

Olmesartan / Amlodipine Besylate (3.5%) / Hydrochlorothiazide Formulation



 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 10.10.2020

 2.0
 09.04.2021
 4944868-00004
 Date of first issue: 30.09.2019

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name : Olmesartan / Amlodipine Besylate (3.5%) / Hydrochlorothiazide

Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company : Organon & Co.

Address : 30 Hudson Street, 33nd floor

Jersey City, New Jersey, U.S.A 07302

Telephone : 551-430-6000

Emergency telephone number : 215-631-6999

E-mail address : EHSSTEWARD@organon.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Pharmaceutical

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Manufacture, Storage and Import of Hazardous Chemicals Rules 1989

Classification

Not classified as hazardous according to criteria laid down in Part I of Schedule-1.

GHS Classification

Serious eye damage/eye irri-

tation

Category 2A

Reproductive toxicity : Category 1A

Specific target organ toxicity - :

repeated exposure

Category 2 (Kidney, Parathyroid gland)

Short-term (acute) aquatic

hazard

Category 3

Long-term (chronic) aquatic

hazard

Category 3

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word : Danger



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Hazard statements : H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H360D May damage the unborn child.

H373 May cause damage to organs (Kidney, Parathyroid

gland) through prolonged or repeated exposure. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements : Prevention:

P203 Obtain, read and follow all safety instructions before use.

P260 Do not breathe dust.

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling. P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protec-

tion/ face protection.

Response:

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and

easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P318 IF exposed or concerned, get medical advice. P337 + P317 If eye irritation persists: Get medical help.

Storage:

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste

disposal plant.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

May form explosible dust-air mixture if dispersed.

Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of the skin.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Cellulose	9004-34-6	>= 30 - < 50
Starch	9005-25-8	>= 30 - < 50
Olmesartan	144689-63-4	>= 10 - < 20
Hydrochlorothiazide	58-93-5	>= 5 - < 10
Amlodipine Besylate	652969-01-2	>= 2.5 - < 5

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

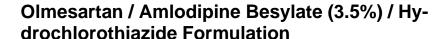
General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical ad-

vice immediately.

When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical

advice.







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If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air.

Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty

of water.

Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.

Get medical attention.
Wash clothing before reuse.

Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact : In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water

for at least 15 minutes.

If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn.

Get medical attention.

If swallowed : If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.

Get medical attention.

Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and

delayed

Causes serious eye irritation.

May damage the unborn child.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of

the skin.

Protection of first-aiders : First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection,

and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically and supportively.

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray

Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

High volume water jet

Specific hazards during fire-

fighting

Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient

concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a

potential dust explosion hazard.

Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread

fire.

Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion prod-

ucts

Carbon oxides

Nitrogen oxides (NOx) Chlorine compounds Sulphur oxides

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir-

cumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

Democratic and containers from fire area if it is

Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do

SO.

Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment

for firefighters

In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Use personal protective equipment.



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6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emer-

gency procedures

Use personal protective equipment.

Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal pro-

tective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable con-

tainer for disposal.

Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces

with compressed air).

Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to deter-

mine which regulations are applicable.

Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding

certain local or national requirements.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Local/Total ventilation

Advice on safe handling

Technical measures : Static electricity may accumulate and ignite suspended dust

causing an explosion.

Provide adequate precautions, such as electrical grounding

and bonding, or inert atmospheres.

If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust

ventilation.

Do not get on skin or clothing. Do not breathe dust.

Do not swallow. Do not get in eyes.

Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure as-

sessment

Keep container tightly closed.

Minimize dust generation and accumulation.

Keep container closed when not in use.

Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the

environment.

Conditions for safe storage : Keep in properly labelled containers.

Store locked up. Keep tightly closed.

Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.



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Materials to avoid Do not store with the following product types:

Strong oxidizing agents

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Cellulose	9004-34-6	TWA	10 mg/m3	ACGIH
Starch	9005-25-8	TWA	10 mg/m3	ACGIH
Olmesartan	144689-63-4	TWA	30 μg/m3 (OEB 3)	Internal
		Wipe limit	300 µg/100 cm ²	Internal
Hydrochlorothiazide	58-93-5	TWA	100 μg/m3 (OEB 2)	Internal
Amlodipine Besylate	652969-01-2	TWA	20 μg/m3 (OEB 3)	Internal
		Wipe limit	100 μg/100 cm ²	Internal

Engineering measures Use feasible engineering controls to minimize exposure to

compound.

All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to

protect products, workers, and the environment.

Personal protective equipment

If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or expo-Respiratory protection

sure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the rec-

ommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

Filter type

Particulates type

Hand protection Material

Chemical-resistant gloves

Eye protection Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.

If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions,

mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.

Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or

aerosols.

Skin and body protection

Work uniform or laboratory coat. Hygiene measures

If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye

flushing systems and safety showers close to the working

When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the

use of administrative controls.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES





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Appearance : tablet

Colour : No data available

Odour : No data available

Odour Threshold : No data available

pH : No data available

Melting point/freezing point : No data available

Initial boiling point and boiling

range

No data available

Flash point : No data available

Evaporation rate : Not applicable

Flammability (solid, gas) : No data available

Flammability (liquids) : No data available

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower

flammability limit

No data available

Vapour pressure : Not applicable

Relative vapour density : Not applicable

Relative density : No data available

Density : No data available

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : No data available

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Not applicable

Auto-ignition temperature : No data available

Decomposition temperature : No data available

Viscosity

Viscosity, kinematic : Not applicable

Explosive properties : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.





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Molecular weight : No data available

Particle size : No data available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard. Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reac-

tions

Dust can form an explosive mixture in air. Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

Conditions to avoid : Avoid dust formation.
Incompatible materials : Oxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition

products

: No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of:

exposure

: Inhalation Skin contact Ingestion

Eye contact

Acute toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Product:

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

Components:

Cellulose:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5.8 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Starch:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Olmesartan:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

LD50 (Mouse): > 2,000 mg/kg





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LD50 (Dog): > 1,500 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : Remarks: No data available

Acute dermal toxicity : Remarks: No data available

Hydrochlorothiazide:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,750 mg/kg

LD50 (Mouse): > 2,830 mg/kg

Acute toxicity (other routes of :

administration)

LD50 (Rat): 990 mg/kg

Application Route: Intravenous

LD50 (Mouse): 590 mg/kg Application Route: Intravenous

Amlodipine Besylate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 393 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Olmesartan:

Remarks : No data available

Hydrochlorothiazide:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

Components:

Starch:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Olmesartan:

Species : Rabbit Method : Draize Test

Result : Moderate eye irritation

Hydrochlorothiazide:

Species : Rabbit

Result : Mild eye irritation







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Amlodipine Besylate:

Species : Rabbit

Result : Severe irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Starch:

Test Type : Maximisation Test
Exposure routes : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig
Result : negative

Olmesartan:

Exposure routes : Skin contact Remarks : No data available

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Cellulose:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Starch:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Olmesartan:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative



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Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vitro mammalian cytogenetic test)

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Test system: Chinese hamster lung cells

Result: positive

Test Type: Mouse Lymphoma

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Micronucleus test

Species: Mouse

Cell type: Bone marrow Application Route: Oral

Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity -

Assessment

Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ

cell mutagen.

Hydrochlorothiazide:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosomal aberration
Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells

Result: negative

Test Type: sister chromatid exchange assay Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells

Result: positive

Test Type: in vitro assay

Test system: mouse lymphoma cells

Result: positive

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Chromosomal aberration

Species: Chinese hamster Cell type: Bone marrow

Result: negative

Test Type: in vivo assay

Species: Mouse

Cell type: Bone marrow

Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity -

Assessment

: Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ

cell mutagen.

Amlodipine Besylate:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative







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Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Result: negative

Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Cellulose:

Species : Rat
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 72 weeks
Result : negative

Olmesartan:

Species : Rat
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 2 Years
Result : negative

Species : Mouse
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 6 Months
Result : negative

Hydrochlorothiazide:

Species : Mouse, female

Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 2 Years
Result : negative

Species : Mouse, male

Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 2 Years
Result : equivocal

Species : Rat, male and female

Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 2 Years
Result : negative

Amlodipine Besylate:

Species : Mouse
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 2 Years
Result : negative

Species : Rat
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 2 Years







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Result : negative

Reproductive toxicity

May damage the unborn child.

Components:

Cellulose:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Olmesartan:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Fertility

Species: Rat

Application Route: Oral

Fertility: NOAEL: 1,000 mg/kg body weight

Result: No effects on fertility

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Test Type: Development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Oral

Dose: 1000 milligram per kilogram Result: No teratogenic effects

Test Type: Development

Species: Rabbit Application Route: Oral Dose: 1 milligram per kilogram Result: No teratogenic effects

Test Type: Development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Oral

Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: >= 1.6 mg/kg body weight Symptoms: Malformations were observed., Reduced body

weight

Result: Effects on postnatal development

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

Positive evidence of adverse effects on development from

human epidemiological studies.

Hydrochlorothiazide:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Fertility

Species: Rat, male and female Application Route: oral (feed)







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Fertility: NOAEL: 4 mg/kg body weight

Result: Effects on fertility

Test Type: Fertility

Species: Mouse, male and female Application Route: oral (feed)

Fertility: NOAEL: 100 mg/kg body weight

Result: Effects on fertility

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Test Type: Development

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Oral

Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 3,000 mg/kg body weight

Result: No teratogenic effects

Test Type: Development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Oral

Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 1,000 mg/kg body weight

Result: No teratogenic effects

Amlodipine Besylate:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Fertility: NOAEL: 10 mg/kg body weight

Result: No effects on fertility

Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development

Species: Rabbit

Application Route: Ingestion

Fertility: NOAEL: 25 mg/kg body weight

Result: No effects on fertility

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 10 mg/kg body weight

Result: Effects on foetal development

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Rabbit

Application Route: Ingestion

Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 10 mg/kg body weight

Result: No effects on foetal development

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Ingestion

Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 1.6 mg/kg body weight

Result: Effects on foetal development Remarks: Maternal toxicity observed.



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STOT - single exposure

Not classified based on available information.

STOT - repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs (Kidney, Parathyroid gland) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Components:

Hydrochlorothiazide:

Target Organs : Kidney, Parathyroid gland

Assessment : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Cellulose:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : >= 9,000 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 90 Days

Starch:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : >= 2,000 mg/kg
Application Route : Skin contact

Exposure time : 28 Days

Method : OECD Test Guideline 410

Olmesartan:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : 2,000 mg/kg

Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 24 Months

Remarks : No significant adverse effects were reported

Hydrochlorothiazide:

Species : Rat, male and female

LOAEL : 10 mg/kg Application Route : Oral Exposure time : 2 yr

Target Organs : Kidney, Parathyroid gland

Species : Mouse, male and female

NOAEL : 300 - 550 mg/kg

Application Route : Oral Exposure time : 2 yr

Remarks : No significant adverse effects were reported







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Species : Dog

: 50 - 200 mg/kg

Application Route : Oral Exposure time : 9 Months

Target Organs : Parathyroid gland

Amlodipine Besylate:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : 15 mg/kg

Application Route : Oral

Exposure time : 90 d

Remarks : No significant adverse effects were reported

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Hydrochlorothiazide:

No aspiration toxicity classification

Experience with human exposure

Components:

Olmesartan:

Eye contact : Symptoms: Eye irritation Ingestion : Symptoms: hypotension

Remarks: May cause harm to the unborn child.

Based on Human Evidence

Hydrochlorothiazide:

Eye contact : Symptoms: Eye irritation

Ingestion : Symptoms: Dizziness, Headache, Fatigue, Nausea, Ab-

dominal pain, hypotension, dry mouth, electrolyte imbalance,

eye pain

Amlodipine Besylate:

Eye contact : Symptoms: Severe irritation

Ingestion : Symptoms: Nausea, Abdominal pain, Fatigue, Headache,

Oedema, Palpitation

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

Cellulose:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials





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Hydrochlorothiazide:

Toxicity to fish LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 500 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

aquatic invertebrates

Toxicity to daphnia and other : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 500 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Amlodipine Besylate:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 2.7 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

aquatic invertebrates

Toxicity to daphnia and other : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 3.2 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

: IC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 5.6

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Persistence and degradability

Components:

Cellulose:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Hydrochlorothiazide:

Stability in water : Hydrolysis: 46.2 %(96 h)

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Amlodipine Besylate:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 3

Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

No data available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Waste from residues

Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste han-Contaminated packaging

dling site for recycling or disposal.

If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.





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14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable for product as supplied.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

AICS : not determined

DSL : not determined

IECSC : not determined

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data

Sheet

Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agen-

cy, http://echa.europa.eu/

Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.

Date format : dd.mm.yyyy

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with





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x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

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