# Simvastatin Formulation



Version **Revision Date:** SDS Number: Date of last issue: 2019/09/13 2020/03/23 24371-00015 Date of first issue: 2014/10/21 5.0

#### 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Chemical product name : Simvastatin Formulation

Supplier's company name, address and phone number

Company name of supplier : Organon & Co.

Address 30 Hudson Street, 33nd floor

Jersey City, New Jersey, U.S.A 07302

Telephone 551-430-6000

E-mail address : EHSSTEWARD@organon.com

Emergency telephone number : 215-631-6999

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use Pharmaceutical

## 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

## GHS classification of chemical product

Skin sensitisation : Category 1

repeated exposure

Specific target organ toxicity - : Category 2 (Liver, muscle, optic nerve, Eye)

Short-term (acute) aquatic

hazard

Category 3

Long-term (chronic) aquatic

hazard

Category 3

#### **GHS** label elements

Hazard pictograms





Signal word Warning

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. Hazard statements

H373 May cause damage to organs (Liver, muscle, optic nerve,

Eye) through prolonged or repeated exposure. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements Prevention:

P260 Do not breathe dust.

P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of

the workplace.





Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 2019/09/13 5.0 2020/03/23 24371-00015 Date of first issue: 2014/10/21

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves.

Response:

P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. P314 Get medical advice/ attention if you feel unwell.

P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical ad-

vice/ attention.

P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before

reuse.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste

disposal plant.

#### Other hazards which do not result in classification

Important symptoms and outlines of the emergency as-

sumed

Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation. May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, han-

dling or other means.

#### 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

## Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)	ENCS No.
Simvastatin	79902-63-9	>= 2.5 - < 10	
Starch	9005-25-8	>= 1 - < 10	8-98
Cellulose	9004-34-6	>= 1 - < 10	
Citric acid monohydrate	5949-29-1	>= 1 - < 10	2-1318
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	>= 0.1 - < 1	1-558, 5-5225

#### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical ad-

vice immediately.

When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical

advice.

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air.

Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water.

Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.

Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse.

Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact : If in eyes, rinse well with water.

Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

If swallowed : If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.

Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

# Simvastatin Formulation



Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 2019/09/13 5.0 2020/03/23 24371-00015 Date of first issue: 2014/10/21

Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and

Protection of first-aiders

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

delayed

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation.

First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Treat symptomatically and supportively.

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Notes to physician

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray

Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

None known.

Specific hazards during fire-

fighting

Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a

potential dust explosion hazard.

Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion prod-

ucts

Carbon oxides

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir-

cumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do

so.

Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment

for firefighters

In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Use personal protective equipment.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emer-

gency procedures

Use personal protective equipment.

Follow safe handling advice and personal protective equip-

ment recommendations.

Environmental precautions : Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable con-

tainer for disposal.

Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces

with compressed air).

Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration.

Local or national regulations may apply to releases and dis-





Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 2019/09/13 5.0 2020/03/23 24371-00015 Date of first issue: 2014/10/21

posal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to deter-

mine which regulations are applicable.

Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding

certain local or national requirements.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling

Technical measures : Static electricity may accumulate and ignite suspended dust

causing an explosion.

Provide adequate precautions, such as electrical grounding

and bonding, or inert atmospheres. Use only with adequate ventilation.

Local/Total ventilation : Advice on safe handling :

Do not get on skin or clothing.

Do not get on skin or clothin

Do not breathe dust.

Do not swallow.

Avoid contact with eyes.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure as-

sessment

Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Keep container closed when not in use. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the

environment.

Avoidance of contact

Hygiene measures

Oxidizing agents

If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye

flushing systems and safety showers close to the working

place.

When using do not eat, drink or smoke.
Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the

use of administrative controls.

Storage

Conditions for safe storage : Keep in properly labelled containers.

Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid : Do not store with the following product types:

Strong oxidizing agents

Packaging material : Unsuitable material: None known.

# 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Threshold limit value and permissible exposure limits for each component in the work environment

Components	CAS-No.	Value type	Control parame-	Basis
		(Form of	ters / Permissible	





Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 2019/09/13 5.0 2020/03/23 24371-00015 Date of first issue: 2014/10/21

		exposure)	concentration		
Simvastatin	79902-63-9	TWA	25 μg/m3 (OEB 3)	Internal	
	Further inform	Further information: DSEN			
		Wipe limit	250 µg/100 cm <sup>2</sup>	Internal	
Starch	9005-25-8	TWA	10 mg/m3	ACGIH	
Cellulose	9004-34-6	TWA	10 mg/m3	ACGIH	
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	OEL-M (Respirable dust)	1 mg/m3 (Titanium)	JP OEL JSOH	
	Further inform	Further information: Class 2 Dust			
		OEL-M (Total dust)	4 mg/m3 (Titanium)	JP OEL JSOH	
	Further inform	Further information: Class 2 Dust			
		TWA	10 mg/m3 (Titanium dioxide)	ACGIH	

**Engineering measures** : All engineering controls should be implemented by facility

design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to

protect products, workers, and the environment.

Containment technologies suitable for controlling compounds are required to control at source and to prevent migration of the compound to uncontrolled areas (e.g., open-face con-

tainment devices). Minimize open handling.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or expo-

sure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the rec-

ommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

Filter type Hand protection

Particulates type

Material : Chemical-resistant gloves

Remarks : Consider double gloving.

Eye protection : Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.

If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions,

mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.

Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or

aerosols.

Skin and body protection : Work uniform or laboratory coat.

Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, dis-

posable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces.

Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially

contaminated clothing.

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical state : powder

Colour : No data available

# Simvastatin Formulation



Version **Revision Date:** SDS Number: Date of last issue: 2019/09/13 2020/03/23 24371-00015 Date of first issue: 2014/10/21 5.0

Odour odourless

Odour Threshold No data available

Melting point/freezing point No data available

Boiling point, initial boiling

point and boiling range

No data available

Flammability (solid, gas) May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, han-

dling or other means.

Flammability (liquids) No data available

Lower explosion limit and upper explosion limit / flammability limit

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower

flammability limit

No data available

Flash point Not applicable

Decomposition temperature No data available

pΗ No data available

Not applicable Evaporation rate

No data available Auto-ignition temperature

Viscosity

Viscosity, kinematic Not applicable

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility No data available

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

Not applicable

Vapour pressure Not applicable

Density and / or relative density

Relative density No data available

No data available Density

Not applicable Relative vapour density

Explosive properties Not explosive

Oxidizing properties The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

Particle characteristics

# Simvastatin Formulation



Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 2019/09/13 5.0 2020/03/23 24371-00015 Date of first issue: 2014/10/21

Particle size : No data available

#### 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard. Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reac-

tions

May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, han-

dling or other means.

Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames and sparks.

Avoid dust formation.

Oxidizing agents

Incompatible materials

Hazardous decomposition

products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

#### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of:

exposure

Inhalation
Skin contact
Ingestion
Eye contact

# **Acute toxicity**

Not classified based on available information.

## Components:

Simvastatin:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 5,000 mg/kg

LD50 (Mouse): 3,800 mg/kg

Starch:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Cellulose:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5.8 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Citric acid monohydrate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Mouse): 5,400 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402





Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 2019/09/13 5.0 2020/03/23 24371-00015 Date of first issue: 2014/10/21

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Titanium dioxide:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 6.82 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:** 

Simvastatin:

Species : Rabbit

Remarks : Moderate skin irritation

Citric acid monohydrate:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No skin irritation

Titanium dioxide:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:** 

Simvastatin:

Species : Rabbit

Remarks : slight irritation

Starch:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Citric acid monohydrate:

Species : Rabbit

Result : Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

Titanium dioxide:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

# Simvastatin Formulation



Version **Revision Date:** SDS Number: Date of last issue: 2019/09/13 2020/03/23 24371-00015 Date of first issue: 2014/10/21 5.0

## Respiratory or skin sensitisation

#### Skin sensitisation

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

# Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

#### Components:

Simvastatin:

Assessment Probability or evidence of skin sensitisation in humans

Result positive

Starch:

**Maximisation Test** Test Type Exposure routes Skin contact : Guinea pig Species Result : negative

Titanium dioxide:

Test Type Local lymph node assay (LLNA)

Exposure routes Skin contact Species Mouse Result negative

## Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

# Components:

Simvastatin:

Genotoxicity in vitro Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Test Type: Alkaline elution assay

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosomal aberration

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo Test Type: Micronucleus test

Species: Mouse Application Route: Oral Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity -

Assessment cell mutagen.

Starch:





Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 2019/09/13 5.0 2020/03/23 24371-00015 Date of first issue: 2014/10/21

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Cellulose:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Citric acid monohydrate:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Test Type: in vitro micronucleus test

Result: positive

Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow

cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Titanium dioxide:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: In vivo micronucleus test

Species: Mouse Result: negative

## Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

# **Components:**

Simvastatin:

Species : Mouse
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : < 92 weeks
Target Organs : Harderian gland
Tumor Type : Liver, Lungs

Remarks : The significance of these findings for humans is not certain.



# Simvastatin Formulation

♣ ORGANON

 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 2019/09/13

 5.0
 2020/03/23
 24371-00015
 Date of first issue: 2014/10/21

Species : Rat
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 2 Years
Tumor Type : Liver, Thyroid

Remarks : The significance of these findings for humans is not certain.

Cellulose:

Species : Rat

Application Route : Ingestion

Exposure time : 72 weeks

Result : negative

Titanium dioxide:

Species : Rat

Application Route : inhalation (dust/mist/fume)

Exposure time : 2 Years

Method : OECD Test Guideline 453

Result : positive

Remarks : The mechanism or mode of action may not be relevant in

humans.

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

: Limited evidence of carcinogenicity in inhalation studies with

animals.

#### Reproductive toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

## **Components:**

Simvastatin:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Fertility

Species: Rat, male Application Route: Oral

Fertility: LOAEL: 25 mg/kg body weight

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Oral

Embryo-foetal toxicity: NOAEL: 25 mg/kg body weight Result: No teratogenic effects, No adverse effects

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Rabbit Application Route: Oral

Embryo-foetal toxicity: NOAEL: 10 mg/kg body weight Result: No teratogenic effects, No adverse effects

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Oral

Embryo-foetal toxicity: LOAEL: 60 mg/kg body weight

Result: Teratogenic potential

# **Simvastatin Formulation**



Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 2019/09/13 5.0 2020/03/23 24371-00015 Date of first issue: 2014/10/21

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Cellulose:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Citric acid monohydrate:

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

## STOT - single exposure

Not classified based on available information.

#### STOT - repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs (Liver, muscle, optic nerve, Eye) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

# **Components:**

Simvastatin:

Target Organs : Liver, muscle, optic nerve, Eye

Assessment : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

#### Repeated dose toxicity

# **Components:**

Simvastatin:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : 5 mg/kg

LOAEL : 30 mg/kg

Application Route : Oral

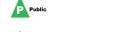
Exposure time : 14 - 104 Weeks

Target Organs : Liver, Testis, Musculo-skeletal system, Eye

Species : Dog LOAEL : 10 mg/kg Application Route : Oral

Exposure time : 14 - 104 Weeks
Target Organs : Liver, Testis, Eye

Species : Rabbit NOAEL : 30 mg/kg



ORGANON

# **Simvastatin Formulation**

 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 2019/09/13

 5.0
 2020/03/23
 24371-00015
 Date of first issue: 2014/10/21

LOAEL : 50 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral

Target Organs : Liver, Kidney

Starch:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : >= 2,000 mg/kg
Application Route : Skin contact
Exposure time : 28 Days

Method : OECD Test Guideline 410

Cellulose:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : >= 9,000 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 90 Days

Citric acid monohydrate:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : 4,000 mg/kg LOAEL : 8,000 mg/kg Application Route : Ingestion Exposure time : 10 Days

Titanium dioxide:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : 24,000 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 28 Days

Species : Rat NOAEL : 10 mg/m3

Application Route : inhalation (dust/mist/fume)

Exposure time : 2 yr

**Aspiration toxicity** 

Not classified based on available information.

**Experience with human exposure** 

**Components:** 

Simvastatin:

Skin contact : Remarks: May produce an allergic reaction.

Ingestion : Target Organs: Liver

Symptoms: upper respiratory tract infection, Headache, Ab-

dominal pain, constipation, Nausea

Target Organs: Musculo-skeletal system

# **Simvastatin Formulation**



Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 2019/09/13 5.0 2020/03/23 24371-00015 Date of first issue: 2014/10/21

#### 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

# **Ecotoxicity**

#### Components:

Simvastatin:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 2.91 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 3.5 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 25

mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 25

mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50: > 30 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Test Type: Respiration inhibition Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

NOEC: 21 mg/l Exposure time: 3 h

Test Type: Respiration inhibition Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Cellulose:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Citric acid monohydrate:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 1,535 mg/l

Exposure time: 24 h

Titanium dioxide:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

# Simvastatin Formulation



Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 2019/09/13 5.0 2020/03/23 24371-00015 Date of first issue: 2014/10/21

Toxicity to algae/aguatic : EC50 (Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom)): > 10,000 mg/l

plants Exposure time: 72 h

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50: > 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Titanium dioxide:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

: EC50 (Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom)): > 10,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50: > 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

## Persistence and degradability

#### **Components:**

Simvastatin:

Biodegradability : Result: rapidly degradable

Stability in water : Hydrolysis: 50 %(3.2 d)

Cellulose:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Citric acid monohydrate:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 97 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

# **Bioaccumulative potential**

# **Components:**

Simvastatin:

Partition coefficient: n-

log Pow: > 4.07

octanol/water

Citric acid monohydrate:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: -1.72

# **Simvastatin Formulation**



Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 2019/09/13 5.0 2020/03/23 24371-00015 Date of first issue: 2014/10/21

Mobility in soil

No data available

Hazardous to the ozone layer

Not applicable

Other adverse effects

No data available

#### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues : Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste han-

dling site for recycling or disposal.

If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

#### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

## International Regulations

#### **UNRTDG**

Not regulated as a dangerous good

**IATA-DGR** 

Not regulated as a dangerous good

**IMDG-Code** 

Not regulated as a dangerous good

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

**National Regulations** 

Refer to section 15 for specific national regulation.

## 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

# **Related Regulations**

#### Fire Service Law

Not applicable to dangerous materials / designated flammables.

## **Chemical Substance Control Law**

Not applicable for Specified Chemical Substance, Monitoring Chemical Substance and Priority Assessment Chemical Substance.

#### **Industrial Safety and Health Law**

#### **Harmful Substances Prohibited from Manufacture**

Not applicable

## Harmful Substances Required Permission for Manufacture

Not applicable



# Simvastatin Formulation



 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 2019/09/13

 5.0
 2020/03/23
 24371-00015
 Date of first issue: 2014/10/21

#### **Substances Prevented From Impairment of Health**

Not applicable

Circular concerning Information on Chemicals having Mutagenicity - Annex 2: Information on Existing Chemicals having Mutagenicity

Not applicable

Circular concerning Information on Chemicals having Mutagenicity - Annex 1: Information on Notified Substances having Mutagenicity

Not applicable

## **Substances Subject to be Notified Names**

Article 57-2 (Enforcement Order Table 9)

Chemical name	Number	Concentration (%)
Titanium(IV) oxide	191	>=0.1 - <1

## **Substances Subject to be Indicated Names**

Not applicable

## Ordinance on Prevention of Hazards Due to Specified Chemical Substances

Not applicable

## Ordinance on Prevention of Lead Poisoning

Not applicable

# Ordinance on Prevention of Tetraalkyl Lead Poisoning

Not applicable

#### **Ordinance on Prevention of Organic Solvent Poisoning**

Not applicable

# **Enforcement Order of the Industrial Safety and Health Law - Attached table 1 (Dangerous Substances)**

Not applicable

#### **Poisonous and Deleterious Substances Control Law**

Not applicable

# Act on Confirmation, etc. of Release Amounts of Specific Chemical Substances in the Environment and Promotion of Improvements to the Management Thereof

Not applicable

#### **High Pressure Gas Safety Act**

Not applicable

## **Explosive Control Law**

Not applicable

## **Vessel Safety Law**

Not regulated as a dangerous good

#### **Aviation Law**

Not regulated as a dangerous good

#### Marine Pollution and Sea Disaster Prevention etc Law

Bulk transportation : Noxious liquid substance(Category Z)

Pack transportation : Not classified as marine pollutant

# **Simvastatin Formulation**



Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 2019/09/13 5.0 2020/03/23 24371-00015 Date of first issue: 2014/10/21

## **Narcotics and Psychotropics Control Act**

Narcotic or Psychotropic Raw Material (Export / Import Permission) Not applicable

Specific Narcotic or Psychotropic Raw Material (Export / Import permission) Not applicable

## Waste Disposal and Public Cleansing Law

Industrial waste

#### The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

AICS : not determined

DSL : not determined

IECSC : not determined

#### **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

#### **Further information**

Sources of key data used to

compile the Safety Data Sheet Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agen-

cy, http://echa.europa.eu/

Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.

Date format : yyyy/mm/dd

## Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

JP OEL JSOH : Japan. The Japan Society for Occupational Health. Recom-

mendation of Occupational Exposure Limits

ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average
JP OEL JSOH / OEL-M : Occupational Exposure Limit-Mean

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR -Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect

# Simvastatin Formulation



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Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.

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