positive

Symptoms : liver adenoma, carcinoma

Target Organs : Liver

### Sodium n-dodecyl sulfate:

Species : Rat
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 2 Years

Method : OECD Test Guideline 453

Result : negative

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials



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Reproductive toxicity

May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.

**Components:** 

Cellulose:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

**Ezetimibe:** 

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development

Species: Rat, male and female

Fertility: NOAEL: > 1.000 mg/kg body weight Result: No effects on fertility., No fetotoxicity.

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Oral

Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: > 1.000 mg/kg body weight

Result: No adverse effects.

Test Type: Development

Species: Rabbit

Application Route: Oral

Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: > 1.000 mg/kg body weight

Result: No adverse effects.

Rosuvastatin:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Fertility

Species: Rat

Application Route: Oral

Fertility: NOAEL: 50 mg/kg body weight

Test Type: Fertility Species: Monkey Application Route: Oral

Fertility: LOAEL: 30 mg/kg body weight

Result: Effects on male and female reproductive organs.

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Oral

Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 50 mg/kg body weight

Result: Fetal mortality.

Test Type: Development

Species: Rabbit



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Application Route: Oral

Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 3 mg/kg body weight Result: Fetal mortality., Maternal toxicity observed.

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.

Sodium n-dodecyl sulfate:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 416

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Magnesium stearate:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the

reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

STOT-single exposure

May cause damage to organs (Liver, Kidney, muscle) if swallowed.

Components:

Rosuvastatin:

Routes of exposure : Oral

Target Organs : Liver, Kidney, muscle
Assessment : Causes damage to organs.

STOT-repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs (Eye) through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.

**Components:** 

Rosuvastatin:

Routes of exposure : Oral Target Organs : Eye



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Assessment : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

# Repeated dose toxicity

# Components:

Cellulose:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : >= 9.000 mg/kg

Application Route : Ingestion Exposure time : 90 Days

Ezetimibe:

Species : Dog

NOAEL : 1.000 mg/kg

Application Route : Oral Exposure time : 90 d

Remarks : No significant adverse effects were reported

Species : Rat

NOAEL : 1.500 mg/kg

Application Route : Oral Exposure time : 90 d

Remarks : No significant adverse effects were reported

Species : Mouse
NOAEL : 500 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 90 d

Remarks : No significant adverse effects were reported

Species : Dog
NOAEL : 300 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 1 y

Remarks : No significant adverse effects were reported

Rosuvastatin:

Species : Dog
LOAEL : 90 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 24 Days
Target Organs : Brain

Symptoms : Edema, Blood disorders, Necrosis Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Species : Dog
LOAEL : 6 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 52 Weeks
Target Organs : Cornea

Symptoms : Corneal opacity



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Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Species : Dog
LOAEL : 30 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 12 Weeks
Target Organs : Eye

Symptoms : Eye disease

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Species : Dog
LOAEL : 90 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 4 Weeks
Target Organs : eye - retina
Symptoms : Eye disease

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Sodium n-dodecyl sulfate:

Species : Rat
NOAEL : 488 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 90 Days

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Magnesium stearate:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : > 100 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 90 Days

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

**Aspiration toxicity** 

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:** 

Ezetimibe:

Not applicable

**Experience with human exposure** 

**Components:** 

Ezetimibe:

Ingestion : Symptoms: Headache, Nausea, Vomiting, Diarrhea, flatu-

lence, muscle pain, upper respiratory tract infection, Back

pain, joint pain

Rosuvastatin:

Ingestion : Target Organs: Kidney

Symptoms: kidney toxicity

Remarks: Based on Human Evidence



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Target Organs: muscle

Symptoms: musculoskeletal pain Remarks: Based on Human Evidence

Target Organs: Liver

Symptoms: liver function change Remarks: Based on Human Evidence

#### **SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

**Ecotoxicity** 

**Components:** 

Cellulose:

Toxicity to fish LC50 (Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Ezetimibe:** 

Toxicity to fish LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 0,125 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 4 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): >

0,317 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0,317

mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 0,051 mg/l

Exposure time: 33 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 210

NOEC (Cyprinodon variegatus (sheepshead minnow)): 4 mg/l

Exposure time: 7 d

Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0,282 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic 1



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toxicity)

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50: > 4,4 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Test Type: Respiration inhibition Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

NOEC: 4,4 mg/l Exposure time: 3 h

Test Type: Respiration inhibition Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

Rosuvastatin:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 1.000 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 hrs Method: FDA 4.11

LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): > 1.000 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 hrs Method: FDA 4.11

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 63 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 hrs

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Microcystis aeruginosa (blue-green algae)): > 640 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 hrs Method: FDA 4.01

NOEC (Microcystis aeruginosa (blue-green algae)): 330 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 hrs Method: FDA 4.01

EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 800

mg/l

Exposure time: 96 hrs Method: FDA 4.01

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 350

ma/l

Exposure time: 96 hrs Method: FDA 4.01

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 1 mg/l

Exposure time: 32 Days

Method: OECD Test Guideline 210

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0,018 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 Days

Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic

toxicity)

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Toxicity to microorganisms EC50: > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 hrs

Test Type: Respiration inhibition Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

NOEC: 100 mg/l Exposure time: 3 hrs

Test Type: Respiration inhibition Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Sodium n-dodecyl sulfate:

Toxicity to fish LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 29 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)): 5,55 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 120 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

NOEC (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 30 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): >= 1,357

NOEC (Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)): 0,88 mg/l

mg/l

Exposure time: 42 d

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

Exposure time: 7 d

Toxicity to microorganisms EC50: 135 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Magnesium stearate:

Toxicity to fish LC50 (Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe)): > 100 mg/l

> Exposure time: 48 h Method: DIN 38412

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1 mg/l

Exposure time: 47 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction Method: Directive 67/548/EEC, Annex V, C.2. Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EL50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 1

Exposure time: 72 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

No toxicity at the limit of solubility.



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NOELR (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 1

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC10 (Pseudomonas putida): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 16 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Persistence and degradability

**Components:** 

Cellulose:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Ezetimibe:

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 6,8 % Exposure time: 28 d

Stability in water : Hydrolysis: 50 %(4,5 d)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 111

Rosuvastatin:

Biodegradability : Biodegradation: < 10 %

Exposure time: 28 Days

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F Remarks: Not inherently biodegradable.

Stability in water : Hydrolysis: < 10 %(5 Days)

Sodium n-dodecyl sulfate:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 95 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

Magnesium stearate:

Biodegradability : Result: Not biodegradable.

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Bioaccumulative potential** 

**Components:** 

Ezetimibe:

Bioaccumulation : Species: Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)



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Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 173

Exposure time: 97 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 305

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: log Pow: 4,36

Rosuvastatin:

Partition coefficient: n-

: log Pow: 0,3

octanol/water

Partition coefficient: n-

Sodium n-dodecyl sulfate:

octanol/water

log Pow: 0,83

Magnesium stearate:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: > 4

Mobility in soil

**Components:** 

**Ezetimibe:** 

Distribution among environ:

log Koc: 4,35

mental compartments

Method: OECD Test Guideline 106

Rosuvastatin:

Distribution among environ-

mental compartments

log Koc: 2,15 Method: FDA 3.08

Other adverse effects

No data available

**SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS** 

**Disposal methods** 

Waste from residues : Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste

handling site for recycling or disposal.

If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

**SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION** 

International Regulations

**UNRTDG** 

UN number : UN 3077

Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID,

N.O.S.

(Ezetimibe, Rosuvastatin)

Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9



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**IATA-DGR** 

UN/ID No. : UN 3077

Proper shipping name : Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s.

(Ezetimibe, Rosuvastatin)

Class : 9 Packing group : III

Labels : Miscellaneous

Packing instruction (cargo :

aircraft)

Packing instruction (passen-

ger aircraft)

Environmentally hazardous : yes

**IMDG-Code** 

UN number : UN 3077

Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID,

N.O.S.

956

956

(Ezetimibe, Rosuvastatin)

Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9
EmS Code : F-A, S-F
Marine pollutant : yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

### **Domestic regulation**

**ANTT** 

UN number : UN 3077

Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID,

N.O.S.

(Ezetimibe, Rosuvastatin)

Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9
Hazard Identification Number : 90

Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

## **SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National List of Carcinogenic Agents for Humans -

(LINACH)

Not applicable

Brazil. List of chemicals controlled by the Federal

Police

: Not applicable



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### International Regulations

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:

AICS : not determined

DSL : not determined

IECSC : not determined

#### **SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION**

#### **Further information**

Sources of key data used to compile the Material Safety

**Data Sheet** 

Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agen-

cy, http://echa.europa.eu/

### Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR -Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China: IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods: IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation. Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System



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The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.

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