Section 1: Identification

Product name: Rizatriptan Orally Disintegrating Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier’s details

Company: Organon & Co.
Address: 30 Hudson Street, 33nd floor
Jersey City, New Jersey, U.S.A 07302
Telephone: 551-430-6000
Emergency telephone number: 215-631-6999
E-mail address: EHSSTEWARD@organon.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use: Pharmaceutical

Section 2: Hazard identification

GHS Classification

Skin sensitisation: Category 1
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Oral): Category 2 (Cardio-vascular system)

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms: Warning

Signal word: H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H373 May cause damage to organs (Cardio-vascular system) through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.

Precautionary statements: Prevention:
P260 Do not breathe dust.
P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
P280 Wear protective gloves.

Response:
P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
P314 Get medical advice/ attention if you feel unwell.
P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
Disposal:
P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards which do not result in classification
Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation.
May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.

Section 3: Composition/information on ingredients

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance / Mixture</th>
<th>Components</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Chemical name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Cellulose</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Peppermint oil</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Starch</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Rizatriptan</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Section 4: First-aid measures

General advice:
In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately.
When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

If inhaled:
If inhaled, remove to fresh air.
Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact:
In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water.
Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.
Get medical attention.
Wash clothing before reuse.
Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact:
If in eyes, rinse well with water.
Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

If swallowed:
If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.
Get medical attention.
Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:
May cause an allergic skin reaction.
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.
Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation.

Protection of first-aiders:
First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician:
Treat symptomatically and supportively.

Section 5: Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media:
Water spray
Alcohol-resistant foam
Carbon dioxide (CO2)
Dry chemical
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Rizatriptan Orally Disintegrating Formulation

Unsuitable extinguishing media : None known.
Specific hazards during firefighting : Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a potential dust explosion hazard. Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion products : Carbon oxides
Nitrogen oxides (NOx)
Specific extinguishing methods : Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so. Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment for firefighters : In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal protective equipment.

Section 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures : Use personal protective equipment. Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

Environmental precautions : Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up : Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal. Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces with compressed air). Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable. Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

Section 7: Handling and storage

Technical measures : Static electricity may accumulate and ignite suspended dust causing an explosion. Provide adequate precautions, such as electrical grounding and bonding, or inert atmospheres.

Local/Total ventilation : Use only with adequate ventilation.
Advice on safe handling : Do not get on skin or clothing. Do not breathe dust.
Do not swallow.
Avoid contact with eyes.
Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment
Minimize dust generation and accumulation.
Keep container closed when not in use.
Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.
Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Hygiene measures:
If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place.
When using do not eat, drink or smoke.
Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.
The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

Conditions for safe storage:
Keep in properly labelled containers.
Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid:
Do not store with the following product types:
Strong oxidizing agents

Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Components with workplace control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cellulose</td>
<td>9004-34-6</td>
<td>WES-TWA</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>NZ OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Starch</td>
<td>9005-25-8</td>
<td>WES-TWA</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>NZ OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rizatriptan</td>
<td>145202-66-0</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>10 µg/m³ (OEB 3)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Wipe limit</td>
<td>100 µg/100 cm²</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Engineering measures:
All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment.
Containment technologies suitable for controlling compounds are required to control at source and to prevent migration of the compound to uncontrolled areas (e.g., open-face containment devices).
Minimize open handling.
Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection: If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

Filter type: Particulates type

Hand protection: Chemical-resistant gloves

Eye protection: Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles. If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles. Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

Skin and body protection: Work uniform or laboratory coat. Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces. Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially contaminated clothing.

Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

Appearance: powder
Colour: No data available
Odour: No data available
Odour Threshold: No data available
pH: No data available
Melting point/freezing point: No data available
Initial boiling point and boiling range: No data available
Flash point: Not applicable
Evaporation rate: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas): May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.
Flammability (liquids): No data available
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit: No data available
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit: No data available
### SAFETY DATA SHEET

**Rizatriptan Orally Disintegrating Formulation**

Version 1.9  
Revision Date: 10.10.2020  
SDS Number: 809073-00010  
Date of last issue: 23.03.2020  
Date of first issue: 22.07.2016

<table>
<thead>
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<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Vapour pressure</td>
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<tr>
<td>Relative vapour density</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relative density</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Density</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solubility(ies)</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Water solubility</td>
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<td>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water</td>
<td>No data available</td>
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<tr>
<td>Auto-ignition temperature</td>
<td>No data available</td>
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<tr>
<td>Decomposition temperature</td>
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<tr>
<td>Viscosity</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Viscosity, kinematic</td>
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<tr>
<td>Explosive properties</td>
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<tr>
<td>Oxidizing properties</td>
<td>The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Molecular weight</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Particle size</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Section 10: Stability and reactivity**

- **Reactivity**: Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
- **Chemical stability**: Stable under normal conditions.
- **Possibility of hazardous reactions**: May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means. Can react with strong oxidizing agents.
- **Conditions to avoid**: Heat, flames and sparks. Avoid dust formation.
- **Incompatible materials**: Oxidizing agents
- **Hazardous decomposition products**: No hazardous decomposition products are known.

**Section 11: Toxicological information**

- **Exposure routes**: Inhalation, Skin contact, Ingestion, Eye contact

**Acute toxicity**

Not classified based on available information.

**Product**

- **Acute oral toxicity**: Acute toxicity estimate: > 2,000 mg/kg
Components:

Cellulose:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): > 5.8 mg/l
  Exposure time: 4 h
  Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Peppermint oil:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg

Starch:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Rizatriptan:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 2,227 mg/kg
  LD50 (Mouse): 700 - 1,631 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Peppermint oil:
Species: Rabbit
Result: Skin irritation
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Rizatriptan:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Peppermint oil:
Species: Rabbit
Result: Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Starch:
Species : Rabbit
Result : No eye irritation

Rizatriptan:
Species : Bovine cornea
Remarks : Moderate eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitisation
Skin sensitisation
May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Respiratory sensitisation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Peppermint oil:
Test Type : Local lymph node assay (LLNA)
Exposure routes : Skin contact
Species : Mouse
Method : OECD Test Guideline 429
Result : positive
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials
Assessment : Probability or evidence of skin sensitisation in humans

Starch:
Test Type : Maximisation Test
Exposure routes : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig
Result : negative

Rizatriptan:
Test Type : Maximisation Test
Exposure routes : Dermal
Species : Guinea pig
Assessment : Does not cause skin sensitisation.
Result : negative

Chronic toxicity

Germ cell mutagenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Cellulose:
Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative
**Genotoxicity in vivo**

- **Starch:**
  - Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
  - Species: Mouse
  - Application Route: Ingestion
  - Result: negative

- **Rizatriptan:**
  - Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  - Result: negative

**Carcinogenicity**

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

### Cellulose:

- **Species:** Rat
- **Application Route:** Ingestion
- **Exposure time:** 72 weeks
- **Result:** negative

### Rizatriptan:

- **Species:** Mouse
- **Application Route:** Oral
- **Exposure time:** 100 weeks
- **NOAEL:** 125 mg/kg body weight
- **Result:** negative

- **Species:** Rat
Reproductive toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Cellulose:
Effects on fertility : Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study
                     Species: Rat
                     Application Route: Ingestion
                     Result: negative

Effects on foetal development : Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development
                                Species: Rat
                                Application Route: Ingestion
                                Result: negative

Rizatriptan:
Effects on fertility : Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development
                     Species: Rat, female
                     Application Route: Oral
                     Fertility: LOAEL: 100 mg/kg body weight
                     Symptoms: altered estrus cycles
                     Result: No effects on fertility and early embryonic development were detected.

                     Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development
                     Species: Rat, male
                     Application Route: Oral
                     Fertility: NOAEL: 250 mg/kg body weight
                     Result: No effects on fertility and early embryonic development were detected.

Effects on foetal development : Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
                                Species: Rat
                                Application Route: Oral
                                Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 10 mg/kg body weight
                                Result: No teratogenic effects, Embryo-foetal toxicity

                                Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
                                Species: Rabbit
                                Application Route: Oral
                                Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 100 mg/kg body weight
                                Result: No teratogenic effects, Embryo-foetal toxicity
                                Remarks: The effects were seen only at maternally toxic doses.

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment : Some evidence of adverse effects on development, based on animal experiments.
STOT - single exposure
Not classified based on available information.

Components:
Rizatriptan:
Assessment : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

STOT - repeated exposure
May cause damage to organs (Cardio-vascular system) through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.

Components:
Rizatriptan:
Target Organs : Cardio-vascular system
Assessment : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:
Cellulose:
Species : Rat
NOAEL : \( \geq 9,000 \text{ mg/kg} \)
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 90 Days

Starch:
Species : Rat
NOAEL : \( \geq 2,000 \text{ mg/kg} \)
Application Route : Skin contact
Exposure time : 28 Days
Method : OECD Test Guideline 410

Rizatriptan:
Species : Rat
LOAEL : 1 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 14 Weeks
Symptoms : Dilatation of the pupil, Increased pulse rate, Redness

Species : Dog
LOAEL : 0.05 mg/kg
Application Route : Intravenous
Exposure time : 2 Weeks
Symptoms : Dilatation of the pupil, Increased pulse rate, Redness

Species : Dog
LOAEL : 0.2 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 1 yr
Symptoms: Dilatation of the pupil

**Aspiration toxicity**
Not classified based on available information.

**Experience with human exposure**

**Components:**

**Rizatriptan:**
Ingestion
Symptoms: asthenia, fatigue, pain, dizziness, weakness, drowsiness

**Ecotoxicity**

**Components:**

**Cellulose:**
Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Peppermint oil:**
Toxicity to fish: LL50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): > 10 - 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 10 - 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants: EL50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 10 - 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to microorganisms: EC10: 51 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Rizatriptan:**
Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Pimphales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 1,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 1,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants: EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 48 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)
NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 9.6 mg/l
Exposure time: 32 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 210

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)
NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 110 mg/l
Exposure time: 21 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Toxicity to microorganisms
EC50: > 1,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h
Test Type: Respiration inhibition
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209
NOEC: 1,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h
Test Type: Respiration inhibition
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Persistence and degradability

Components:

Cellulose:
Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable.

Peppermint oil:
Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable.
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Rizatriptan:
Biodegradability: Result: Not readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 50 %
Exposure time: 13 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 314

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Peppermint oil:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: > 4
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Rizatriptan:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: -0.649
octanol/water

**Mobility in soil**

**Components:**

**Rizatriptan:**
Distribution among environmental compartments: \( \log K_{oc} \): log Koc: 3.83
Method: OECD Test Guideline 106

**Other adverse effects**
No data available

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**Section 13: Disposal considerations**

**Disposal methods**
- Waste from residues: Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
- Contaminated packaging: Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.
  
  If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

---

**Section 14: Transport information**

**International Regulations**

**UNRTDG**
Not regulated as a dangerous good

**IATA-DGR**
Not regulated as a dangerous good

**IMDG-Code**
Not regulated as a dangerous good

**Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code**
Not applicable for product as supplied.

**National Regulations**

**NZS 5433**
Not regulated as a dangerous good

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**Section 15: Regulatory information**

**Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**

**HSNO Approval Number**
HSR100425 Pharmaceutical Active Ingredients Group Standard 2017

**HSW Controls**
Certified handler certificate not required.
Tracking hazardous substance not required.
Refer to the Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017, for further information.
The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

- AICS: not determined
- DSL: not determined
- IECSC: not determined

Section 16: Other information

Further information:
Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet:
- Date format: dd.mm.yyyy

Full text of other abbreviations:
- ACGIH: USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
- NZ OEL: New Zealand. Workplace Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants
- ACGIH / TWA: 8-hour, time-weighted average
- NZ OEL / WES-TWA: Workplace Exposure Standard - Time Weighted average

(All - American Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; ILO - International Labour Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50% of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods;
vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.

NZ / EN