

# **Mometasone Dry Powder Inhaler Formulation**

Version **Revision Date:** SDS Number: Date of last issue: 23.03.2020 10.10.2020 437308-00012 Date of first issue: 28.01.2016 3.4

#### **SECTION 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION**

Product name : Mometasone Dry Powder Inhaler Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier's details

: Organon & Co. Company

Address Rua Treze de Maio, 1161

Campinas, São Paulo, Brazil B-2220

Telephone 551-430-6000

215-631-6999 Emergency telephone

E-mail address EHSSTEWARD@organon.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use Pharmaceutical

### **SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

GHS Classification in accordance with ABNT NBR 14725 Standard

Reproductive toxicity Category 1B

Specific target organ toxicity - : Category 2 (Immune system, Liver, Kidney, Skin)

repeated exposure

(Inhalation)

Long-term (chronic) aquatic

hazard

Category 1

GHS label elements in accordance with ABNT NBR 14725 Standard

Hazard pictograms

Signal Word Danger

**Hazard Statements** H360Df May damage the unborn child. Suspected of damaging

H373 May cause damage to organs (Immune system, Liver, Kidney, Skin) through prolonged or repeated exposure if

inhaled.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Precautionary Statements** Prevention:

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P260 Do not breathe dust.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.



# **Mometasone Dry Powder Inhaler Formulation**



Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 23.03.2020 3.4 10.10.2020 437308-00012 Date of first issue: 28.01.2016

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protec-

tion/ face protection.

Response:

P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/

attention.

P391 Collect spillage.

#### Other hazards which do not result in classification

Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation.

Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of the skin.

May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.

### **SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

### Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)
Mometasone	83919-23-7	Reproductive toxicity, Category 1B Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Inhalation) (Immune system, Liver, Kidney, Skin), Category 2 Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard, Category 1	>= 10 -< 20

### **SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES**

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical

advice immediately.

When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical

advice.

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air.

Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty

of water.

Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.

Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse.

Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact : If in eyes, rinse well with water.

Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.

Get medical attention.

Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and

: May damage the unborn child. Suspected of damaging fertili-

ty.



## Mometasone Dry Powder Inhaler Formulation



Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 23.03.2020 3.4 10.10.2020 437308-00012 Date of first issue: 28.01.2016

delayed May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure if inhaled.

Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of

the skin.

Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation.

: First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection,

and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically and supportively.

#### **SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray

Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing

Protection of first-aiders

media

None known.

Specific hazards during fire

fighting

Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a

potential dust explosion hazard.

Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion prod-

ucts

Carbon oxides

Chlorine compounds

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir-

cumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do

SO.

Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment

for fire-fighters

In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Use personal protective equipment.

#### **SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emer-

gency procedures

Use personal protective equipment.

Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

Environmental precautions : Avoid release to the environment.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable

container for disposal.

Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces

with compressed air).

Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and



## Mometasone Dry Powder Inhaler Formulation



Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 23.03.2020 3.4 10.10.2020 437308-00012 Date of first issue: 28.01.2016

disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items

employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to

determine which regulations are applicable.

Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding

certain local or national requirements.

#### **SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**

Technical measures : Static electricity may accumulate and ignite suspended dust

causing an explosion.

Provide adequate precautions, such as electrical grounding

and bonding, or inert atmospheres.

Local/Total ventilation : If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust

ventilation.

Advice on safe handling : Do not get on skin or clothing.

Do not breathe dust. Do not swallow. Avoid contact with eyes.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety

practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure

assessment

Keep container tightly closed.

Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Keep container closed when not in use. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the

environment.

Hygiene measures : If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye

flushing systems and safety showers close to the working

place.

When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the

use of administrative controls.

Conditions for safe storage : Keep in properly labeled containers.

Store locked up. Keep tightly closed.

Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid : Do not store with the following product types:

Strong oxidizing agents Organic peroxides

Explosives Gases

# SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Components CAS-No.	Value type (Form of	Control parameters / Permissible	Basis
--------------------	------------------------	----------------------------------	-------



## **Mometasone Dry Powder Inhaler Formulation**

♣ ORGANON

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 23.03.2020 3.4 10.10.2020 437308-00012 Date of first issue: 28.01.2016

		exposure)	concentration		
Mometasone	83919-23-7	TWA	1 μg/m3 (OEB 4)	Internal	
	Further information: Skin				
		Wipe limit	10 μg/100 cm <sup>2</sup>	Internal	

**Engineering measures** : Containment technologies suitable for controlling compounds

are required to control at source and to prevent migration of the compound to uncontrolled areas (e.g., vacuum conveying from a closed system, packout head with inflatable seal from

stationary container, ventilated enclosure, etc.).

All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to

protect products, workers, and the environment.

Essentially no open handling permitted.
Use closed processing systems or containment technologies.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or

exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the

recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

Filter type

Hand protection

Particulates type

Material : Chemical-resistant gloves

Remarks : Consider double gloving.

Eye protection : Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.

If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions,

mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.

Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or

aerosols.

Skin and body protection : Work uniform or laboratory coat.

Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets,

disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces.

Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially

contaminated clothing.

### **SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

Appearance : powder

Color : white

Odor : No data available

Odor Threshold : No data available

pH : No data available

Melting point/freezing point : No data available

Initial boiling point and boiling

range

No data available



## **Mometasone Dry Powder Inhaler Formulation**

♣ ORGANON

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 23.03.2020 3.4 10.10.2020 437308-00012 Date of first issue: 28.01.2016

Flash point : Not applicable

Evaporation rate : No data available

Flammability (solid, gas) : May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing,

handling or other means.

Flammability (liquids) : No data available

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower

flammability limit

No data available

Vapor pressure : No data available

Relative vapor density : No data available

Relative density : No data available

Density : No data available

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : No data available

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: No data available

Autoignition temperature : No data available

Decomposition temperature : No data available

Viscosity

Viscosity, kinematic : No data available

Explosive properties : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

Molecular weight : No data available

Particle size : No data available

### **SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard. Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reac-

tions

May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing,

handling or other means.

Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames and sparks.



## **Mometasone Dry Powder Inhaler Formulation**



Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 23.03.2020 3.4 10.10.2020 437308-00012 Date of first issue: 28.01.2016

Avoid dust formation.

Incompatible materials

Hazardous decomposition : N

products

Oxidizing agents

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

### **SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Information on likely routes of:

exposure

Skin contact

Ingestion Eye contact

Inhalation

**Acute toxicity** 

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:** 

Mometasone:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2.000 mg/kg

LD50 (Mouse): > 2.000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 3,3 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Remarks: No mortality observed at this dose.

LC50 (Mouse): > 3,2 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute toxicity (other routes of :

administration)

LD50 (Rat): 300 mg/kg

Application Route: Subcutaneous Symptoms: Breathing difficulties

Skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:** 

Mometasone:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:** 

Mometasone:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation



# **Mometasone Dry Powder Inhaler Formulation**



Version **Revision Date:** SDS Number: Date of last issue: 23.03.2020 10.10.2020 437308-00012 Date of first issue: 28.01.2016 3.4

#### Respiratory or skin sensitization

#### Skin sensitization

Not classified based on available information.

### Respiratory sensitization

Not classified based on available information.

#### Components:

### Mometasone:

Test Type : Maximization Test

Routes of exposure Dermal **Species** : Guinea pig

Assessment Does not cause skin sensitization.

negative Result

The results of a test on guinea pigs showed this substance to Remarks

be a weak skin sensitizer.

### Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

#### Components:

#### Mometasone:

Genotoxicity in vitro Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosomal aberration Test system: Chinese hamster lung cells

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosomal aberration Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells

Result: positive

Test Type: Mouse Lymphoma

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo Test Type: Micronucleus test

Species: Mouse Application Route: Oral Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosomal aberration

Species: Rat

Cell type: Bone marrow

Result: negative

Test Type: unscheduled DNA synthesis assay

Species: Rat Cell type: Liver cells Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity -Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ



# **Mometasone Dry Powder Inhaler Formulation**



Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 23.03.2020 3.4 10.10.2020 437308-00012 Date of first issue: 28.01.2016

Assessment cell mutagen.

### Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

#### **Components:**

#### Mometasone:

Species : Rat
Application Route : Inhalation
Exposure time : 2 Years

Dose : 0.067 mg/kg body weight

Result : negative

Species : Mouse
Application Route : Inhalation
Exposure time : 19 Months

Dose : 0.160 mg/kg body weight

Result : negative

### Reproductive toxicity

May damage the unborn child. Suspected of damaging fertility.

### **Components:**

### Mometasone:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Fertility

Species: Rat

Application Route: Subcutaneous

Fertility: NOAEL: 0,015 mg/kg body weight

Symptoms: Reduced embryonic survival, Reduced fetal

weight.

Result: No effects on fertility., Effect on reproduction capacity.

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Subcutaneous

Embryo-fetal toxicity.: LOAEL: 0,06 mg/kg body weight

Result: Embryotoxic effects., Teratogenicity and

developmental toxicity

Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Dermal

Embryo-fetal toxicity.: LOAEL: 0,3 mg/kg body weight

Result: Embryo-fetal toxicity.

Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rabbit

Application Route: Dermal

Embryo-fetal toxicity.: LOAEL: 0,15 mg/kg body weight Result: Embryo-fetal toxicity., Malformations were observed.

Test Type: Embryo-fetal development



## **Mometasone Dry Powder Inhaler Formulation**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 23.03.2020 3.4 10.10.2020 437308-00012 Date of first issue: 28.01.2016

Species: Rat

Application Route: Subcutaneous

Embryo-fetal toxicity.: LOAEL: 0,15 mg/kg body weight

Result: Effects on newborn.

Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rabbit Application Route: Oral

Embryo-fetal toxicity.: LOAEL: 0,7 mg/kg body weight Result: Embryo-fetal toxicity., Malformations were observed.

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

Clear evidence of adverse effects on development, based on animal experiments., Some evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility, based on animal experiments.

### STOT-single exposure

Not classified based on available information.

#### **Components:**

#### Mometasone:

Remarks : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### STOT-repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs (Immune system, Liver, Kidney, Skin) through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.

### **Components:**

### Mometasone:

Routes of exposure : inhalation (dust/mist/fume)

Target Organs : Immune system, Liver, Kidney, Skin

Assessment : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

### Repeated dose toxicity

#### **Components:**

#### Mometasone:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : 0,005 mg/kg
LOAEL : 0,3 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 30 d

Target Organs : Lymph nodes, Liver, Adrenal gland, Skin, thymus gland

Species : Dog LOAEL : 0,5 mg/kg Application Route : Oral Exposure time : 30 d

Target Organs : Lymph nodes, Liver, Adrenal gland, Skin, thymus gland

Species : Rat



# **Mometasone Dry Powder Inhaler Formulation**



Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 23.03.2020 3.4 10.10.2020 437308-00012 Date of first issue: 28.01.2016

NOAEL : 0,00013 mg/l

Application Route : inhalation (dust/mist/fume)

Exposure time : 90 d

Target Organs : Adrenal gland, Lungs, Lymph nodes, spleen, Bone marrow,

Kidney, Liver, thymus gland

Species : Dog

NOAEL : 0,0005 mg/l

Application Route : inhalation (dust/mist/fume)

Exposure time : 90 d

Target Organs : Adrenal gland, Lungs, Lymph nodes, spleen, Bone marrow,

Kidney, thymus gland, Liver

### **Aspiration toxicity**

Not classified based on available information.

#### **Components:**

#### Mometasone:

Not applicable

#### **Experience with human exposure**

### **Components:**

Mometasone:

Inhalation : Symptoms: allergic rhinitis, Headache, pharyngitis, upper res-

piratory tract infection, sinusitis, oral candidiasis, Back pain, musculoskeletal pain, immune system effects, indigestion

Skin contact : Symptoms: Dermatitis, Itching

**Further information** 

**Components:** 

Mometasone:

Remarks : Dermal absorption possible

### **SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

### **Ecotoxicity**

#### Components:

Mometasone:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Menidia beryllina (Silverside)): 0,11 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

LC50 (Cyprinodon variegatus (sheepshead minnow)): > 5 mg/l

Exposure time: 7 d

Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

Toxicity to daphnia and other : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 5 mg/l



# **Mometasone Dry Powder Inhaler Formulation**



Version **Revision Date:** SDS Number: Date of last issue: 23.03.2020 10.10.2020 437308-00012 Date of first issue: 28.01.2016 3.4

Exposure time: 48 h aquatic invertebrates

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

EC50 (Americamysis): > 5 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: US-EPA OPPTS 850.1035

Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 3,2

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 0,00014

mg/l

Exposure time: 32 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 210

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0,34 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic

toxicity)

Toxicity to microorganisms

100

EC50: > 1.000 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Test Type: Respiration inhibition Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

NOEC: 1.000 mg/l Exposure time: 3 h

Test Type: Respiration inhibition Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

#### Persistence and degradability

### **Components:**

Mometasone:

Biodegradability Result: Not readily biodegradable.

> Biodegradation: 50 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 314

Stability in water Hydrolysis: 50 %(12 d)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 111



# **Mometasone Dry Powder Inhaler Formulation**



Version **Revision Date:** SDS Number: Date of last issue: 23.03.2020 10.10.2020 437308-00012 Date of first issue: 28.01.2016 3.4

Bioaccumulative potential

**Components:** 

Mometasone:

Bioaccumulation Species: Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)

> Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 107,1 Method: OECD Test Guideline 305

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 4,68

Mobility in soil

Components:

Mometasone:

Distribution among environ-

mental compartments

: log Koc: 4,02

Other adverse effects

No data available

**SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS** 

**Disposal methods** 

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Waste from residues

Contaminated packaging Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste

handling site for recycling or disposal.

If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

**SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION** 

International Regulations

**UNRTDG** 

**UN** number : UN 3077

Proper shipping name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID,

N.O.S.

(Mometasone)

Class 9 Packing group Ш Labels 9

**IATA-DGR** 

UN/ID No. UN 3077

Proper shipping name Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s.

(Mometasone)

9 Class Ш Packing group

Miscellaneous Labels

Packing instruction (cargo

aircraft)

Packing instruction (passen-

ger aircraft)

956

956

Environmentally hazardous yes



# **Mometasone Dry Powder Inhaler Formulation**



Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 23.03.2020 3.4 10.10.2020 437308-00012 Date of first issue: 28.01.2016

**IMDG-Code** 

UN number : UN 3077

Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID,

N.O.S.

(Mometasone)

Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9
EmS Code : F-A, S-F
Marine pollutant : yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

### **Domestic regulation**

**ANTT** 

UN number : UN 3077

Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID,

N.O.S.

(Mometasone)

Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9
Hazard Identification Number : 90

### Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

### **SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National List of Carcinogenic Agents for Humans - : Not applicable

(LINACH)

Brazil. List of chemicals controlled by the Federal : Not applicable

Police

### International Regulations

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:

AICS : not determined

DSL : not determined

IECSC : not determined



## **Mometasone Dry Powder Inhaler Formulation**

 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 23.03.2020

 3.4
 10.10.2020
 437308-00012
 Date of first issue: 28.01.2016

#### **SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION**

#### **Further information**

Sources of key data used to compile the Material Safety

Data Sheet

Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agen-

cy, http://echa.europa.eu/

#### Full text of other abbreviations

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR -Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan): ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association: IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature: SDS - Safety Data Sheet: TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory: TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.

BR / Z8