1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name : Mometasone Ointment Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier's details
Company : Organon & Co.
Address : JL Raya Pandaan KM. 48
           Pandaan, Jawa Timur - Indonesia
Telephone : 551-430-6000
Emergency telephone number : 215-631-6999
E-mail address : EHSSTEWARD@organon.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use : Pharmaceutical

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification
Serious eye damage/eye irritation : Category 2A
Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard : Category 2

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms : ⚠ ⚱
Signal word : Warning
Hazard statements : H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
                   H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements : Prevention:
                           P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
                           P273 Avoid release to the environment.
                           P280 Wear eye protection/ face protection.
Response:
                           P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
                           P337 + P313 IF eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.
                           P391 Collect spillage.
Disposal:
P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards which do not result in classification
None known.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance / Mixture</th>
<th>Components</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Chemical name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mixture</td>
<td>Petrolatum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2-Methyl-2,4-pentanediol</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Propylene glycol monostearate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Mometasone</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice: In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

If inhaled: If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact: In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn. Get medical attention.

If swallowed: If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed: Causes serious eye irritation.

Protection of first-aiders: First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician: Treat symptomatically and supportively.

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media: Water spray
Alcohol-resistant foam
Carbon dioxide (CO2)
6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
Use personal protective equipment. Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

Environmental precautions
Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up
Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable. Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures
See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Local/Total ventilation
If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation.

Advice on safe handling
Do not get on skin or clothing. Do not swallow. Do not get in eyes. Wash skin thoroughly after handling. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment. Keep container tightly closed. Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the
Conditions for safe storage: Keep in properly labelled containers. Keep tightly closed. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid: Do not store with the following product types: Strong oxidizing agents

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Petrolatum</td>
<td>8009-03-8</td>
<td>NAB (Mist)</td>
<td>5 mg/m³</td>
<td>ID OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>PSD (Mist)</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>ID OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)</td>
<td>5 mg/m³</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2-Methyl-2,4-pentanediol</td>
<td>107-41-5</td>
<td>KTD</td>
<td>25 ppm</td>
<td>ID OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (Vapour)</td>
<td>121 mg/m³</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>STEL (Vapour)</td>
<td>50 ppm</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>STEL (Inhalable fraction, Aerosol only)</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Propylene glycol monostearate</td>
<td>1323-39-3</td>
<td>NAB</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>ID OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (Respirable particulate matter)</td>
<td>3 mg/m³</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mometasone</td>
<td>83919-23-7</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>1 µg/m³ (OEB 4)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Wipe limit</td>
<td>10 µg/100 cm²</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Engineering measures: Containment technologies suitable for controlling compounds are required to control at source and to prevent migration of the compound to uncontrolled areas (e.g., vacuum conveying from a closed system, packout head with inflatable seal from stationary container, ventilated enclosure, etc.). All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment.
Essentially no open handling permitted. Use closed processing systems or containment technologies.

**Personal protective equipment**

**Respiratory protection**: If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

**Filter type**

**Hand protection**: Combined particulates and organic vapour type

**Material**

**Remarks**: Consider double gloving.

**Eye protection**

**Hand protection**: Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles. If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles. Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

**Skin and body protection**: Work uniform or laboratory coat. Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces. Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially contaminated clothing.

**Hygiene measures**: If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use. The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

**9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

**Appearance**

**Colour**

**Odour**

**Odour Threshold**

**pH**

**Melting point/freezing point**

**Initial boiling point and boiling range**

**Flash point**: > 93.3 °C
10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reac-
tions : Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.
Can react with strong oxidizing agents.
Conditions to avoid : None known.
Incompatible materials : Oxidizing agents
Hazardous decomposition products : No hazardous decomposition products are known.
11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure:

Skin contact
Ingestion
Eye contact

Acute toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Petrolatum:

Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 401
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

2-Methyl-2,4-pentanediol:

Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

Propylene glycol monostearate:

Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Mouse): > 5,000 mg/kg

Mometasone:

Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
LD50 (Mouse): > 2,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity:

LC50 (Rat): > 3.3 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Remarks: No mortality observed at this dose.

LC50 (Mouse): > 3.2 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute toxicity (other routes of administration):

LD50 (Rat): 300 mg/kg
Application Route: Subcutaneous
Symptoms: Breathing difficulties
**SAFETY DATA SHEET**

**Mometasone Ointment Formulation**

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<thead>
<tr>
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<td>1751214-00008</td>
<td>2020/03/23</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**Petrolatum:**
- **Species:** Rabbit
- **Method:** OECD Test Guideline 404
- **Result:** No skin irritation
- **Remarks:** Based on data from similar materials

**2-Methyl-2,4-pentanediol:**
- **Species:** Rabbit
- **Method:** OECD Test Guideline 404
- **Result:** No skin irritation

**Propylene glycol monostearate:**
- **Result:** No skin irritation

**Mometasone:**
- **Species:** Rabbit
- **Result:** No skin irritation

### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

**Components:**

**Petrolatum:**
- **Species:** Rabbit
- **Result:** No eye irritation
- **Method:** OECD Test Guideline 405
- **Remarks:** Based on data from similar materials

**2-Methyl-2,4-pentanediol:**
- **Species:** Rabbit
- **Result:** Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

**Mometasone:**
- **Species:** Rabbit
- **Result:** No eye irritation

### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

**Skin sensitisation**

Not classified based on available information.

**Respiratory sensitisation**

Not classified based on available information.
Components:

Petrolatum:
- Test Type: Buehler Test
- Exposure routes: Skin contact
- Species: Guinea pig
- Result: negative
- Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

2-Methyl-2,4-pentanediol:
- Test Type: Maximisation Test
- Exposure routes: Skin contact
- Species: Guinea pig
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 406
- Result: negative

Mometasone:
- Test Type: Maximisation Test
- Exposure routes: Dermal
- Species: Guinea pig
- Assessment: Does not cause skin sensitisation.
- Result: negative
- Remarks: The results of a test on guinea pigs showed this substance to be a weak skin sensitiser.

Germ cell mutagenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Petrolatum:
- Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
  Result: negative
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
- Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
  Species: Mouse
  Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 474
  Result: negative
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

2-Methyl-2,4-pentanediol:
- Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  Result: negative
- Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 476
  Result: negative
- Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Result: negative

Mometasone:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES) Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosomal aberration
Test system: Chinese hamster lung cells
Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosomal aberration
Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells
Result: positive

Test Type: Mouse Lymphoma
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: Micronucleus test
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Oral
Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosomal aberration
Species: Rat
Cell type: Bone marrow
Result: negative

Test Type: unscheduled DNA synthesis assay
Species: Rat
Cell type: Liver cells
Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity - Assessment: Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ cell mutagen.

Carcinogenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Petrolatum:
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 2 Years
Result: negative

Mometasone:
Species: Rat
Application Route: Inhalation
Exposure time: 2 Years
Dose: 0.067 mg/kg body weight
Result: negative
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Inhalation
Exposure time: 19 Months
Dose: 0.160 mg/kg body weight
Result: negative

Reproductive toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Petrolatum:
Effects on fertility: Test Type: Reproduction/Developmental toxicity screening test
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on foetal development: Test Type: Embry-foetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Skin contact
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

2-Methyl-2,4-pentanediol:
Effects on fertility: Test Type: Reproduction/Developmental toxicity screening test
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 421
Result: negative

Effects on foetal development: Test Type: Embry-foetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 414
Result: negative

Mometasone:
Effects on fertility: Test Type: Fertility
Species: Rat
Application Route: Subcutaneous
Fertility: NOAEL: 0.015 mg/kg body weight
Symptoms: Reduced embryonic survival, Reduced foetal weight
Result: No effects on fertility, Effect on reproduction capacity

Effects on foetal development: Test Type: Embry-foetal development
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Subcutaneous
Embryo-foetal toxicity: LOAEL: 0.06 mg/kg body weight
Result: Embryotoxic effects, Teratogenicity and developmen-
Reproductive toxicity - Assessment: Clear evidence of adverse effects on development, based on animal experiments. Some evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility, based on animal experiments.

**STOT - single exposure**
Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**Mometasone:**
Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**STOT - repeated exposure**
Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**Mometasone:**
Exposure routes: Inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Target Organs: Immune system, Liver, Kidney, Skin
Assessment: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

**Repeated dose toxicity**

**Components:**

**Petrolatum:**
## SAFETY DATA SHEET

### Mometasone Ointment Formulation

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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Components:

**Mometasone**
- Species: Rat
- NOAEL: 0.005 mg/kg
- LOAEL: 0.3 mg/kg
- Application Route: Oral
- Exposure time: 30 d
- Target Organs: Lymph nodes, Liver, Adrenal gland, Skin, thymus gland

**2-Methyl-2,4-pentanediol**
- Species: Rat
- NOAEL: >= 450 mg/kg
- Application Route: Ingestion
- Exposure time: 90 Days
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 408

**Mometasone**
- Species: Dog
- NOAEL: 0.5 mg/kg
- Application Route: Oral
- Exposure time: 30 d
- Target Organs: Lymph nodes, Liver, Adrenal gland, Skin, thymus gland

**Mometasone**
- Species: Rat
- NOAEL: 0.00013 mg/l
- Application Route: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
- Exposure time: 90 d
- Target Organs: Adrenal gland, Lungs, Lymph nodes, spleen, Bone marrow, Kidney, Liver, thymus gland

**Mometasone**
- Species: Dog
- NOAEL: 0.0005 mg/l
- Application Route: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
- Exposure time: 90 d
- Target Organs: Adrenal gland, Lungs, Lymph nodes, spleen, Bone marrow, Kidney, thymus gland, Liver

### Aspiration toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**Mometasone**
- Not applicable

**Experience with human exposure**

**Components:**

**2-Methyl-2,4-pentanediol**: 

---

13 / 19
Eye contact: Target Organs: Eyes
Symptoms: Irritation

Mometasone:
Inhalation: Symptoms: allergic rhinitis, Headache, pharyngitis, upper respiratory tract infection, sinusitis, oral candidiasis, Back pain, musculoskeletal pain, immune system effects, indigestion

Skin contact: Symptoms: Dermatitis, Itching

Further information

Components:
Mometasone:
Remarks: Dermal absorption possible

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

Petrolatum:
Toxicity to fish: LL50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 10,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants: NOEL (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity):

2-Methyl-2,4-pentanediol:
Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Gambusia affinis (Mosquito fish)): 8,510 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 (Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)): 2,800 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic: ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 429
### Mometasone Ointment Formulation

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Concentration</th>
<th>Exposure Time</th>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Toxicity to microorganisms</td>
<td>NOEC: 200 mg/l</td>
<td>10 d</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EC10 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae))</td>
<td>&gt; 429 mg/l</td>
<td>72 h</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 201</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Toxicity to fish</td>
<td>LC50 (Menidia beryllina (Silverside)): 0.11 mg/l</td>
<td>96 h</td>
<td></td>
<td>No toxicity at the limit of solubility</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LC50 (Cyprinodon variegatus (sheepshead minnow)): 5 mg/l</td>
<td></td>
<td>7 d</td>
<td></td>
<td>No toxicity at the limit of solubility</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants</td>
<td>EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): &gt; 5 mg/l</td>
<td>48 h</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 202</td>
<td>No toxicity at the limit of solubility</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EC50 (Americamysis): &gt; 5 mg/l</td>
<td></td>
<td>96 h</td>
<td>US-EPA OPPTS 850.1035</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Remarks:</td>
<td>NOEC: 0.00014 mg/l</td>
<td>32 d</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 210</td>
<td>No toxicity at the limit of solubility</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)</td>
<td>NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 0.34 mg/l</td>
<td>21 d</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 211</td>
<td>No toxicity at the limit of solubility</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)</td>
<td>NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.34 mg/l</td>
<td>21 d</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 211</td>
<td>No toxicity at the limit of solubility</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity)</td>
<td>100</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Toxicity to microorganisms</td>
<td>EC50: &gt; 1,000 mg/l</td>
<td>3 h</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 209</td>
<td>No toxicity at the limit of solubility</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Mometasone Ointment Formulation

Version: 2.1  Revision Date: 2020/10/10  SDS Number: 1751214-00008  Date of last issue: 2020/03/23

Date of first issue: 2017/06/14

NOEC: 1,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h
Test Type: Respiration inhibition
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209
Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility

Persistence and degradability

Components:

Petrolatum:
Biodegradability: Result: Not readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 31 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

2-Methyl-2,4-pentanediol:
Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 81 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F

Mometasone:
Biodegradability: Result: Not readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 50 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 314
Stability in water: Hydrolysis: 50 % (12 d)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 111

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

2-Methyl-2,4-pentanediol:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 0
Remarks: Calculation

Mometasone:
Bioaccumulation: Species: Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)
Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 107.1
Method: OECD Test Guideline 305
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 4.68
Mobility in soil

Components:

Mometasone:
Distribution among environmental compartments: log Koc: 4.02

Other adverse effects
No data available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods
Waste from residues: Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated packaging: Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG
UN number: UN 3077
Proper shipping name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Mometasone)
Class: 9
Packing group: III
Labels: 9

IATA-DGR
UN/ID No.: UN 3077
Proper shipping name: Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (Mometasone)
Class: 9
Packing group: III
Labels: Miscellaneous
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft): 956
Packing instruction (passenger aircraft): 956
Environmentally hazardous: yes

IMDG-Code
UN number: UN 3077
Proper shipping name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Mometasone)
Class: 9
Packing group: III
Labels: 9
EmS Code: F-A, S-F
Marine pollutant: yes
Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable for product as supplied.

Special precautions for user
The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Minister of Industry Regulation No. 23/M-IND/PER/4/2013 concerning the Revision of Minister of Industry Regulation No. 87/M-IND/PER/9/2009 concerning Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals.

Regulation of the Minister of Health No. 472 of 1996 on the Safeguarding of Substances Hazardous to Health
Hazardous substances that must be registered : Not applicable

Government Regulation No. 74 of 2001 on the Management of Hazardous and Toxic Substances
Hazardous substances approved for use : Not applicable
Prohibited substances : Not applicable
Restricted substances : Not applicable

Regulation of the Minister of Trade No. 44 of 2009 on Procurement, Distribution and Supervision of Hazardous Materials
Type of Hazardous Materials Restricted to Import, Distribution and Supervision : Not applicable

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:
AICS : not determined
DSL : not determined
IECSC : not determined

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information
### SAFETY DATA SHEET

**Mometasone Ointment Formulation**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Version</th>
<th>Revision Date</th>
<th>SDS Number</th>
<th>Date of last issue</th>
<th>Date of first issue</th>
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<td>1751214-00008</td>
<td>2020/03/23</td>
<td>2017/06/14</td>
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</table>

**Date format**: yyyy/mm/dd

**Full text of other abbreviations**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ACGIH / TWA</th>
<th>8-hour, time-weighted average</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ACGIH / STEL</td>
<td>Short-term exposure limit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ID OEL / NAB</td>
<td>Long term exposure limit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ID OEL / PSD</td>
<td>Short term exposure limit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ID OEL / KTD</td>
<td>Ceiling</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

All abbreviations begin with an abbreviation of the full text of the abbreviation. For abbreviations that use only letters, the full text is provided as a legend.

### The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.