1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name : Mirtazapine Disintegrating Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier's details
Company : Organon & Co.
Address : 30 Hudson Street, 33nd floor
          Jersey City, New Jersey, U.S.A 07302
Telephone : 551-430-6000
Emergency telephone number : 215-631-6999
E-mail address : EHSSTEWARD@organon.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use : Pharmaceutical

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification
Acute toxicity (Oral) : Category 4
Reproductive toxicity : Category 2
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Oral) : Category 2 (Nervous system)

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms : 
Signal word : Warning
Hazard statements : H302 Harmful if swallowed.
                     H361fd Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
                     H373 May cause damage to organs (Nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.

Precautionary statements : prevention:
                          P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
                          P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
                          P260 Do not breathe dust.
                          P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
                          P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
                          P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protec-
SAFETY DATA SHEET
Mirtazapine Disintegrating Formulation

Response:
P301 + P312 + P330 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth.
P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.

Storage:
P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:
P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards which do not result in classification
Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation.
Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of the skin.
May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(+/-)-1,2,3,4,10,14b-Hexahydro-2-methylpyrazino[2,1-a]pyrido[2,3-c][2]benzazepine</td>
<td>85650-52-8</td>
<td>&gt;= 20 &lt; 25</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Citric acid</td>
<td>77-92-9</td>
<td>&gt;= 1 &lt; 10</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cellulose</td>
<td>9004-34-6</td>
<td>&gt;= 1 &lt; 10</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Magnesium stearate</td>
<td>557-04-0</td>
<td>&gt;= 1 &lt; 10</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately.
When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air.
Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty of water.
Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.
Get medical attention.
Wash clothing before reuse.
Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact : If in eyes, rinse well with water.
Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

If swallowed : If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.
Get medical attention.
Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.
Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed: Harmful if swallowed. Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed. Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of the skin. Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation.

Protection of first-aiders: First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician: Treat symptomatically and supportively.

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media: Water spray
Alcohol-resistant foam
Carbon dioxide (CO2)
Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media: None known.

Specific hazards during firefighting: Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a potential dust explosion hazard. Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion products: Carbon oxides
Nitrogen oxides (NOx)
Metal oxides

Specific extinguishing methods: Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so. Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment for firefighters: In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal protective equipment.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures: Use personal protective equipment. Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

Environmental precautions: Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up: Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal. Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces with compressed air).
Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable. Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures: Static electricity may accumulate and ignite suspended dust causing an explosion. Provide adequate precautions, such as electrical grounding and bonding, or inert atmospheres.

Local/Total ventilation: Use only with adequate ventilation.

Advice on safe handling: Do not breathe dust. Do not swallow. Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Wash skin thoroughly after handling. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment. Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Keep container closed when not in use. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Conditions for safe storage: Keep in properly labelled containers. Store locked up. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid: Do not store with the following product types: Strong oxidizing agents

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(+/-)-1,2,3,4,10,14b-Hexahydro-2-methylpyrazino[2,1-a]pyrido[2,3-c][2]benzazepine</td>
<td>85650-52-8</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>25 µg/m³</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Wipe limit</td>
<td>250 µg/100 cm²</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cellulose</td>
<td>9004-34-6</td>
<td>PEL (long term)</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>SG OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Magnesium stearate | 557-04-0 | PEL (long term) | 10 mg/m³ | SG OEL |
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TWA (Respirable particulate matter)</td>
<td>3 mg/m³</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Engineering measures**

- Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.
- Minimize workplace exposure concentrations.
- Apply measures to prevent dust explosions.
- Ensure that dust-handling systems (such as exhaust ducts, dust collectors, vessels, and processing equipment) are designed in a manner to prevent the escape of dust into the work area (i.e., there is no leakage from the equipment).

**Personal protective equipment**

**Respiratory protection**

- If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

**Filter type**

- Particulates type

**Material**

- Chemical-resistant gloves

**Remarks**

- Choose gloves to protect hands against chemicals depending on the concentration and quantity of the hazardous substance and specific to the place of work. Breakthrough time is not determined for the product. Change gloves often! For special applications, we recommend clarifying the resistance to chemicals of the aforementioned protective gloves with the glove manufacturer. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

**Eye protection**

- Wear the following personal protective equipment:
  - Safety goggles

**Skin and body protection**

- Select appropriate protective clothing based on chemical resistance data and an assessment of the local exposure potential.
- Skin contact must be avoided by using impervious protective clothing (gloves, aprons, boots, etc).

**Hygiene measures**

- If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place.
- When using do not eat, drink or smoke.
- Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

- **Appearance**: powder
- **Colour**: No data available
- **Odour**: No data available
Odour Threshold : No data available
pH : No data available
Melting point/freezing point : No data available
Initial boiling point and boiling range : No data available
Flash point : No data available
Evaporation rate : No data available
Flammability (solid, gas) : May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.
Flammability (liquids) : No data available
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit : No data available
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit : No data available
Vapour pressure : No data available
Relative vapour density : No data available
Density : No data available
Solubility(ies)
   Water solubility : No data available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : No data available
   Auto-ignition temperature : No data available
Decomposition temperature : No data available
Viscosity
   Viscosity, dynamic : No data available
   Viscosity, kinematic : No data available
Explosive properties : Not explosive
Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.
Molecular weight : No data available
Particle size : No data available
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Mirtazapine Disintegrating Formulation

Version 3.12   Revision Date: 01.10.2020   SDS Number: 50204-00016   Date of last issue: 23.03.2020
Date of first issue: 23.01.2015

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
Chemical stability: Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions: May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means. Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

Conditions to avoid: Heat, flames and sparks. Avoid dust formation.

Incompatible materials: Oxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition products: No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure: Inhalation
                                      Skin contact
                                      Ingestion
                                      Eye contact

Acute toxicity
Harmful if swallowed.

Product:
Acute oral toxicity: Acute toxicity estimate: 1,588 mg/kg
Method: Calculation method

Components:
(+/-)-1,2,3,4,10b-Hexahydro-2-methylpyrazino[2,1-a]pyrido[2,3-c][2]benzazepine:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 320 - 490 mg/kg

Citric acid:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Mouse): 5,400 mg/kg
Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

Cellulose:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): > 5.8 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Magnesium stearate:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 423
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral toxicity
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Skin corrosion/irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:
Citric acid:
Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result: No skin irritation

Magnesium stearate:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No skin irritation
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:
Citric acid:
Species: Rabbit
Result: Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days
Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

Magnesium stearate:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation
Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitisation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Magnesium stearate:
Test Type: Maximisation Test
Exposure routes: Skin contact
Species: Guinea pig
Method: OECD Test Guideline 406
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Germ cell mutagenicity**
Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

\((\pm)-1,2,3,4,10,14b\)-Hexahydro-2-methylpyrazino[2,1-a]pyrido[2,3-c][2]benzazepine:

- **Genotoxicity in vitro**
  - Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
    Result: negative
  - Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
    Test system: Chinese hamster lung cells
    Result: negative
  - Test Type: unscheduled DNA synthesis assay
    Test system: mammalian cells
    Result: negative
  - Test Type: sister chromatid exchange assay
    Test system: mammalian cells
    Result: negative

- **Genotoxicity in vivo**
  - Test Type: Micronucleus test
    Species: Rat
    Cell type: Bone marrow
    Application Route: Oral
    Result: negative

**Citric acid:**

- **Genotoxicity in vitro**
  - Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
    Result: negative
  - Test Type: in vitro micronucleus test
    Result: positive
  - Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
    Result: negative

- **Genotoxicity in vivo**
  - Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)
    Species: Rat
    Application Route: Ingestion
    Result: negative

**Cellulose:**

- **Genotoxicity in vitro**
  - Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
    Result: negative
  - Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
    Result: negative
Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

Magnesium stearate:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Method: OECD Test Guideline 473
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Carcinogenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:
(+/-)-1,2,3,4,10,14b-Hexahydro-2-methylpyrazino[2,1-a]pyrido[2,3-c][2]benzazepine:
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 18 month(s)
LOAEL: 200 mg/kg body weight
Result: equivocal
Target Organs: Liver

Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 2 Years
LOAEL: 20 mg/kg body weight
Result: equivocal
Target Organs: Liver, Thyroid

Cellulose:
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 72 weeks
Result: negative

Reproductive toxicity
Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Components:
(+/-)-1,2,3,4,10,14b-Hexahydro-2-methylpyrazino[2,1-a]pyrido[2,3-c][2]benzazepine:
Effects on fertility: Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Oral  
Fertility: LOAEL: 15 mg/kg body weight  
Symptoms: Effect on estrous cycle, Increase of early resorptions  
Result: Animal testing did not show any effects on fertility.  
Embryotoxic effects and adverse effects on the offspring were detected.

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment: Some evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility, based on animal experiments. Some evidence of adverse effects on development, based on animal experiments.

Citric acid:  
Effects on foetal development: Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Result: negative

Cellulose:  
Effects on fertility: Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Result: negative

Effects on foetal development: Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Result: negative

Magnesium stearate:  
Effects on fertility: Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 422  
Result: negative  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Effects on foetal development:
Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

STOT - single exposure
Not classified based on available information.

STOT - repeated exposure
May cause damage to organs (Nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.

Components:
(+/-)1,2,3,4,10,14b-Hexahydro-2-methylpyrazino[2,1-a]pyrido[2,3-c][2]benzazepine:
Exposure routes: Ingestion
Target Organs: Nervous system
Assessment: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:
(+/-)1,2,3,4,10,14b-Hexahydro-2-methylpyrazino[2,1-a]pyrido[2,3-c][2]benzazepine:
Species: Rat
LOAEL: 120 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 13 Weeks
Target Organs: Nervous system

Species: Dog
LOAEL: 15 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 52 Weeks
Target Organs: Nervous system
Symptoms: Tremors

Species: Dog
LOAEL: 20 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 13 Weeks
Target Organs: Nervous system, Testis
Symptoms: Tremors

Citric acid:
Species: Rat
NOAEL: 4,000 mg/kg
LOAEL: 8,000 mg/kg
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 10 Days
Cellulose:
Species: Rat
NOAEL: >= 9,000 mg/kg
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 90 Days

Magnesium stearate:
Species: Rat
NOAEL: > 100 mg/kg
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 90 Days
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Aspiration toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Experience with human exposure

Components:
(+/-)-1,2,3,4,10,14b-Hexahydro-2-methylpyrazino[2,1-a]pyrido[2,3-c][2]benzazepine:
Ingestion: Symptoms: Drowsiness, constipation, dry mouth, asthenia, Dizziness, Disorientation

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:
(+/-)-1,2,3,4,10,14b-Hexahydro-2-methylpyrazino[2,1-a]pyrido[2,3-c][2]benzazepine:
Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 6.92 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: FDA 4.11
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 19.5 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants: EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 5.7 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 3.2 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity): NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 3.6 mg/l
Exposure time: 31 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 210
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity): NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.32 mg/l
Exposure time: 21 d
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test substance</th>
<th>Toxicity to microorganisms</th>
<th>EC50 (Natural microorganisms):</th>
<th>&gt; 1,000 mg/l</th>
<th>Exposure time: 3 h</th>
<th>Test Type: Respiration inhibition</th>
<th>Method: OECD Test Guideline 211</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>NOEC (Natural microorganisms):</td>
<td>&lt; 100 mg/l</td>
<td>Exposure time: 3 h</td>
<td>Test Type: Respiration inhibition</td>
<td>Method: OECD Test Guideline 209</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Citric acid:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test substance</th>
<th>Toxicity to fish</th>
<th>LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)):</th>
<th>&gt; 100 mg/l</th>
<th>Exposure time: 96 h</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates</td>
<td>EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)):</td>
<td>1,535 mg/l</td>
<td>Exposure time: 24 h</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Cellulose:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test substance</th>
<th>Toxicity to fish</th>
<th>LC50 (Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka)):</th>
<th>&gt; 100 mg/l</th>
<th>Exposure time: 48 h</th>
<th>Remarks: Based on data from similar materials</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates</td>
<td>EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)):</td>
<td>&gt; 1 mg/l</td>
<td>Exposure time: 47 h</td>
<td>Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction</td>
<td>Method: Directive 67/548/EEC, Annex V, C.2.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction</td>
<td>Method: OECD Test Guideline 201</td>
<td>Remarks: Based on data from similar materials</td>
<td>No toxicity at the limit of solubility</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Magnesium stearate:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test substance</th>
<th>Toxicity to fish</th>
<th>LC50 (Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe)):</th>
<th>&gt; 100 mg/l</th>
<th>Exposure time: 48 h</th>
<th>Remarks: Based on data from similar materials</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates</td>
<td>EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)):</td>
<td>&gt; 1 mg/l</td>
<td>Exposure time: 47 h</td>
<td>Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction</td>
<td>Method: OECD Test Guideline 201</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction</td>
<td>Method: OECD Test Guideline 201</td>
<td>Remarks: Based on data from similar materials</td>
<td>No toxicity at the limit of solubility</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test substance</th>
<th>EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)):</th>
<th>&gt; 1 mg/l</th>
<th>Exposure time: 72 h</th>
<th>Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction</th>
<th>Method: OECD Test Guideline 201</th>
<th>Remarks: Based on data from similar materials</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NOELR (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)):</td>
<td>&gt; 1 mg/l</td>
<td>Exposure time: 72 h</td>
<td>Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction</td>
<td>Method: OECD Test Guideline 201</td>
<td>Remarks: Based on data from similar materials</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Toxicity to microorganisms**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test substance</th>
<th>EC10 (Pseudomonas putida):</th>
<th>&gt; 100 mg/l</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
Exposure time: 16 h  
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Persistence and degradability**

**Components:**

**Citric acid:**
Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable.  
Biodegradation: 97 %  
Exposure time: 28 d  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

**Cellulose:**
Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable.

**Magnesium stearate:**
Biodegradability: Result: Not biodegradable  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Bioaccumulative potential**

**Components:**

(+/-)-1,2,3,4,10b-Hexahydro-2-methylpyrazino[2,1-a]pyrido[2,3-c][2]benzazepine:
Bioaccumulation: Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)  
Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 334  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 305

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 2.78

**Citric acid:**
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: -1.72

**Magnesium stearate:**
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: > 4

**Mobility in soil**

**Components:**

(+/-)-1,2,3,4,10b-Hexahydro-2-methylpyrazino[2,1-a]pyrido[2,3-c][2]benzazepine:
Distribution among environmental compartments: log Koc: 4.48

**Other adverse effects**
No data available
13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods
- Waste from residues: Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
- Contaminated packaging: Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations
- UNRTDG: Not regulated as a dangerous good
- IATA-DGR: Not regulated as a dangerous good
- IMDG-Code: Not regulated as a dangerous good

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable for product as supplied.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Workplace Safety and Health Act and Workplace Safety and Health (General Provisions) Regulations: This product is subjected to the SDS, labelling, PEL and other requirements in the Act/Regulations.

Environmental Protection and Management Act and Environmental Protection and Management (Hazardous Substances) Regulations: Not applicable

Fire Safety (Petroleum and Flammable Materials) Regulations: Not applicable

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:
- AICS: not determined
- DSL: not determined
- IECSC: not determined

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information
Sources of key data used to: Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD
Mirtazapine Disintegrating Formulation

SAFETY DATA SHEET

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Full text of other abbreviations:
- ACGIH: USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
- SG OEL: Singapore. Workplace Safety and Health Act - First Schedule Permissible Exposure Limits of Toxic Substances
- ACGIH / TWA: 8-hour, time-weighted average
- SG OEL / PEL (long term): Permissible Exposure Level (PEL) Long Term

All abbreviations:
- AICL - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals;
- ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil;
- ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials;
- bw - Body weight;
- CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant;
- DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation;
- DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada);
- ECx - Concentration associated with x% response;
- ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response;
- EmS - Emergency Schedule;
- ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan);
- ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response;
- ERG - Emergency Response Guide;
- GHS - Globally Harmonized System;
- GLP - Good Laboratory Practice;
- IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer;
- IATA - International Air Transport Association;
- IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk;
- IECSC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk;
- IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration;
- ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization;
- IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China;
- IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods;
- IMO - International Maritime Organization;
- ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan);
- ISO - International Organisation for Standardization;
- KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory;
- LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50% of a test population;
- LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose);
- MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships;
- n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified;
- Nch - Chilean Norm;
- NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration;
- NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level;
- NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate;
- NOM - Official Mexican Norm;
- NTP - National Toxicology Program;
- NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals;
- OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development;
- OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention;
- PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance;
- PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances;
- (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship;
- SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature;
- SDS - Safety Data Sheet;
- TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory;
- TDG - Transport of Dangerous Goods;
- TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States);
- UN - United Nations;
- UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods;
- vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative;

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user’s end product, if applicable.

SG / EN